To The Editorial Committee

Re. B.C. Secyls ret. to Sanjeer J Pita com -- not arranging Mar. Cells meeting with him. The B.C. Secy. Anggisted this to me when I met him in the middle of theil. It that time it was decided that 9 should prepare a note on Mashal -jats task in at regard to campaigns in B'bay-mainly campaign against PJT., and that BI. Seey. ond meet the cell after that note was discussed by the cell. I prepared this note - it was awayed by B.C. Seey. I was taken up in the cell at the end of April. Just then came the PB document no. 16 - I the question toot a different character. There were difficulties of place etc. also. Over two weeks back the B.C. Secy. again wrote about it _ 9" wrote back to him saying raising the problem of Com. SVD the -After his reply - 9 placed it before the Mar. Cell When 9 met them on 26 th. After that the Max. Call wrote to him] the ed. common the also took up the matter with B.C. Sery. These are the facts re. the drift in fixing up the meeting -I am placing these before you for your information. Sanjeer greenings

5/6/50

157.2 Dear Com. Darky, 8 6 150 you mut have received my repay to mi artie of Ediberial Committée commitées. I have sent mis septy through you M. g. unit and and had required them to average This analizy if privible bon this Saturday on Aunday 9 has also requited their to fix a media; Mace Thrings their appointers. I had ngester mulig a Salinty & Suntas became my appointing with Min O.G. country has been previously boxed up to Friday. I am also malig This limentes after Faiting. But 9. have al ys tixed up fulling appointints because I have al. y. land of athen from your on

from pile . Having about estion In dile on tim place of warting. Please therefore let me burn Welton and is your find decision re. representation, on and have you on his well; bixed and have you on his w.g. Cerit arranged for a well; place li If I don't got any reply from you by limitano morning, 9 mill talle it witmaling is not going whe held on This Saling be Sandy & arrange my this programme accordings. 9 an writing this form you. grulins. Stoulary Bc.

to: the Editorial Committee

Dear Comades,

I am very isd to receive your note deted 4.5.0. I have been surfaces to not convades of the inhal cell of the last to conthe. I he recursted Com. Emjery and he Fort Complete a number of ines to a neg such a meeting. But for one reason or another such a meeting could not be arran ed. I, therefore, along this opportunity to meet you and discuss with you the question of Patker and Tambitkar di runtion and our o upsign against it in Mashal.

Commutes of the Wahal cell have also written to go that they want to meet me to discuss the Bane is us. Your committee must decide in consultation with Fort Committee whether they on arrange to meetings-first with your consultate and accord with commitse on Mahal Sell. I an prepared to have both meetings one after the other.

The is, ho ever, one point in your letter dich I want on to reconsider. This is about Com. •V.Deshyenie.^Hs is a momb r of the 32.Hs has already expressed his differences with 80 on Father-BC momber. She also by insto fix up a meeting with in as a BC member in or ar to thrash out his differences. In view of this so far as loss behands is concerned, his differences with 30 on this is us being an instraction of the dashed not be correct for me to discuss the set it has in such a meting, for it hoth r members of our constitues. I have that for the is is a solar of the dashed cell and hence his right to represent them sound be meeting. But at the stime it is also not possible for in to ignore the fact that he is a 30 member and that as such we are goin to deal with his separately. It is clear that this is an anonchous possible for is be to did with the size of the that as such we are goin to deal with his separately. It is clear that this is an anonchous possible for the limit of the size of the second to deal with his size it has a history as background.

Litherefore, in evely hope that you will not insist on Com. Wh's presence in the accting, you propose and place me in an ankmar' cosition. If however you insist on his being present, I will have to consult other BC members and this ill unnecessarily delay the meating.

I trust that you will reconsider this point in the line of but I have stated bove and let me no your final decision reparting representation.

I as sendin this not a through ort lossifies and requestin thes to the necessary arran ements for months with you and ho the loss cell comrades.

The address.

Tecy. BC.

Comy for Unit Sects of letter to BC Secy.

9.6.

. Dear Comrade Vikram,

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The cell se retaries unit in the **Phy** wich in practice is today functioning the **O**H, and leading it has as ed us for all letters that passed between you and us on political **MARKY** and or anisational **cuestions other than tech matters.** They want these in order to acquint themselves with BC-PHQ Committee relations as now the will be directly corresponding with you.

We have decided to send them all your non-tech letters to us. In addition we want to give them our letters to you of which you have the originals while copies are not with us. Please send these to us so that we can you and mend them to the Unit in the INC. We shall return the originals after typing.

If you wish to write anything on this correspondence to the o.g. unit you can send the letter to the Secretary, Cell Secretaries' unit PHQ.

You will understand that our reason for releasing the correspondence to them is because to-day it is they who by a decision of the Committee and the HQ corraces are shouldering the reportibility of running the CR and other journals and it is they who will be directly writing to you. They feel - and we think this to be correct- that without this correspondence they will not be in a position to take up the work properly and to understand the full situation before they not ou to discuss.

> Greetings, Rahim,

Dear Comrade,

We have received your letter of June 5th, to our ecuest for an urgent meeting with you to discuss reporting in Mashal in relation to P& Taffair. The PH Cell Secretaries Unit has fully discussed the letter.

The BC approa h expressed in the reports in Mashal. Not only in the Mashall cell but in TH as a whole there is difference with the BC approach. But it is very vital that we reach some definite uncerstandin on the reportin in Mashal fter a full discussion with you, in this interim period when the cuestion is undecided and differences persist. Hence our decision to send representatives to meet you.

The personnel of the representation was decided by us after a thorough discussion Com. Mehdi as our Unit Secy., Com. Chinan ,a leading editorial commade and a member of the Unit, Coms. Prema and SVD being members of Mashal Cell will be in a position to represent different viewpoints and problems on this subject. Again, when we concretely did us the various problems that have arisen between BC and Mashal cell it would be most helpful to have all views represented so that the discussion can be fruitful. This is the basis of our selection of the team that was to represent us in the meeting with you.

You have raised a technical point that Tom. SVD is a member of the B^C and so he cannot be included in this representation. In your letter you recognize Com. SVD's right to represent the ^PH as a member of the Mashal cell admitting the anomalous position.

In your opinion, it is not correct to take the position that Com. BVD's differences ith the BC are an inner-BC affair in the period of freest inner-Party discussion. We feel that all differences inside any Party Committee are open for discussion and criticism for any Party member. Also all the elected members of the Party Committees - PCMs, CCMs have a right to place their differences before the Party ranks. Then Com. VD's differences with the BC on P&T question no longer remain an inner-BC affair. Again: our topic of discussion is not the difference between Com. avD and BC. The purpose of our discussion/to reach a unified decision after posing all points of view, as to how we should report in Mashal BC campaign on P & T affair, i thou Ampairing the mity of our Party and the unity of the working class. And again, if the CC has before it the T affair, then there are certain organisational implications which we think have to be clarified.

Hence, we request you not to make a point of technical objection to Con. SVD's presence. In the wider interests of the P rty, it is very vital that an understanding is a rived at on this question as soon as possible. This will be greatly facilitated by Con. SVD's presence. His presence should not lead you to any awkward situation. We have make clear why we feel the anxiety and urgency for this meeting with you and why we choose this particular team. We earnestly hope that you will reconsider your earlier decision and meet our representatives. You will also appreci to the urgency of arriving at an early working arrangement in reporting in ashal on this question.

e request you to consider the matter and arrange the time and place for the meeting as early as possible. We expect an early reply,

With greetings,

4.6.1950.

FROM: YHE EDITORIAL COMMETTER.

Tot

The B.C. Secretary.

Dear Conrado.

We wish to have an urgent meeting with you to discuss with you or comrades fixed by you regarding the reports and statements on Father Tambitter and others.

There is considerable confusion in PHQ as we are not fully means of all the facts and so feel that a proper discussion with you, specially in relation to Hashal, should be had at the very carliest.

We have fixed four representatives - Con. Hebdi (Secretary of the PEG Cell-Secretaries' Unit), Courades Press, S. V. Deshponds and Chiman.

We hope you will treat this a urgent and arrange for such a meeting at the earliest.

Greetings.

To: Secretary, PHQ, Cell Secretaries' Unit.

Dear Comrade,

Received your note of 8th instant. After my last letter to you, I consulted other BC members on the question of SVD's presence in your meeting. All of us feel that presence of SVD in such meeting is against all Party forms and twill be neither helpful to better understanding between BC and PHQ Unit, nor will it lead to proper resolution of our differences with SVD on the question of P&T disruption and other matters. While this is our firm opinion, we do not want to make exclusion of SVD as a condition precedent to our meeting with you because we know that our insistance on this point is likely to be seriously maunderstood by you and other comrades of your unit. The fact that you have interpreted my objection as "raising a technical point" is probably an indication of the same. In view of this we are prepared to meet your representatives (including SVD) at such place and time you decide. It is not possible for BC to make arranges for such a meeting of nearly 5-6 comrades, because after the last blow-up all our machinery had been completely disorganised and we are trying with great difficulty to build up at least a minimum apparatus with our scanty resources. At present we are in position to arrange meetings of only 2 or 3 persons at a time and a meeting of 6 comrades is out of question through our set-up.

I had already explained this difficulty to Fort U.G. Unit and had asked them to make arrangements for your meeting through their set-up. So far I have not received their reply. Will you please get into touch with them as early as possible and ask them to make necessary arrangements? Since the need for meeting is so pressing, I am sure your will impress on your UG unit, the urgent necessity of **EXAMPLEMENT** arranging the meeting at an early date. As soon as the meeting place is fixed, please let me know immediately so that we will fix the date taking into consideration **EXAMP** our other programme. It would be better if you could also suggest a date suitable for you along with the reply re. meeting place.

