TO

SHRI GULJARILAL NANDA,
UNION MINISTER FOR LABOUR & EMPLOYMENT
&
CHAIRMAN, INDIAN LABOUR CONFERENCE,
B A N G L O R E.

SUBJECT : I TEM NO. 2 OF THE AGENDA OF THE INDIAN LABOUR CONFERENCE REDUCTION OF HOURS OF WORK IN HAZARDOUS - OCCUPATIONS."

DEAR SIR,

ON BEHALF OF MADHYA PRADESH COMMITTEE OF

AITUC AND GWALIOR RAYON SILK MANUFACTURING CD. (GRASIM)

MAJDOOR UNION, NAGDA - BIRLAGRAM (M.P.), WE WOULD LIKE

TO BEKEERE SUBMIT THIS MEMORANDUM TO THE DELEGATES

SESSION OF THE INDIAN LABOUR CONFERENCE FOR INFORMATION

AND NECESSARY ACTION. WE HOPE THAT THE I.L.C. WOULD TAKE

ACTIVE STEPS TO IMPLEMENT IN PRACTICE THE LETTER AND

SPIRIT OF THE ITEM ON THE AGENDA MENTIONED ABOVE.

WE WOULD LIKE TO PUT THE FACT ON RECORD THAT

SINCE THE PUBLICATION OF " THE SURVEY OF CARBON 
DISULPHIDE, HYDROGEN SULPHIDE AND SULPHUR DIOXIDE HAZARDS

IN THE VISCOSE RAYON INDUSTRY IN INDIA" WAS PUBLISHED

IN 1959. OUR AFFILIATE TRADE UNION - GRASIM MAZDOOR

UNION BIRLAGRAM NAGDA, STATE COMMITTEE (M.P.T.U.C.)

AND ALSO OUR NATIONAL TRADE UNION ORGANIZATION AITUC

HASE BEEN DEMANDING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE 
RECOMMENDATION OF THE ABOVE MENTIONED SURVEY REPORT.

IT WS WELL OVER THREE YEARS THAT THE ABOVE
MENTI ONED SURVEY REPORT REMAINED A DEAD LETTER AND THE
WORKERS EMPLOYED IN THE INDUSTRY CONTINUED TO SUFFER

AND FACE HAZARDS THEIR HEALTH AND LIFE ITSELF.

THE SURVEY REPORT AS THE REPORT IS WITH THE LABOUR

MINISTRY. IT WAS SHRI N. S. MANKIKER, CHIEF ADVISOR

FACTORIES WHO IN HIS PREFACE TO THE SURVEY REPORT

STATED CARBON DISULPHIDE, A VERY TOXIC SUBSTANCE,

IS ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL STARTING MATERIAL FOR 
MANUFACTURE OF VISCOSE RAYON. POISONING BY CARBON

SULPHIDE HAS BEEN INCLUDED IN THE LIST OF NOTIFIABLE

DISEASES UNDER SECTION 89 OF THE FACTORIES ACT 1948.

THE SURVEY REPORT IS COMPREHENSIVE MEDICAL -CUM-ENVIRONMENTAL SUUDY AND HAS BROUGHT FORTH ALL THE
MAIN HAZARDS IN THE INDUSTRY AND HAS CORELATED, THERE
WITH MEDICAL FINDINGS.

GWALIOR RAYON SILK MANUFACTURING CO. WAS

CONSPICUOUS IN THE FINDINGS OF THE SAID SURVEY REPORT

BECAUSE OF HIGH PERCENTAGE OF CARBON DISULPHIDE IN THE

FACTORY AND SHOWED HIGHER PERSENTAGE OF THE AFFECTED

PERSONS AS IS SHOWN IN THE FINDINGS.

THOUGH THE REPORT DOES NOT NAME ANY OF THE FACTORY BY NAME, THE WORKERS EMPLOYED IN THE GRASSIM FACTORY AND THEIR UNIONS - AFFILIATED TO AITUC OR INTUC COULD EASILY SPOT OUT FROM THE FINDINGS, THE HAZARDOUS EFFECT ON WORKERS HEALTH AND LIFE OF GRASIM.

TRADE UNIONS OF THE GRASIUM FACTORY AT NAGDA BIRLAGRAM (M.P.) BELONGING TO AITUC OR INTUC DEMANDED WITH ONE VOICE THE FULL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SURVEY REPORT. THE INDIFFERENCE AND INACTIVITY ON THE PART OF THE UNION LABOUR OR STATE LABOUR MINISTRY, INSPITE OF THE CONSTANT COMMUNICATION, AGITATION AND DEMAND WAS REALLY DEPLORABLE. IT WAS AT INSTANCE OF AITUC, AFTER SUCH LONG LAPSE OF TIME, THAT THE SUBJECT IS TAKEN ON THE AGENDA OF INDIAN LABOUR CONFERENCE.