I ama also writing separately to your UG Unit.

On behalf of BC I will attend the meeting and Com. Dhavaji will also be present of it is possible from their other points of view.

There is however one point to which I would like to draw your atgention. I learn that my last note to you has been circulated to all PHQ cells. There is nothing wrong in this. But at the same time, care should have been taken to see that the fact that BCS is meeting PHQ comrades did not become a matter of almost public discussion. Only yesterday I got a note from a responsible comrade of BPTUC fraction in which he asks whether such a meeting is being held and if so why and how this matter is being so widely discussed. We think that it is unsafe and dangerous from Tech. point of view to let such meetings to be discussed in this m fashion. I hope you won't misunderstand me on this point. I brought this point to your attention only in order to enable you to take necessary precautions while arranging the meetings. Warmest greeting.

Secretary, B.C.

T.S. I shall be thankful to you if you could send me a typed copy of this note. It is not possible for me to make a copy here. BCS.

Dear Comrades,

We have received a copy of the letter from BC written to the PHQ Committee. This will give you an idea why there was so much delay in the meeting. We are holding the meeting of the Cell Secretaries' Union on Saturday and we propose that we discuss this problem also in this meeting. Please be very careful with this letter.

SECRETARIAT.

14.6.1950.

16.6.1950.

Copy of the leater.

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Dear Comrade,

I received your and Unit Secretary's letter about fixing meeting...As there was no return tak from my end to you and Fort in the afternoon, I could not immediately write to you about your suggestion.

I frankly feel that only a three hour meeting and that too in a place where Com. X would not be able to come, will not be very useful to achieve the purpose we have in view. Such a brief meeting will not only not remove the misunderstandings and doubts on both sides but also will head to further confusion since in such short time no problem will be properly clinched and no issue will be thrashed out to the satisfaction of either side. In order to have a free and frank exchange of views, I think we would require at least a 12 hour session if not more. Then only, I think that we will be able to make serious effort to reach at least a maximu minimum common understanding as regards immediate problems. It is for this purpose that the presence of Com. X also is necessary in the meeting.

I would therefore request you and the Cell Sect. Unit to postpone this meeting and try to find another place where a longer meeting along with Com. X is possible. I have also asked...to find out a suitable place for such a meeting.And and if we succeed in getting a place an early...may be easily possible. I think both of you should consider this a gestion and let me know whether you agree with it.

I do hope that Fort Unit comrades will agree with this suggestion. If they disagree with this suggestion and only if it is likely to be misunderstood as an attempt to postpone the meeting on my part, then alone I will reconsider my proposal, and I will even agree for a brief meeting as you have suggested. But I frankly feel that such a meeting will serve no useful purpose and I think it is mydaty to tell you beforehand what I feel. Befides this it would have been better if, I had received from Fort comrades the agenda for the meeting, the specific question and that doubts they would like to raise as it would have helped me to come prepared with such material as would be required to dispel their doubts etc. This would in any case be necessary that we can have a businessi-like discussion on concrete issues. It is from this point of view as well as that I think it would be better to postpone the meeting at least by a couple of days... The main thing that is meeded is really full and frank discussion and for this purpose I think a little delay does not matter.

I am sending a copy of this note to Fort Unit along with this note and I hope you will please try to get an early reply from them. I don't know whether they would want to place this note also before all Fort Cells. I cannot help it if they do, but I would only say that it would not be proper from all points of view. Please let me know what you have to say.

21st June, 1950.

Dear Com. Vikram,

I have seen the English translation of Com. Bai Bhore's statement being circulated among the comrades at PHQ. Both Com. Rahim and I most emphatically protest against this step of the B.C. leadership.

I had already discussed this yax question with you and Dhanaji, when I met you both last time. Both Com. Dhanaji and I had objected even to your hinting at the contents or nature of the statement in your article in "Mashal" of May 14th, by using words like "revolting". I had specifically requested you not to circulate the statement among party ranks and to the best of mydrecollection, com. Dhanaji also the agreed with me. You had no argument in support of its circulation.

About four days back, when I heard reports that it was being circulated, I could not believe it in this backgoound. In fact I told com Narendra that it could not be true. I wrote to you about it immediately. But my letter remains unanswered.

I need not repeat here the arguments I placed before you hen against its circulation. All that I wish to state is that a leadership that sinks to using such "weapons" reveals thereby its utter political bankruptcy, teritations. Its inability to conduct any struggle on a poll tical plane leads it to have recourse such unprincipled, makhed anti-party methods - methods which no communist party can use or will use. It is to this level that the B.C. leadership has reduced itself and for this the responsibility is yours and primarily yours.

You have gone to such lengths, which judged by all standards are simply amazing. You have not shown any human considerations for the comrade who made the statement, with great trust in you.

Comrades in PHQ are rightly and violently indignant that the BC should use such utterly degenerate and non-political weapons.

Both Com. Rahim and I empatically protest against kkiaxrapark the circulation of this statement and demandiate be immediately withdrawn from circulation, whether in English or in any other language.

> Greetings, Nissar, Rahim.

22 8/50

Com . Nimar & Rahim,

I hope boly of you will have at least the decency to secolarin tado from me before malling shipid allegations regarist Mrt. leadership. I wint know who has brandated Bri 's distant in English and who is purposible for its circulation among PHQ animates. We are in no way weened with ethin his branstation of Buit station - as its ciambalin any PHA condes. The tards are as follows. It is time that we had make 6 + 9 tipies I Bai & Statement & this were given to responsible tol. Organisms so hind They should know all backs. All the topics were called back within 4 mays. Hood of these have no been returned. A

8 20 2 Por. M. So in his capacity a copy was sul to with lear Amiliais mit it much be relieved after renting. This copy has noyet been returned. This is the but about tirulation of Bris report. I talle full responsibility for this of shall answer for it. before any party- authority. I had informed "that is and I what has also we are doing this and I explained but they we were doing it? So here is no question of beloraging her confidence & brist. She has herself wenten to me after mil 3 letters, me of which is a letter addressed to all puly members. In none I time lettres the has an any way objected to me inmulling

her station of in the being the of This aboue manner. On this containing The tormals was then sons to Acad This Report. She has herself told all faits contained in his seport before a general body neeling of pom + non- pom. sind ARP womens yord. Alerat 10 tays bade I had sent while of all there have betters to Sanjeev + asked him to cor male there among Toon - commenter I do m? Onon even to this day why this letters were not circulated. Was it because in these detters Brin had once again the period the allegaling of her Corture!

a g am not very much bothing) cities about your string protests or moral hyplinics. My conscience is agotal clean on This point. you seem then to Think when one of you (Nissan) read his Statement it was abright. (I am quite sure wint Ratine too would have read it, of I had given it to him in English) Port-deringely, for conscience this monnest a few more partig members tile yn is read this same stillment then in your eyes, it becomes sacrilage, mogal dengeration of white mor. This may shows how cheap d'eary' pamphlets, planderous & shaneders stilling agains' hours bally mulies like

tille Perabben & Sawanth are freely distiluted, tis used & even defended in PHQ, your conscience lalles a very round sleep, but the moment a few more builing mémbers read à feu tacts concerning open enemics of the purly, your considered is subberly housed from it's keep duniber! 9 can cite any rember & fails. Like mire - fails concerned wer the very rafely of his souly - whead are been freely circulated in PHA and yet alt of you has kingert. "I necessary to serie your voice I porolint! Mit shows how very live & alert is your rigilance! Please look into his misorde guildemen terfore you atter more slopid margin or moral severition.

· Did let your faming dense of moral values at least malle You to This much - Malle any inquiry and find out who is really responsible for the contaking of Bri's report in PHQ and who transfaled it into English I g "It is found out - wat I am in any susponible for This, 9 with the an prepared to face low a firing squad. Andif it is bound out 15-1- 9 an not responsible for This, this will you at leasthave the decency to withdead your false changes ? And may I know Why topics of Brai's letters benying allegations of torture are no yet "ir matiled in PHR? quilings vikeran

Return

bracketes phrash are suggestions for cuts before which have

low Hamid ,

14 12 guine 1950

I received june + Fort unit See b letters about fixing making [on Hurstay night] no action dale trong Tend to As there was you I Fort in this after moon, I and not. immediately while to your about your progration.

I brankly bed mit only a three hour mailing and that too in h & Esemi-expiper] place where come thangi will all be able to come, will not be bray useful to achieve the propose we have in view. Such a brief meeting will mot only premove his miscender dividing & doubts on beli sides but also will also lead to further confusion since in meh short live no problem will Ve properly clinched and no sime will be This asked out to the outisfaction of either nite. In order to have a free of traile

at least a 12 hour session if all more shen mly , I traite this alt we will be able to effort to reach it least a minimum common anderstanding as requests immediate problems. It is for this purpose that the presence of com tohanaji also is aboutly necessary in the meeting .

9 would there fore request you to the Fost cell see - anit to postprine this meeting I by to find another place place where a longer meeting along with tim. Dhanaji is possible - I have also asked our Jek und to find out a mitable place of l'here are already one or two places in view) for meh a maling. They have promised to give are a definede reply within 3 days and if [by this week - and may be early provible-9 How the of you should consider this mygerlin & let we know whether you agree with it and I would also request you to be be in reach of a better place in this meanline,

I do hope that Fort and commandes will agree with this suggestion . It landy If they to agree with this neggestion and only if it is likely to be mis understood as an attempt to protipone This meeting out my point, then alme guille will reconsider my proposal interespond of wen agree for a brief meeting is you have mainted. But I trankly beel with mak a meeting will serve no useful propose and I wind it is my only to tell you before hand what I feel. Bendes this & some it would have better if, I had acceived from Fort convertes, the agenda for an mailing, this operations of doubts this would like to raise sgit would have helped me to come prepared with much anativial as would be required to dispel their Doubly ele. This would in any one be necessary, too will we can have a business-like Discussion on concrete istrus. 31 is from tobe this point of view as well. That I think it would be beller to porforme

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I am senting a copy of this whi to Fort with along with his role and I hope you will please big to git an early reply from them. I don't know whether they would want to place This while also possible before all Fost cells. I cannot help it. if they do , but I would may day that it would not be proper from all forili of viewe. Please det me tem whit you have to say .

gueling. Secretary Pre.