ONE OF THE MAJOR AND MOST IMPORTANT 
RECOMMENDATION OF THE ABOVE MENTIONED SURVEY REPORT IS:

RESTRICTED HOURS OF WORK TO SHORTEN THE EXPOSURE.

AN IDEAL SHOULD BE 5 HOURS IN A DAY AND NOT MORE THAN

21 HOURS AT A TIME (BASED ON THE BRITISH STANDARDS 
FACTORY DEPARTMENT MEMORANDUM 1943 - (RECOMMENDATION

NO. 14).

IN ADDITION TO THIS " AIR - CONDITIONING WITH REFREGERATIVE COOLING IS RECOMMENDED FOR SPINNING SECTION ( NO.9).

THE RECOMMENDATION REGARDING REDUCTION OF
WORKING HOURS IN RAYON SILK INDUSTRY AND IMPLEMENTATION
OF SUCH RECOMMENDATIONS WHICH GO TO IMPROVE ENVIRONMENTAL AS WELL AS WORKING CONDITION INSIDE THE
VISCOSE RAYON FACTORY REMAINED ON PAPER ONLY NOT
ONLY IN GWALIOR RAYONS FACTORY BUT IN ALL OTHER
FACTORIES OF THIS INDUSTRY IN INDIA. THIS CALLOUS AND
UTTER DISREGARD OF THE WORKERS' HEALTH AND LIFE IS
REALLY BEYOND IMAGINATION AND ALMOST VERGED ON
CRUELTY.

WE AMESORRY TO STATE THAT IN A RECENT ARBITRATION ON THE DISPUTE OF DEMANDS SHRI RAMSINGH
BHAI VERMA VICE PRESIDENT OF THE INTUC WAS A PARTY
TO REJECT REDUCTION OF WORKING HOURS TO 5 IN RAYON
SILK INDUSTRY AT NAGDA.

MOREOVER THE INTUC UNION WAS FORCED TO
WITHDRAW SUCH DEMANDS AS :- (I) AIR-CONDITIONING OF
THE SPINNING DEPARTMENT (II) ONE HOUR AND 20 MINUTES
REST PERIOD IN EIGHT HOURS (III) 10 % ALLOWANCE FOR
WORKING IN CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF THE GRASSIUM MILLS.
THE ARBITRATORS - SHRI RAMSINGH BHAI VERMA M.P. INTUC
CHIEF IN M.P. AND SHRI D.P. MANDELIA DID NOT THINK IT

AS IF THIS WAS NOT ENOUGH THE INTUC UNION ACCEPTED TO WORK ON INCREASED WORK LOAD. THE PRODUCTION WAS RAISED FROM 60 TONS PER DAY TO 81 TONS A DAY BUT THE STRENGTH OF THE LABOUR REMAIN, CONSTANT AND IN CERTAIN CASES REDUCED.

THE DEMAND FOR REDUCTION OF WORKING HOURS

TO 5 PER DAY WAS SOUGHT TO BE COMPROMISED BY FICTITIOUS

INCREASE IN WAGES ON THE PLEA OF COMPENSATION FOR 3

HOURS! WAGE PER DAY, AS ADDITIONAL INCREASE BY INTUC

DISREGARDING THE MEDICAL EXPERTS FINDINGS ON THE SURVEY

REPORTAND HAS BEEN WITH DRAWN FOR FIVE YEARS PERIOD BY INTUC.

IN THE RECENT PAST - SAY WITHIN A YEAR THERE WERE 4 DEATHS OF THE WORKERS BECAUSE OF EFFECTS OF THE CARBON DISULPHIDE.

THE DAILY CASES OF ATTACK OF THE CS<sub>2</sub> GAS

WERE AROUND 50-60. However heads of the Department in

The Grasiam Factory were abked to recommend, if a

Worker is in need of treatment or not. This brought

Down the number of Daily Attacks to 35-40 per Day.

This on basis of three shifts whose total complement is

1200 or so apart from general and power plaint 
EMPLOYEES, THE CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO NATURE OF

ATTACK OF THE CS<sub>2</sub> is broadly as under :-

				A 10
1.	GAS EFFECT ON EYES	10 - 12	PER	DAY
2.	GAS REACTION	4 - 5	19	Ħ
3.	CHEST PAIN	2 - 3	88	16
	PAIN IN THE STOMACH	10 12	n	10
	HEAD ACHE	5 - 7	11	rit .
6	GAS INJURIES	6 - 8	11	Ħ
	ACID AND GAS IN EYES	8 - 10	18	H
•	BURNS ETC.			