Con. Wikrem.

townersh

14.6.50

In view of your letter of this morning, we have decided to postpone the meeting. We thought the major issues of the attitude towards the **Tatker-Tablitker** route and inner-party discussed in the preliminary meeting, certain issues of a reement cleared certain issues of difference also would have emerged.

But since you feel that such a meeting will not serve any purpose but on the contrary would worsen re the situation, adding to the confusion, we will not insist on such a meeting? I am however writing to the o.g. whit comrades to send your their own views on one would be useful.

In any case in view of your objection to such a short meeting, I am as in the o.g. comrades to cancel the meeting for tomorrow. If they still feel that such a three hour meeting would be useful-- as I do -the state of the such a three hour meeting would be useful-- as I do -the state of the such a three hour meeting would be useful-- as I do -the state of the such a difference of the state of t

As far as your request for a long meeting is concerned, it would undoubetdly be much **better if such** a meeting were arrange. But the fact is that we are not in a position technically to a range s ch a meeting. We have no such places where you can stay aver 24 hours as will obviously be necessary if you were to have a twelve hour meeting with them. But if the BC tek apparatus can arrange this, it would really be very good. I think you know about the limited nature of our apparatus to understand our difficulties in this respect.

> Greetings, Renim.

Dear Conrade,

We have just received the circular that you had sent yesterday intimating us about some of the organisational changes brought about by the last 60 meeting. This news came as a relief in so far as the old PB has been dissolved and the GC has been reconstituted and the GS has been recoved from the GG.

We will of course express ourselves on the circular though we know that before we know fuller details regarding these it is not pessible for us to express ourselves fully on them - for instance not before we know why the particular nine comrades have been chos on for the new interim CC is it possible for us to express ourselves on the sarit of this particular decision or the decisions as a whole.

However, there are certain matters which must be clarified immediately as they are intim tely inescapebly and vitally connected with our day-to-day work here.

Although we had not had even a single acknowledgement of receipt or an assurence either from the old GC or the new GC that materials sent from here are being studied, emrefully, we hope that the CC has gone through carefully the various resolutions, minutes of the cell meetings, etc. that we have sent from here for the perusal of the CO.

We do hope you have studied them with due care and also the memorandum that we have sent to the CC.

You must have noticed the deep anxiety which we all feel at the grave origin of the Party. You must have noticed that we consider the failure of the old 00 as the fundamental factor of the origin.

Two at the action of the call of the old call and Des Diade being set 1 activitation ament.

This bankruptoy of the old CC was fally reflected by the CCMs who were in charge of running the PH. This is revealed by the gross and impermissible failure of the comb to lead the PH politically or organisationally during the past period, the reaction of the colle to the Cominform Editorial of 27.1.1950 and the anti-Party arrogance that these COMs are guilty of. He repeatedly demanded to know the names of these COMs so that we could make sure that they are not again given the charge of guiding the PH for you will agree that no **existently name** person could ask the comrades in the PH to repose their faith in anyons of these two comrades.

It is unfortunate, however, that we have not yet been told who these GOMs were. request you to commy the mass of these two COMm immediately to us, particularly because some comrades here feel that one of the two COMe involved is yourself.

Quite sport and besides alone from this clarification which of course is very important, we would also like to make it clear that it is not possible for us to repose political confidence in any member of the old GO until we know his full record for the last two years and are able to study his self-oritical report.

This becomes particularly important in your case in view of the fact that cui a large number of comrades feel that you are one of the most herdened Left-Sectaria members of the GC responsible for a good deal of demage to the Party, particularly in Maharashtra.

To will, therefore, urge on you nost strongly to answer the points reised by us this letter as fully and as early as possible for in our opinion this clarificati alone can serve as the starting point of work in PHO.

You will notice that in our seno to the CC we have stated wite estemorically that particularly in the interim period a Commission must take charge of the Cent Agit-Prop work of the Party. This is the only way in which, in our opinion the Central agit-Prop can fulfil its functions, however partially.

we would like to know your own views on this point as well as that of the Of whole. appy troated to ce

Thanks for your note.

Re. meeting Neela. Yes, I shall - hope to - discuss with her fully and I am sure - as you are - that she will react correctly. When that is going to happen, I don't know. So your suggestion re. my telling her about your inability to reply to her notes, I will not be able - there will also perhaps be no need - to convey to her. Though I shall certainly in general help her see how replies from you to every note alwas may not be possible or prompt.

I am referring the point about Mrs. Sanjeev for information to Hamid. Narendra's draft I have sent with some suggestions. It does not need improvement. But he second to be hoping. Therefore rejected our draft and sent his.

I have not must read what notes R & H exchanged with you re. this free discussion issue. I read your long note, a though hurriedly and we could not discuss it for want of time. I also had had a brief report earlier from Sanjeev about his meeting you and other comrades there.

Not having previously discussed your note in Unni, not having been able to read it carefully, it would be wrong for me to express myself over it, casually and on my own. Hamid most likely will be meeting you soon and then he will discuss it fully.

PNR

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Numeric One point I would wish you to think over. Conditions in Fort and Area are in this matter a little different in one respect, but common in other basic respects. Different in the sense, in Fort they are full-timers and concentrated in one place, have had an enormous lot of regular discussions in the past, have ready access to each other and to documents, are in very close touch with the PHQ Com. There is no disruption, as in your case.

But the common factor is their urge to help correct the line and loyalty to the Party. True when they see the enormity of the mistakes they will shout. It may also be that errors of criticism may be there, subjective criticism also may be made. But that is a passing and necessary stage. Later they will be able to concentrate, uncramped, on the documents.

also

I don't see what will be wrong in this, if it/happens in Area. Basic loyalty to Party is there deep and firm. If disruptors try to do mischief, it can only be combatted on the basis of such discussion where their "politics" will be clear. I don't know what you meant by 'guiding' discussions. PB's printing of Party forum is certainly guidance. Unni will be doing the same as best its cadre can. We are guided in this by Chervenkov's report (Section - Our Tasks No.2 & 3) in Lasting Peace of Feb.17, 1950. "how hurry himself has asked for 'freest discussion'. A for warning against disruptors, ain point is how we guide and what we mean by guiding, the do's and dont's.

I see it is a big question and can't be clarified in and thru notes. Negatively putting I would say we should do nothing that can be interpreted by ranks as cramping criticism of the line or the organisation, of committees or individuals. We should realise that if any blunt and perhaps even subjective criticism is made, the job is not to ask him or her to keep quiet, but help him realise that while nobody prevents him from going for it, this alone does not help to forge a correct line and our main job is that. Above all, criticism must not go out of the Party. We have enough faith in the ranks that enemics not only can't take advantage of this, but that thru this they will be smashed.

As for guidance, it will be good guidance if some leading comrades or units contributed their criticisms sharply and precisely, not as he line for the rest to OK or as the final word in Bombay but just as a part of the discussion forum. You know how the central Party forum unloosened minds and started/ discussion. That I think is all be guidance needed.

I don't know what and how much you know of how discussions are conducted in Fort. What you seem to have written on is Rahim's note to you. (I should be corrected if I am wrong.) But that is not discussion on the PB documents. That was reaction to our wrong notes which had suppressed discussions. If gainst that a burstup takes place, well, it will be just correct, even if it is very 'violent'. Actual discussions on PB documents have NOT yet fully begun. Comrades me just beginning them. I wish you to realise this.

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Dear Com. Vikram, Bathan

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Received your letter of 18th. It is perfectly true that there is a very major difference between your understanding and ours regarding the crisis and disruption in Bombay. It is also true that these differences cannot be thrashed out in chits and correspondence. For that a . meeting with you of Mashal comrades and is very essential, especially because Mashal work is intimately connected with B.C. and unless at in least a minimum common understanding is arrived at it will be extremely difficult - even harmful - for Mashal comrades to produce the paper in a manner in which it will become a weapon of the movement in Bombay.

As regards actually fixing up this meeting, we are trying on our own to find out a place. But we would certainly be glad if you can find out a place through your resources - we have no objection whatsoever to agree to that. But there is one very important factor about which I have to report to you hnd which I think you will have to consider before fixing up the meeting. The factor is - Com. SVD. During the fast few months, we had practically isolated SVD inside the cell itself and also in PHQ. That was because of our wrong understanding about the rights and privileges of Party members, and since we suspected him of being in league with the Patkat-Tambitkar group we refused to believe in his league with the Patkat-Tambitkar group we refused to believe in his bona fides and denied him his rights as a P.M. Now when we are trying to correct our past mistakes, the we have decided to correct our attitude in the case of SVD also. In fact there was nothing much left for us to correct. Immediately after the inner-Party discussions began, comrades in PHQ started freely discussing issues with SVD and he also became vocal. Still inside the cell itself there was a good deal of reservation and the question of campaign against P&T and Bombay matters was not discussed in his presence. So two days back I met SVD and had a long talk with him. I found one thing - that he does not want to go out of Party form if the Party forms are available, and now of course he is of Party form if the Party forms are available, and now of course he is determined to assert his rights. There are many points on which you will agree - but we think those points need to be thrashed out The main thing was of course that regarding the campaign against P&T. And you know our views generally, so we have common points with SVD now. But nothing is clinched, and nothing can be clinched for a long time to come. The only thing we assured SVD is that we have no intention of denying him his rights any more and we also will not base our attitude henceforth on past prejudices. So we asked him to discuss absolutely freely and frankly inside the cell, in the PHQ and with any Party member. He also told us that he is preparing a full memorandum for the P.B. of which a copy will be sent to B.C. SVD told me that he is going to raise a very basic point - that he does not recognise the decision to expel P&T and others as B.C. decisions. His point is that he himself is a duly elected BCM and no B.C. resolution can be considered valid without his consent. We think there is monop force in this argument and the B.C. will have to consider it. For that matter, the B.C. also must immediately consider the question of restoring to him his rights and privileges as a BCM, especially in the matter of inner-Party discussion. The B.C. will have to admit that virtually cutting him off without any proper decision or even a proper charge-sheet is flagrant violation and breach of the organisational principles of the Party.

So the point which I would like you to consider is that xfxxxxxxxxx gour meeting with Mashal cell comrades cannot be arranged without the knowledge of SVD. We may of course decide not to call all members for reasons of safety, but in any cases the problems to be discussed and thrashed out can only be posed by the cell comrades on the basis of prior discussion inside the cell itself. Then alone the representatives of the cell will be in a position to express the opinion of the cell as a whole, or if there are differences, pose them in as such.) So before deciding about the meeting you should please consider the problem of SVD - and if you have no objection to meet him also as a **representati** member of the Mashal cell we would certainly wholeheartedly welcome such a meeting. And even if SVD personally does not attend the meeting, his problem will have to be taken up for discussion and you will have to answer it on behalf of the B.C. So please write what you think in this regard.

This much about the main question of differences of approach and understanding. As regards the question of Mashal - I must in the very beginning make it clear that we have no intention of imposing any censorship on B.C. news or articles even though we may not agree with the B.C.

We fully realise that as regards the problems, B.C. is the Party authority and we have no desire to interfere in its internal affairs. We shall certainly empress our opinion as Party members and as Committee whose work is directly and intimately connected with the B.C. especially in regard to the journals. In fact it is this realisation that prevented Coms. Nagpuri and Rekha from holding back your article last week although they strongly felt that the article would do more harm than good.

of Bombay

As regards the news about the Wadi clash - it is quite likely that Mashal comrades may have expressed that they are confused etc. But I know that the news report which you had O.K.ed was NOT held back because of the confusion. Rekha told me that it could not go for reasons of space. I believe it is being given in the coming issue, and after getting your letter I have again written yesterday asking Mashal comrades to give that report in the coming week. So please rest assured that we will not suppress any news or reports O.K.ed by the BC or articles and statements sent by the BC. These will be given as before even though we may not agree with them. I hope this will make the position clear. So you need not have any apprehensions in this regard. Your directives in this regard will not be disregarded by us or by the Mashal comrades.

As regards Rekha's two letters about the **two** reports about treatment meted out to Bai Bhor for getting the report from her. It is good that you have sent the letter to Neela for investigation. But I was surprised to read that you heard it for the first time through Rekha's letters. Apart from the question as to whether the reports are true or false, I do not know if the o.g. comrades have heard about this matter which is already common knowledge among certain Party circles. I say this because I heard it from SVD also andI canalso imagine that Ushatai must have talked about it to many comrades. The entire P & T group is circulating the report. And since the report has come from Nasik jail - through Baburao Naik who was on parole - people are likely to believe in it even more than stories circulated by P & T themselves.

I would request you to find out if any o.g. comrades had come to know of this and if they did not report it to you. I say this because I feel the BC Sectt. is to a large extent cut off from the reality and the o.g. comp rades are not perhaps sending reports about inconvenient "facts" which do not fit in with the theories on which the BC campaign is based. The very facts that certain remarks which Neela makes to Rekha several days ago are not reported by Neela herself to BC Secy. is an indication of the lack of confidence among BC comrades to speak up their mind freely to each other or to the leadership.

Rekhe told me that even though she herself had been feeling uneasy about several things she did not report them either to the PHQ Com. or the BC. She told me that for several days she had been feeling that the campaign against P & T is Mashal should be stopped and that our own supporters had been asking as to whether BC or Mashal had no time to think of any other vital problems of life of the workers. We know that Rekha's reports dyring the last two months have been one of the major sources of the information received by the BC Sectt. So if Rekha herself is now feeling differently, it will not be wrong to say that other o.g. comrades is area also should reconsider and feview their opinions and check up the 'facts' to find out whether there have been false reports, distortions, etc. And it is only on thebasis of such collective review that the BC will be able to examine its own mistakes and review the whole campaign.

This is all that I wanted to express today - there are many more point which need to be thrashed out, but as you have said that cannot be done through chits and correspondence. But I have placed these things be fore you so as to enable you to discuss with the comrades whom you are meeting this week.

Hope to hear from you at your earliest,

Greetings,

Sanjeev.

Dear Com. Hamid,

COP

I returned yesterday night. I met six key c.g. comrades this time. All of them were unanimous warmax in saying that the bulk of r.m.s in Bomby are reacting in a very healthy manner to the new documents. The working class F.I.s have not yet got Marathi documents but they have been told the gist by organisers and fraction secretaries. The general attitude of all working class P.M.s is strong resentment against and shaking up of faith in Party leadership - the say, we blindly followed the leadership, accepted their word as Gospel truth, suppressed our real feelings and instincts, but hereafter we shall not hesitate to speak the truth, we shall study and correct our mistakes and bring the Party to correct path. This is the main reaction. Along with this there is a great desire to learn and study, the articles in Nave Jag are being maximum collectively read and discussed. On the question of P & T disruption all are united that they must be fought and Party must be saved against factionalists and disruptors. We will take back honest and misguided elements but not the main ringleaders. This is the general reaction There is no anti-Party trend, nor any signs of 'anti-B.C. revolts' or 'storm' about which Rahim had warned me once. Com. Dhanaji had also met a number of comrades, key area cadre, nearly 5-10, and he also reports the same thing.

However during my discussions with o.g. comrades, 1 found that almost all of them were bitterly complaining against the attitude and behaviour of Fort (PH.) comrades. Even responsible and sole, comrades like Ome and Ramarand were saying that the attitude of some Fort comrades and the way they are going about giving ik expression to their anger and dissatisfaction will do nothing but harm to the Farty. In this respect names of Nagpuri, Jeevan, some Kalyali comrades working in Fort at present - even Khardikar- were mentioned. All sorts of stories are being spread about Bai (Bhor) being physically bain tortured by our comrades in jail, and others of similar type. Here is one choice example. It was asserted by Khardikar and a few others that some study circle in Shevdi area was inaugurated by Uday - Choudhary's small boy **\$**: And when area comrades and others told Kh. that this was not true, still he was not prepared to believe it. Intitives This is really the limit. Many such stories - some of very personal and disgusting character, are going round. It is also being freely propagated that Tatkar and Tambitkar were also kaing victims of terror, bureaucracy and factionalism and thein cases must be reviewed and all struggle against them must be stopped. The E.C. comrades are also being egged on to demand explanation from B.C. about the change of Secretary even though none of the B.C. units or members have so far raised this question.

Here is one more instance. Com. Ramarao was saying that in one discussion Com.Jeevan went to the extent of suggesting that at the time of Ambewadi maramari it was our comrades who went there with daggers and knives, etc. an and made use of them. This is exactly the way the Patkar gang is trying to cover their own attack against dur girl comrades. All these things that I heard from c.g. comrades are disturbing. The o.g. comrades feel and I agree with them that all this is objectively helping the disruptors and weakening the hands of honest P.M.s who are conducting a determined struggle against them to save the Party. This is bound to lead to strong anti-Fort reactions among B.C. comrades and I don't know how we can prevent it. I can quite see your difficulty in this respect. But then what is the way out? Are we going to allow things to develop in the same fashion?

This peculiar situation created in Fort pointedly raises the question whether fort committee can keep in touch with FSU, IFTA and PWA units and guide them as was agreed to between us sometime back. I feel and Dhanaji also feels that this arrangement cannot function in the new situation that has been created. Since there is basic difference between our sakes outlook on the question of "free discussion" as well as probably a though I am not quite sure - on the question of P & T disruption, I feel that we will have to reconsider the whole position in the light of this new situation. However I dont want to come to any hasty conclusions in this respect before I discus the matter personally with yeu. Please see if it is possible for you to come here for a night, so that we can discuss all these matters and take proper decisions. Please don't misunderstand - if you think I am on wrong lines a proper discussions will clarify many things. Hence try your best to come at least for a night as soon as it is possible for you to do so. Let me know when you are coming.

Vikram.

107

Com. Hamid,

By yesterday's dak I have received further complaints about Fort comrades abou from Ramrao, Kooper, and Kailash(BSU) and even Dhanaji. If you want I will send extracts from their letters.

I must tell you very frankly that the situation is becoming intolerable. I can understand that Fort Committee has basic differences with us on the question of P & T disruption, but they must write about these differences to ry to let us know about their differences. You wrote about facts but where are those facts? What are your differences? If you are not very anxious to discuss these differences with B.C. it does not matter. You can settle the issue with CC, but till this is done it is amazing that the you should allow Fort comrades to talk and propagate freely against BC and thus weaken our struggle against the disruptors. Whether we are right or wrong in taking up the line we have taken it is the for the CC to decide. The Port Committee cannot put obstacles in our struggle, nor can any individual comrade of Fort go about spreading utterly false and mischievous slanders against BC. I must make it clear to you and other Fort Committee members that even if you think that we are wrong, our struggle against P & T gang will continue with every ounce of our strangth. We shall stop only if the CC asks in us to stop. No amount of slander, perversions, lies, and even blackmailing on the part of individual members of Fort will make us flinch even to smallest extent from this struggle which we are convinced is a struggle to save the Party from a gang of crooks and factionalists.