THERE ARE 4 TO 5 CASES IN A MONTH OR SOME TIMES

MORE EVEN, IN WHICH OXYGEN GAS OR CORAMIN INJECTIONS ARE

ADMINISTERED.

THAT STAND TO SUFFER FROM VARIOUS DISEASES BECAUSE OF
THE VERY NATURE OF THEIR WORK BUT THE CITIZENS OF NAGDA SOCIETY AT LARGE ALSO SUFFERS FROM THE BAD EFFECT OF THE
C.S. 2 GAS IN THE ATMOSPHERE.

EVEN IN LARGE COKING PLANTS THE DAILY QUANTITY

GAS TO BE PURIFIED DOES NOT EXCEED 3.5 MILLION CUBIC

FEET, WHEREAS IN RAYON PLANT WITH A DAILY OUTPUT OF 60

TONS (GWALIOR RAYON'S OUT PUT IS 81 TONS A DAY ) THERE

ARE NO LESS THAN 250 MILLION TONS CUBIC FEET OF GAS IN

DEACT WITH. IN FACTORIES PRODUCING BOTH FILAMENT

RAYON (TRANVACORE RAYONS) AND STAPLE FIBRE THE

QUANTITIES INVOLVED ARE STILL LARGER. WITH AN ESTIMATED

DAILY PRODUCTION OF 20 TONS OF STAPLE FIBRE OR 15 TONS

OF FILAMENT RAYON THE AMOUNT OF WASTE GAS WOULD BE 850

MILLIAN CUBIC FEET.

THE GWALIOR RAYONS OR SIMILAR OTHER FACTORIES
IN INDIA SO FAR FAILED TO INSTAL MODERN EQUIPMENTS TO
PURIFY AND UTILISE TOXIC, POISONOUS GASSES GENERATED
DURING PROCESS OF PRODUCTION AND THAT IMPERILS LIVES
AND HEALTH OF THE WORKERS EMPLOYED IN THIS INDUSTRY.

WE THEREFORE URGE UPON YOU TO TAKE SERIOUSLY
NOTE OF THESE PROBLEMS ALONG WITH THE REDUCTION OF
HOURS OF WORK TO 5 A DAY AS RECOMMENDED BY THE SURVEY
REPORT OF YOUR MINISTRY. THIS SHOULD BE DONE WITH NO
LOSS IN WAGES AT THE SAME TIME.

PASITION OF THE GWALIOR RAYON AND SILK MANUFACTURING
Co. OWNED BY BIRLA BROTHERS.

	1961	1960	1959	1958	
SALES	10.88	9.70	8.36		CRORES
GROSS PROFIT	3.79	3.50	2.51	0.68	
DEPRE.	0.41	0.43	2.04	0.22	
RESERVES	2.20	1.65	-	-	
DIVIDENDS O	R22.5 %	20 %	10 %	-	
* 6%	12.92	53-12	23.67	IN LACS	
PREFERENCE.					

THESE FEW FIGURES ARE ELOQUENT AND REFLECT THE PROSPEROUS FINANCIAL POSITION OF RAYON SILK INDUSTRY. OTHER UNITS IN THE COUNTRY ALSO TELL -SIMILAR STORY OF THEIR FINANCIAL POSITION. THIS CAN BE VERY WELL CONSTRASTED WITH WORKING AND LIVING CONDITIONS AND THE ILL EFFECT ON HEALTH OF THE WORKERS, WORKING IN THE INDUSTRY.

APART FROM HAZARDS TO HEALTH AND LIFE GRASIM WORKERS ARE VERY LOWLY PAID. THE WAGE STRUCTURE IS IRRATIONAL. THE CONSOLIDATED WAGE OF A WORKER IS RS.90/- ONLY ( ACCORDING TO RECENT AWARD) WHILE A OFFICE BOY IN THE TEXTILE MILLS AT NEARBY CENTRES OF RATLAM AND UJJAIN GETS BASIC RS. 36 + 64 D.A. 100 HOWEVER THE GRASIM FACTORY WORK IS SKILLED ONE AND IS ATTENDANT WITH RISK OF HAZARDS TO HEALTH AND LIFE OF THE WORKERS AS SUCH PROPER AND ADEQUATE WAGES IS A IMPERATIVE NECESSITY.