In this situation I want to ask you once again what your committee is going to do. Is it going to look on helplessly and allow our struggle to assume the form of an open conflict between BC and Fort Committees? I want an immediate answer to this question. I have been raising this issue with you again and again during the last three weeks. After our discussion on "free discussion" you had promised to consider this in Fort Committee and let us know but till today there is not a word from you. The other day I requested you to come here to discuss the matter. I don't know when you are coming. You wrote to me the other day that you are going to write with facts about your differences. But till now there is nothing from you. I know your difficulties and I also appreciate the delicate situation you have to face. But what then what do you want me and BC to do? Every day I am getting complaints from BC comrades about something or the other said or done by Fort comrades. What reply can I give them? How Long can I remain silent? What an I to ask them to do in respect of such Fort comrades? For heaven's sake, try to see my difficulty, at least write frankly, come here so that we can discuss and if there is till some trust and mutual confidence left between us, let us try to see if there can be a way out.

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Greetings,

Vikram.

Bresec,

be want with & CS - note be many pospore to that they and Darley for the many pospore to the they are and Darley for your they finally 67.17. Read L return. 12 6150 Don. Rahim, and ind has a I and your which got int. and two earlier chils - one about feels I the other about PHR the wit t for old conorpulance of en rorry for this seeling - because I have been Gury and vale from you t to you is delayed. I rol you whi of give on 12.15 i.e. Toty about mulij 0.9. computer. I wonder What is this use my moniting to you that to keep mulig a Fundance However I am returning an Turning night + it is better we settle abut weitig some live by the end of week. I am also get in Dhaming for this maling - Hence at lend-3 trys abile in abance is necessary

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from bolys print of riew. I will und tim after my relim. - Afond facets you can of count Marce all facts - including this that may have been left out even now before Fort commentes so hit they can montify their charge of mornin of P.B. Docements aguil Bre. I will the explain to him our pricin when I mut them ! Is Int-0.K.9 gulys. Vikram <...)

14 12 gune 1950

Com. Hamid , I received your + Fost unit See 's letters about fixing meeting on Humantay night. As there was no return dale thom my end to you I Fort in the after more , I wild not immediately while to your about your suggestion . I trankly bed that only a three = posed place where come thangs hall and be able to some, will all be very useful to achieve the purpose we have in view. Such a brief mailing will not only tremave his numeroderating + bouble on bolh sides but also will also head to public confusion since in meh about line no problem will be properly clinched and no since will be Minaster out to mi onlighterin of either nite. In order to have a true of tranke exchange of views, I - mill we would require

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 - by to find another place place where a longer meeting along with low. Whanagi is possible - I have also asked our Jek undt to find out a mitable place of l'here are already one or two places in view) for meh a maling. They have promised to give me a defineli septy within 3 days and if we meeted in getting a place, a muling by this week - and may be easily provible. I bounde born of you should consider this mygestion & let are know whether you agree with it and I would also request you tobe be in reach of a bellow place in 'in meanline.

I do hope this Fort wind commandes will agree with this suggestion . If lacky If they his agree with this negation and only if it is likely to be mis undertood as an attempt to pritpone This meeting on my point, then alme grinte will reconsider my proprial interespect of even agree for a brief meeting you have negested. But I frankly beel nut mak a meeting will sirve no useful propose and I hind it is my duly to tell you before hand what I feel. Berides this & save it would have better, if I had needined from fort connectes, the agenda for this mailing, "in specific questions + doubts , this would like to raise as git would have helped me to come prepared with much matinal as would be required to dispel their Doubly ele. This would in any one be necessary, too mil we can have a buriness-like Discussion on concrete istrus. It is from the this point of view as well that I shink it would be bellen to proforme

"In maling at hand by a comple of tays. I take cottain being him I will also get a Definite repty from our Jek-terit about the meeting Mace. The main this that is needed is really full of fremdle discussion and for this purpose, I think a little delay does not matter.

I am senting a copy of this whi to Fart with along with the sole and I hope you will steme big to get an early reply from them. I don't know whether i'very would would to place This mole also positivia before all Fost cells. I cannot help it. if they do but I would very day that. it would not be proper from all fromili of vicano. Please let we know whit you have to say.

grulings. Secretary Pore.

13/6/50 Com. Sarly I am sending you Bileay's letter & inclosures. These are to be returned, after reading hullis Rahim

12 6/50

Alm Com · Sanjeev, your mole of ghi int & received to vary. Scuting beremilis Neclas whi along with your concering note I am also surving along with this more a whigher of two letters I received form com. bai Bhor only yesterday. Bue is a litera to we of anothing is a stuli must ment for Machal. There is third report sent by Boi about her & interview will her mothing. Itrigualizhight I have all here able to make a wojny of this same to far. 9 will try to send it by
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7+2 June Dear Com. Withram ; -9 and returning Neela's letter - 9 am sorry 9 could with pend it yesterday because 9 was out. It is difficult for my to express on this matter. But Dograce obside 9 believe that it is correct to get Beis statement j circulate it among P.M.S. Greatings Sanjeer

and alt alter Relation \$15150. 157.22 אי קדבונטו לצמובוו אומראו मार्ड्या 43,6 रियोर्ट भारताति आहे. यो रहना परल भारत भोटला त्यावको भी लिला लिका मंगावाला विचारक के व त्यांत कार्रका राजायांच रहेथा भाषात देखाले महत्व प्रदेश नहीं न प्रतानामें पहालेन' माल्यानडून स्टेक्ने द खेलाक गर्द आता וה נה הצור ו הדומובות והאר לה האותו ואהי בוושותנה אד אוא אוא אבנה חוצו החת sit when it is an incident survey find मुटेभाउमा का आग हाल. सेट्रे ने भेगा प्रताल -हानया में जेला हाल. सेट्रांटमा ने टेपामा भवन गही परंतु देन्सकों निनारले तर त्यात त्यांका जाय आहे जाते। त्यांका पटत काही करो तिने सांग्रातिले माउथानाई गतेने पत्र बाही परंतु गरीही भावन नार ते का states यथा जाजनीत राजानीय दुख्या यगनाइन रेप्रांभ नयरक र्यादे गिनेवा जाही हे रेप में परेण संस्त उत्तर आहे त्यां नरोवर जुन्या कारणांग्या भगवाने भागान्या समिति जाय प्रत होता हे से स्प्रमुप माइस गरा तर में प्रत titis not weat itigit at spid ni ग्राहका सार्वकार हियाही रेका आहे. सार्वासत तिमानी में हार आगात कार गिरोट आगाने ה אולידה והנהי מוצי יוצה היווייו לעוב nprach

भारत माँ भारत के रेरवाचे जाय कोरते राहते ते לה או אבה אוניינותה תו סבאתב. कामेड्रा मरावयास आहे. तेन्हा संगाना STATE THE EINE को आतमार्थ पारनार गायिका וולופון נסכעדיון קארכיותו מוצי אולין ואנואטאין with the star in the start with the start of the THE I MATTE TO THE RUTE MUT COMEN-ואברשתי אצואר בי שותאה אודורמו אולותראומות भागभी भारतिभाग आवा आहती। हे सांगतिले न हहीं संग्रीतले मां बाई आतापनत त्यां ज्या गरांत हाता तेवा ग्रीजी जातीन्त्रिया पाइन मन्त्रांग, २९ आत्न. वारणा प्रती ज्यानेकी धाउँ वाडगी यांका मारक कर्तन होगे व त्यांग्या अटवार्ट्यांगर्द वा भारत राम्युलर मार्च हात ते नामून जार त्यांका हानुका "Bat" 'iBi" Marcan Theat Brook der the והנסו אוויווה לי אול אין אובור ולהוסי ובושור कि रहते होते के ट्यांग्या मेन्द्र बर्घाटाणां मुझे 18 गहा होता में ट्यांग्या मेन्द्र बरेघाटाणां मुझे संबाद्यही आहे। तेहरा जोट वियार मेर व गुरेग न त्यांमां होरामाज माथ आहे। यहमा लिमाइ הז כעומה זהו אלי מכירה מושרישה מו אלי אלי ה אורבה או בדייות סוצו אצו היותה הדוריות हे सर्व- श्री के करोता काही आर्ग वार के त्यांगुके त्यान्त्रेम गिला जोट विचार करण्यारा मानांगत. Lui ก่อม ster และคม กกละคนเคราง หรายเช n'ast statement antes iteri utter articleur Basar incor interRet Bit revent will यानर नाईने त्याना उत्तर गरेले गाहा गव्हो

या सर्व मुद्धी अत्यंत । येडा-या व टयांगी זה אוצעי איז אוצרא הישראר אורטור-אולאבול שרושו אוז אור מצני אואשו ביצו आहे की पार्टी में मारेगद्द होइन्हें महरी मुझब्रत הצובנו או היושר אלי הוצובי ה הצובוראו העוצו आहे आणि तुरही पार्टी के संग्रहाई अन्द्रत तुराज्य गांधाय रेक राजार्थ जाती के हे साब साहित त्यानेकी भाग भी सार्थ्य राज परंतु मां लियून म्बेही पाठावेलों मां हा प्रका दम्ब राउग्तियप्रभ म्हर्म जासाचा ज त्यासाठी माद्रावर्न सेन प्रचारणी भरत करानां न भाइते मुद्दे व गान डायाव C.P.S.W.B नगरनाट त्यानगर्भा का स्ताप् खुवम कार्द्तन का त्या स्तान् जानान्या राजानात्वन * 2 (astimized) Estimation Editor Big estimation STR mice united & antipice Ein a winner ורואד צמוצו מרגנאו אזה הציציאאל אוצוא airt creation chian the train of stages नोंही केंद्रिकी की क सिर्वाई मांडाकी स्थानर भूकिका वियोग गुनेच्याचन काहिन्द. आ जाकरण माडो त מווצה ביוישו ידמוהותו גותברגד גוויזות ने प्राप्तक पार्टनि हे अव्ययमन्त्र वा या באוראו אות גיא אוזרון וקנטר נצוופע רוו אציונטו חבודבו או ביוושמושון נסט גוביוינים מובור געוואל सर्वाता भगर चाउ आही न आहत्य नार्वत रहत हा क्याय दोतल के भी ररवाट्या है आंगीको गां या नंतर त्यांची मोड आत्म होत होती ज मार्ड्ने स्वांगाविंग महन पार्टिहरू

माढा त्यामुद्धे चांड नाढाको न त्यां तो मांचामात्वे मानगच्य माराम हानुको त्मना च जार ही सी. आद: डो नाडे हाईका मांद्रभाग साररवा गोला तर भागा आगही एतला मारा-यार्गिताय सोडणार जाहां- त्या जलर राज्य गतित्वया हमा मुखे गतन्यारा वाल्या राक्षीत व गत्मी सेवा मरोत, त्यां बहुत त्यांचा द्रसाराही दिला भरेषु राजन्राज ते रावय जल्त आरण वाद्वे राजरा हितिहा जोसी से में होते माडी सी मान फेला न म्हणून ताला गोए हो, नये कारण mmaning 4,25-11 3raydize Etri orseased MEST BRITE BITEFOI VESTIT OPERA (APTO marin . top lot intraiter watch होता क त्या मुल्होंग चोंड येठान त्या सारख्यान तित्वा द्यात्वेतून देण्याचा भागणा שלוח ברבעה. פר עיצוש עולו אחומקרתו यांज आहर्का तरिहि कार्ड्या त्यांच नतीन बर्वले बक्ती. बार्ड्ब योगोतल भेला पार्टीन भावयान आहे, मी टिंडा करीन. केंद्राम उन्ह (स्था पूर्वीन गिने सर्व किंटून आहे दिये कों स्वाइ हिंद मेंद्र आहराता करते कों स्वाइ हिर आउँ के आत्था आहेग क आहराता हो किंद्रवा जाही कियारते त्यानेकी mittel trast inorst ai JA yo Zonisaing

און אויזגע אוו אזחא איר אויזוידע נו מיצו trar pre antitisered reminis and al गोए मांगटन मारे मारे सा सा गारी सा אוז איז אוזר אוזר אור אור און או ואקאראה אריך באתנאר שיד אווינסו आग्ही रिकेहत मेन्द्रावित को बाद्र आ बाबतात आता करा गरेताक वागावे त्यावकी गतिलाई सांगातक में मेर ही आंगत्वी गीए करीता . गतर यहे जो गो रेगा स्माने भागों न al zil of Morars -21 facts your = inior พันเรียวกับ การ์ เกิด ภายสา พ่อไ गा की सामतित्या अधारत भी काहर Asturin- in statement yz zara Tash The max gretter up 1900 the caronal an in sol sal statement बाइस हरकार भी सांगीत की नाह ब भारते भग होते हे ही भी गुभहारका मांगाताले. भी (यावावार्ग रेखारंग म्हटले या स्टेट्मेंट मंड्यें काह मंडारात्मणां था अटकार्डी אראשנאו בותו מ אדתר תו גואשאר בינטר אונה fuilt apit more you elses anter and a statement rife 20125 14 18 24178 21 2121501 वां मार्बेप्यामा स्थित केला व गरार्म वरी आ

अस्ति ने अगिनारानी तसारी मेरायाना जरावेले ज ही यात्रा चाटेर असला जात שובריויהה אד וקיונה אדמות אוייו צהצ אניי אודניאור מד אציווה צור אודני אושו באל स्वित्त (स्वायुवा का मी न्यतां का राउ। The TOTAL TO CENTER TO THE TOTAL month the certain for the for אוזה איז איז מוזגנט איז אוציעושו נוחו आर्ता रवरो द्वरी म जाहां भरत त्यांचा अरांतीय होता व ता मुख्या स्वरूपात दर्भात दर्भात אותוה ביניהר מודעו אותה אוצואות אותוה ביניהר באו עודה שהרי אותו מ אותוה ביניהר עודבי והיצועו מ 5314co at wanter nizcor 423 not आगही आहेता ने भा आवल मा रूप्यम को तहे (uiran परेस त्या गेतर आरेडीवात मंबंद्य जातरे न वार्ड्या त्या अस्त भोकोग-עודה מואל המואוביו מי כאו התג מאושה מקומאו ्या तेने गरेगीय आगती यावाँया भारामारी संत त्यांत जारतेही आग चतर्ग होता. परेंदु אוד ב אויזורות איד איזאגר איד אוראורוג איז אורואנא HOLY TOM ELEVITIENT EXTENSION THE אוקדיו בו אולוטי בוא. הורוסד ער אות 11 101-11 1242125 9,20 (211- Statement און אמובר גודגיצוריור אבונה אבודי

aza facts mounder incents in the ages were The raine a fine sie in an internet pirar incorrent in not mite a figh Interit statement refor 412 hear הוצוי אוניו המשימוהאה צוואי שוניאא 3113 TRIN 211 Statement at statist - JOT anthousing There and a substant ZUTAT 1061 MENT A VISENT MICHENTE AND. याचा जावा माईफर्ज राहतास्तरणी रहेले हेन जाता जावरद्र स्तों जे जाते असार करता जिलते। אמת שונצורה גוש אהוצואים אות איד יהושר אוגרוי אצא אירו אווא אוליעור אוליעור אולייווי त्रके बोकत केल लखार जरानसामा हो पूर्वांची पडेत होता. आहा जेक महर्दत गाहों पणा गटदावार्ग महाता परणा हमात्र दिगाल कर्म गराह क्ये करण्याचार मयता होते आहे. गों देखार्था राजन्माम जन्मा ही सामातिली आगचार उरावादी मिने जान्त्ता आहे- तरीही जोगाजमा तरी ओर सीमा अतिरायणा संबंध जोड़ ते सरकार बालारतमाल, रिवानापि प्रतिने खेतले हा गोर्ग्नेजन काठकर स्ट्याने रवरी स्वरोज दारवा आ क्रांबर अन्याय आहे. मार्टिया कामगात तिता राहामार्थ महत कर्यात तो भारत युव्दीय्या मार्थिक स्टिम्स्टिय परेल וחשו חדב ברישורחבר שראל אדור אברח

स्वतः जहां गतना अत्यत भोड सेतः अन्द TIRUT MENTER STORE ANTE BANK ised ואלגוראיד הו בו או אוצר גודאולה The styles water aranitympt at wat -ही पार्टीमा उत्ति या जात्माने आपहो बचातले न ।ते आगित्रा भार्ते भार्ते भारती भारती भरम्यासाही योग्य तो रववर दारी जेप्यांभ भयत्वर केला. मत्वा योड येत अभावाही रोड के गरित्यावरोंबर बारहत नामात असे न त्या महत्व कांग्रेडरू रज्य जोलता त्या के किंदीका वेका भरताही बारेल भर्शकों आपण Conciliatory attitude as gradal antiz परंत का . भी . ये पत्र आहमा नेतर आताने आसा 10-20133 6 37 100. 18 40 ET VIZ 10 ביניותוה הדוור הז אוצע אבה אודה भराती असे भागी भटना बाहते. में वाडे म יואר לראר אראשי הקארה אראשיר והאר निष्टान देखात रहे साली, अर्थ नारत. भवन्ये पर भाषत्वी सोत करेताचे लागते तेष. त्यांत्व वियुक् आहे की जार पारीपा कार्यक्र गार्डातेस न त्यांतर आग चेतटक गर उसके म gailing, in an mani oran up when more Inter year with a araid of any out

राजानीय उनती भागी भरत परप्याचा भरता איסו ... זהו ב אוואשוניהונו א מו אואוריש גווא דוניותו אין איני איני איני איני איני אוייוות andar sirie common in day apte אוזיצעוציר הויצה עדעו אנסו. הד ולאד तुत्राको भाषेत्र मेहा या जाला मेरे भारत की जार्या statement nego man strail arts יראות אביות אוטו יצואלווציריו הב Statement with selfant recon भारतविके आहेत व त्यारगाकी मारेह त्या sitget in sigily statement all many अभरत माहत भाहत. या स्टारी भारती अद्य ערואה אור אוצנאר אירהדועיו אוארו मन रिवाययास्त सांगाने त्यायप्रभाग गोमाल אוזא געקשה או שושוח ציקנטואו אוזומומו व हे राज पाराजामाराहांगा मवाने. भरिणा आज भग्रेक गाएँ शालों को वाहीने मार्वर リアリ ノシディショー リアリア ハンド くていえ このと भारता तन्हेंने रहेया यहार आहे मरी अरो ोटमार्ग स्वर्ध प्रतिस्थेती समजेहः אנטר אוא אשה או שווק ורוצעור אוגנטו ה אודעמר אבת סורצי, צר והעוצר סווצה ניסרין שווה מודני, צר והעוצר סווצה ניסרין שווה מודני, אוצ או - וגו או ד ता भारत आहे तो विनाशन. क

24 start Attics whit 93 of KI-Faire בואור אורה או אאוראג יאוצו אלין צוראר Rure Star Apriliar. MROF NEOF 31090 mi 412 (d) Man - ALGURANT उत्साहाने तथोंड सम मामुझा ने आपने रागत न प्रेर्ग को मिळालाने या गांग + हकामान सारगतिका हाताः भरेतु त्या राज माफी गरेरार्थ्याचा रामन गाह. गराहा या जानत सामिरतर मागरना भगिहाना हमी असल्यास हुन्हा मान्यला אקוושא זה יושיה לפור חדר אודה ליצור הו אפוואל אנסד אווצה אוב עצה נסואוסד עצוקטו गामिके मिल मान सो सो रे के राग माही י שודני ארצו אוו אראייו בדרבו אול האו र्ध वावित तरहों के पत्र भावनिते अयोव्य To near that stand "This E HAT MI अदात आहेत- लिहित आहे में जत्थावायत いっこ イマンリえ おいろ とし シリスクアタ うらんし ろのち ज जार तम्हाउह या हमामतीवर्तन रवरोजरोह RECIAITE NEWRICH STRIPT RIGHT AND नारेन अस्तेक गर (या का कार्ग लग्हा जरार) ्तार्थ । नेभारा में स्वतिः गिलार उसकी taina . yainsa aucoursai אחודו ער מושמורה צוגואוער געעו אוע סור און דינעואוסי

11.6-6-40

प्रदेग मार्ग्य कोंग संक्रेट्स

to.