WE, THEREFORE, URGE UPON YOU TO ACT UPON THIS ITEM OF THE AGENDA AND TAKE ACTIVE STEPS TO IMPLEMENT THEM WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY. WE FERVANTLY HOPE THAT THE DELEGATES TO INDIAN LABOUR CONFERENCE. MEETING AT BANGLORE WOULD GIVE THEIR ESTEEMED CONSIDERATION TO THIS ITEM ON AGENDA AND URGE UPON THE UNION MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE SURVEY REPORT IN TOTO.

THANKING YOU IN ANTICIPATION IN THE HOPE THAT THIS ITEM ON AGENDA WOULD RECEIVE DUE CONSIDERATION.

3-10-61

SD.K.SWAMI

YOURS FAITHFULLY

GENERAL SECRETARY Durakar

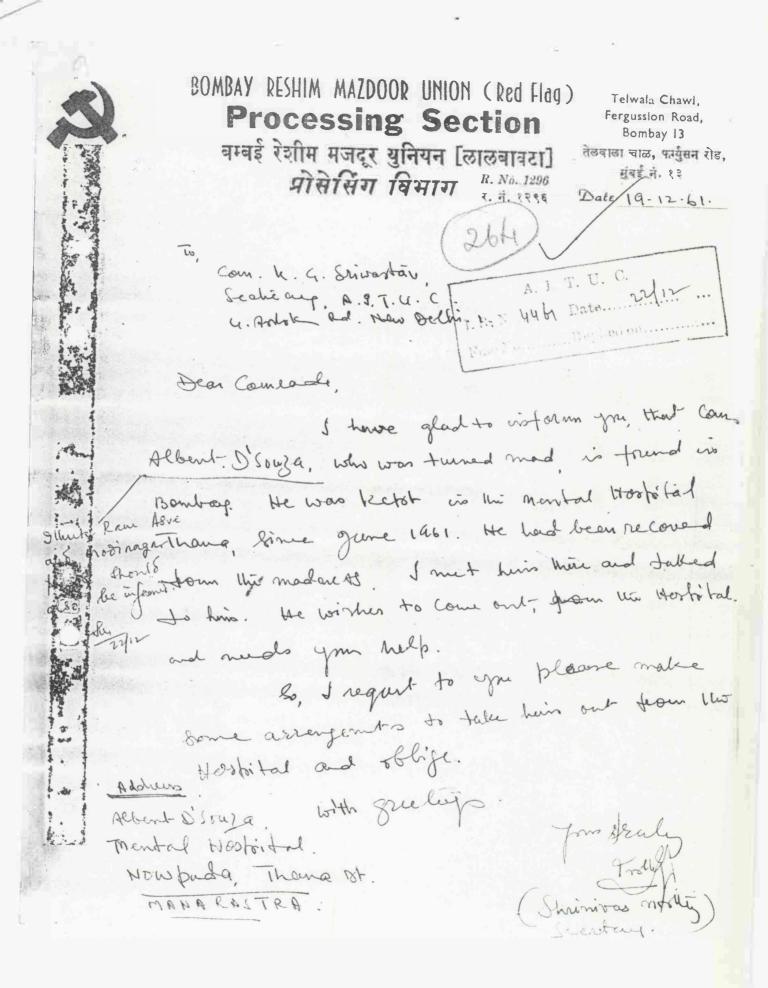
GRASIUM MAJDOOR UNION

SD. DIWAKAR SECRETARY MADHYA PRADESH T.U.C.

TRED FLAG) NAGDA - BIRLA GRAM

PRESIDENT

SD. KANAK SINGH



December 22, 1961

Dear Comrade,

Many thanks for your letter of Dec.19 informing us about Com. Albert D'Souza. We were very much worried about him. We have informed our people at Modinager and other places and will shortly make arrangements for bringing back Com. D'Gouza.

With greetings,

Yours Tratemally,

SEUNDIARY

Com. Shrinivas Murthy, Secretary, Bombay Reshim Mazdoor Union, Telwala Chewl, Fergussion Road, BOMBAY.13

December 22, 1961

Dear Com. - Ram Asrey,

We have received a letter from Com. Shrinivas Murthy, Secretary, Bombay Reahim Mazdoor Union (Red Flag), Processing Section, Telwala Chawl, Fergussion Road, Bombay.13, dated December 19.

In this letter, he informs us that Com. Albert D'Souza of Modinagar who had turned mad was found sometime back in Bombay. He was put in the Thana Mental Hospital.

Our comrades took care of him and now he is all right and wishes to come out.

Will you please inform the Modinagar comrades about this and arrange for bringing Com. Albert D'Souza to Modinagar&

With greetings,

Yours fraternally,

(Sadhan Mukherjee)

Copy to: Com. Anand Agnihotri, Meerut