कुन्चे ता. २६ चे पन ता. पता मिकाते: मजकुर आफाता. आपण

की सी. तर्फ मोहों जाभनंदन केल्माचे वाचुन करे तरी वाटले करना मी अखाप तो केथास प्रान्त झाले नहीं माली रक्ती कारेरी बारेर मेल्प्रावर आहे. कारण ते बाइम्रावर जनेक जनेग करतीत. त्या स्वतिन तोंड दिन मी जेवा स्ववीर--पणाने वार्थन, माझा बोल्भेथीक वाणा दाखवीन तेवाच स्वरी माझ्योत पात्रता थेरि, की की कडून आजिंदन करून देखाची असे प्रार्थ मन आहे.

माला त्यांनी जो जनार चालविठा आहे त्याचे उत्तर भी रात्रीच लिंदून मुझीलाजवळ हिते आहे. त्याच्या दुवीं आएअनुआ मी सांग्रितले आहे की पार्टीदेई सर्व माझा निभोर्ट ग्रीहून पाछविता आहे.

उम्हि आमन्ध्याकारेला १६-१७-१८ नंबर-मी जें. मराही जाहवनार आहात हे वाचुन आनंद आता. त्यापुर्वी मता इने नुम्होताने रुग्रजी राजे वाचून बामनिती आहेत. कलफत्ता वॉ. जा रिवेल्मा रिपोर्ट पण वान्यका हे सर्व जापून माझीपार्थ--वस्ती अया जासाय वादली. कारण पारपर कंपून्या म्हान्त्रोत व आपत्या जुकाल केल्या तरी फरक आहे. कॉग्रीनफांप्रेच्या छेरवान न का फुरणाउपा बंजूजा म्राज्यांत कित्ते ज्योक भाषातामा पाक आहे. आंध्र को म्याण्यांत व विक्शा थीलांत पुरुषकर्य आश्र आहे. पण पारकर् केर्ण्या म्याफान्जा कोहेज अर्थ लागत नाही. माना तोच मुळी को हे पुर्णको भाइवत्याराच्या मागुन जाणोर आज त्यांचे हुइरे बनले आहेग को माझी प्रणी रनमारी आहे आहे. आज पार्टीने लाखा--ामेमध्द राता सुक केया आहे ते ओण्य केरे असे मासे मामकी क मत आहे का लामांत मिश्री जिन्दी पार्शित मात लगेल लितनी मी करन्यास केवृा पण त्यार्ग्सी. गाझा लग कार कहीण आहे जाते बहेर मेन्यावर जासा बडीक होणार आहे. कारण हे हत्यकर लोक मार्झावर अमेद उपाय करतीति चेक भागत्वा जायता अरिण्याचा मोरता प्रमल कालीक त्याच्यापेरुभ जर कार्माणिक कम्नुनिरर मृणून रकतापयले आसेत तर पहिछा मारता मार्क्सवाद त्येनितमाद् तास्त आत्मसात केता पाहिते त्याप कोकर सध्ये पार्टिका सर्व वा उपयाचा व पणकावचा जोरात अन्यास होता भाहिते तरप्री त्यांचे सर्व डाव उध्यकुव त्यु बादेख नाहीं तर् नाहीं तावु राष्ट्रवार प्री मार्था परिणा केड्याला सारेन लेवन जांगते की माध्रे जाकमवाद तेकितवार आह. कार्ष्टीय उत्तम्याचे न आपला झनारीका पुता-मार्च तरेताएं मांची कलोकीने अभ्याह-अति. माझी 14 वर्षे मुफट मेली कार्या भरपाई कहान . रीका आगिरेका हे शस्त्र माह्या राभप्रवृत्तीभिरत्य लारता नाभरत सरा बोट्गोभिद वाणा अंगी वाणीत्व न मार्श्व पार्थिताई भी परत मिछवीने तीनभट्रिकांत कामकाम नायते ते संगमे - रातिएस आक्रमा हिंदुस्थान मार्शनी राज नम्भे भिवने हिंदी पुराक, बाजकीय उराव, टाव्येम व भू इर्माका, जरमहमीना भन्न हे प्रसाद मुत्री लोनी आम्राठा राजापुन रहे। भेगमेगत तर्मक्रा, भरेगाद 3115 नामत. बाई भोर टाजमतात.

मान्यान माइयावर,न भाज पाटवर तोखिरकर केंद्र व लोचे साविधार पार्थभी व रियरणां माइया कोंब्रेड्सबर्स्ड जोशन स्वोशनारी प्रचार करान आहे. हा झ्यार स्टाप स्वोश करन आहे हे मता स्वो कोंब्रेड्सवा व कुंबईच्या कामगाराना प्रका एकवा सामावनाने काहे. भाज हे अस्त स्वोशनाहा प्रचार का कारतान? कारण मी (अस्या गात काहे. भाज हे अस्त स्वोशनाहा प्रचार का कारतान? कारण मी (अस्या गात के वर्षे होने. त्यांच्या गरवात्रीत अवेदवेवा भाग पण चेतरा होता पण आवेडी हे रागावाज पहिन्या व कामगार का कारतान? कारण मी (अस्या गात के वर्षे होने. त्यांच्या गरवात्रीत अवेदवेवा भाग पण चेतरा होता पण आवेडी हे रागावाज पहिन्या व कामगार वर्गी ज विश्वास्थान करतन प्रवादि हे गतम हकते त्यांवेकी मां प्रार्शेच्या अंडयार कार्या विश्वास्थान करतन प्रवादि हे गतम हकते त्यांवेकी मां प्रार्शेच्या अंडयार वार्या संवर्धायणे उम्री राहत यांच्या स्वान्ध कार्या स्वतःच्या- पारवाजी संवर्धायणे उम्री राहत यांच्या स्वानि कार्या स्वतःच्या- पारवाज संवर्धायिक्या हिन्दा साम्यान्धा स्वानि कार्या स्वतःच्या- पारवाज संवर्धायिक्या हिन्दा यांच्या स्वानि कार्या स्वतःच्या- पारवाज भावतानि कार्या हिन्दा हार्या क्रान्यांच्या प्रानि कार्या स्वतःच्या- पारवाज प्रवत्तीन केंद्य तिवा साम्यान्धा कार्या स्वानि कार्या स्वतःच्या तो पार्या परिता आत्यानिक्या हिन्दा हां अध्यान कार्या स्वानि कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या परिता आत्यानिक्या हिन्दा कार्या कार्या स्वानि कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या परिता आत्यानिक्या हा कार्याक्य कार्या कार्या कार्या के रिपोर्ट करि वार्या किंता रावाय कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या परिता कार्यान्य कार्या कार कार्या कार्या

वारेर येणार आहेत मूणून खांनी हा जुन्मर नारावित और. मी बडमा परनी मुरमथन स्वरुगोने बद केसी कारण ज्या स्विभी मता समझोर्ड की माइना दारनी सब मान माझी रोन्ही मुरो देमाकाज़े जा जावना राण्डम आहेत नेपालपुन मा गर्सा पुरा की बद केसी सेनी. तेना कर्जुन जाने माहम परच्या अडलोग पिडीवैजास तुरवान केथी असावी जने मता वारते. कारण आजपून माइया आईरडा प्रत्या कामामुदे तेक मिठम नसे. पण ती न वाई झा फुट पाडका मा जानेक कावेक्यास इजर राष्ट्र स्वराडी है में ता 20 मेरा विचारते तेना तोने केस आहमेक कावेक्यास इजर राष्ट्र स्वराडी है में ता 20 मेरा विचारते तेना तोने केस आहमेक कावेक्यास इजर राष्ट्र स्वराही है में ता 20 मेरा विचारते तेना तोने के महा आपनेक कावेक्यास इजर राष्ट्र स्वराही है में ता 20 मेरा विचारते तेना तोने के महा आहमेक कावेक्यास हजर नाष्ट्र कावा की की स्वान प्रजा कि महा

हे आज मांगतात की कॅर्लन्यांभने जे सर्गगतरे तेच आतो आजे पालून नगत होता पग हे साफ रतीर आहे. यांनी पार्टि प्रयोग केपान मांउटे नवते तर उतर नांगत होने की जाज कोजलाई पण तरा करणानी परिषय में नाही. मुंपरेंग केपले नाहीं आयेक आरंध ताही. उत्तर कॉर्गनच्छाने परिषय में नाही मुंपरेंग केपले नाहीं आयेक आरंध ताही. उत्तर कॉर्गनच्छाने परिषय में नाही तरे के मांगर माही, नरेका हार्ही बडया आंडनतहारां च्यानि रुद्ध तीं हुख्यानां त आपत्मा पार्टिया न काफ्रामणे नेत्रियारवात्वी येयोरा जनतेचा नाण्ड्रव्याची संयुक्त मीची उसाना आणे अनुपूर्ण नेत्रियारवात्वी येयोरा जनतेचा नाण्ड्रव्याची संयुक्त मीची उसाना आणे अनुपूर्ण पार्टार्थ्याती विभाग होताच स्थातंत्र्यातेना उभाइन संघाद उताना आणे अनुपूर्ण पार्टार्स्थाती विभाग होताच स्थातंत्र्यातेना उभाइन संघाद उताना आणे अनुपूर्ण पार्टार्स्थाती विभाग होताच स्थातंत्र्यातेना उभाइन संघात कोणताच ठा नको और मांगता होताच स्थातंत्र्यातेना उभाइन संघात कोणताच ठा तको आहे. म्हणून जाज धोन्म कॉर्गनचालिक संयाने कीत्रारेज वरियाम्बुरेत् पहोत्त्या जाहे होत्ते पण त्यान्यावेस्ट्रां पार्व्यरक्षहता कोणताच ठा

भूतुन हे असे पार्शच्या ग्वेस्ट्र लोगानारा प्रचार कर,न आमानिक कामगतर न्यों व ब्रॉग्रेड्सची दिशायुर्ड करोत आहेत. इतकेच नाहीतर योच्या माखाजोत्या राजकारणापायून ने आभाणेक फॉमेडस उर होतात व बांच्या मत्वाडीच्या व दमाबाजीच्या विरुधि उरथा-आ ानेधारानें पारी च्या बोंडवारवाही रवंबीरपणें उमें राहून रहततात त्या कॉमेडलना असला प्रचार करनेन उद्धमकोत करने परत आपट्या आएक मोडिनावाँ हा उाव आहे. याता कोनी पण फरतू नेषे अज्ञी मी राष कॉमेअन का न मुमईच्या कामगारांना बनाते करीत आहे हा प्रसंध्या जनसरामा केया पण प्रभणार नाहीं उतर आज भी आता निधार कुलेन आहे का दता दगा जाताच्या विरुद्ध पारीच्या अंडयात्माही व क्रामणा केर्गा ने त्रामणाडी ततने लडत राहान.

पार्वलोबाई जोकर भोर.

- जार छतान मुले, माझी नातः मार्च मालिमाबरोबर आई, रुदु लागकी, अंजनी मुद्दे लागति तुर्भा अंगवर राज आही बाथ? नाहीं. जागहें १४० मेंड वनन आहे मार्श मी हे लोगेताहे. नंतर आईने जोत्रण्यास युरवान केली- मी मुता कोभ-यात चारठाव्यको अपर जाएन मारण्यासारी नहीं दिने पारीमा - जर माज्या मुद्धारा भोकी तार्त्ताला आहे गर मी आनंदानें पहिला हार चाहीन. वण जर कोणा लिक्ष वोध-मात-म्बाहून मारहे कर खांचा युड पण चेईन. कारण मी आई आहे माजाजरी कोत्मको चेत करते क्रांधन के रोजर नहेन व सर्वान मेरि त्या अव्योग सोता की मास्भा मुछोता जुरुभंत पार्गिमा मुछोनी छड्नन मारते. पण हे हे जामबद्धकोय मता तंत्र कोनी उर्थ आरोह गारी कींवा ककरें पण गाई दे हे भाम मुणादेन हेन्द्रवह नाहीं, असे ही बि-आरोर तेया तीने रांगण्यास युरवान देली की वार्राक्त जेता घून वर्तनी भाषला बावकीला भेरकास उसे आहे होते मा त्यांकी डानेवा साधीतते की बाई मोरता फारन उनके तीना भंगलह पत्नी रायते मती, दत्र, दुनी रायती तिका लामा मारल्मा. तिला परिवारि बार्व हेवली कोरे व भरत हिले जिल्ला दबाव आणून लेक्शाजमबून सर्व माहिती छिट्रन नेगर्छा असे पत्र डार्गन्ति (ता पारवर्त आहे. त्यांना हे सर्व कों- जन्द्रणाउरानी संग्रीतरे. त्यांका (यह्या वायक्रीना) हे सर्व कांग्रीतरो लागती जापत्था वाय्योत्म का भरता दो "कू र्रपराज्य हथा योकोम कामी " नंतर जो मेला खांग्रेनले की "आई हे सर्व रनीर आहे. मारा कोधने मारते नाहीं माआ भोनी छब केला नाहीं जर तसे तुला नात असेछ ता मा इतकी जाउ सिमलो आसते काम? जर के मुणतेस तसी माओ परिस्थिती हाम आली असती ? मारेग आहे? मी वेडी आहे असी हा केल आहे. पादितन एरबाखा बाईत्या कोनी खखले तर ती रोजारीणबाईकी जाजा भारतन केव कार्य नेवन र्यदेश . पण लोना विन्तास वसेना . म्हण्डन मता सेंडमान्ती तामय रआवी जागती ते पत्न तीन्ता त्याच्या वर विश्वास बस्तवा . न्त्रार तीने मता विन्तरती , नग मी व आदा संजवेता . क्या अंगलाने जाको आवेतों त्या पुरते तेली मेता केला जाह नाम जात्या होता मोंने पारवरी हीते को का माला के बंगर मा के मा के का कि मा कि के कि मेखता आसता तुमी सारखो भेट पंत्याना भे अभल दीत सेतात ? अन्याय? की खुवारन केवर करिया के जो आती? तुम्हाता का के का जाता? र रेगून 'अनेत' हणते मार्का 'अवन्ति करात पुत्रात के के कर उत्याका मधुन और लगता कहत ता रंभ ता में जे के प्रभाग सेता सारावर लोगी के क उन्ने होते. पण हुमारे बारि आता कहोत हुगुन ता २६ छा तुना भेरायान भारते होते. मज उस-भा मगह-भाग बादा उत्ताइसिंग आछा होता (भागेकी ताते अंगोतले नुवर पारकाची जाहितो इकको लापको को बाही अकोवन्द्र गामा-धर्मां आरते होते की एकते एकडम जिंदाकी मारती व बहाबत जाती पढ़े (भवती मेराय आर्थ तिराज माना द्वा प्राय कार्यों मुद्दार आता होता तो उन्हें दिने भारत त्विडला आहे. मुद्दार रगरे हाम य स्मेरे हाम हे महन्यान आहा शंता. करें 3 जीवा आता जूनी जातेर - की बार्यान करने तेरा युद्ध के मिलावले सामेखा मेण्यादा. आते जेरेना मेख मोर्जन को की में भी मिलारोडे की मुणाडी मुमाबत कर के आवंत्यून में त्रियन जाते होते उसरे कारण मना कार्राया गणा भोटायभाष होते. कारण की किंता किंत्रा होते हे स्वी प्रथानी आता केयात्र भेथतां नाही नंगर गोने भें भुकतर्भा आपम कर कार्यता ह मार्गाली लोगे कुर्गाता मिलारेड को जाय जाउते आहे केल्यार्थ प्रमार आहे अर्थ तेलर उगर केला के आर्था कर मुख्यान का मंद्र केटने आहे मही बाही क वदन नाही जाश्वा मुत्रों नी भाषिती. तर मिन्या जिनाहा कोंगी क्षीजाल आहे. तर भी तार स्ट्रेअवाल सर्व सार्थन, वर्त आर्गासकों, नाम भी तिना भागति वृत्य की अगरिते करी का के देखें रमायात बगरितेल के का कि मादा का गात कर गारिशा मुगर-आपित जगत आवी पर जरत नहीं. या राष्ट्र लान्या बुढन्या पर भाषणभाषा आयुं करोल नातिर परत के भेटबंद भरोन करोने किता क्लासरे - आई के जालब गण्मा मद्यांनी पुरार्शण अलिहर जाही ! मी लाजा राभा समाज जेले होते. ५० बाथा आत्या शत्या एवयाच मिटोन इननिहानी के जन्मन नमस्त पा आहे नारा नतर ताने आत्यातारी कार्य आत्रे के ते के पान भारतेचे : मू पेणार गाहीस? नाहर , जीमपान आदमे- रोन्स मुते (भारता बाही पर्वार्थ्या गिर्माष्ट्र महित तेप्रमेत परने की कोटी स्वानार माही दोणार वाहि स्थानक की अग्र भूणाता भग्रा तार उहानकुई तिरावी बाहू काम ? पण सामुरेश माताला माआ कार लोक आहे- मा मा का कार करों नगे मा आक्या कार्कन

कार कोई नाही. नेकर कोरेन साम्येतर की क्रोन्सनी को करहीन क्रांस नाहीत - क्राफ्रमणेव नागरीक मुद्दन पामली तर पुरुष आबी ह काम ? ते-- जालेत . मा दु माली भेट को बंद केती भे? की युक्त (भारभा भारों के भारत केंद्र गाईन अर्म बारते आद? प्रसा काम अस्वधाने आहे से क्राणार आग कोरा ते करोत में का उन्हें हुआ मार काम नोरा ते को आगाता भोतीन जार्शवर बसावेनार नाहीं- भूम करात स्वाह भारते रंगरवर-कार्यकर--पण काम्राह्म महुक लेगा, कार भो- अंत्रकति मे-आर्रित होते भाष्यत्या उनेका जुदा-मार्च काम राजकारण - गाइते आहे? (and a? " मह har yours? के तर सो. जाय. डी. सारखी के कहा कि आहेम मार भार किया गेर तायुन प्रारोधे मेरे रागा बारते? नेत के मात हराही बाहर तर स्व एक आहेत. जायेक समेत सर्व एका विकानी जमतात. आपण भरतात मार्थक पत्राता उत्राउा ? उर्व मधीय मुको कोही- अत्रे तीवा सांगीतार्ड कार्या-मार्थी समें आभगार परन रहे होतोरे की सांग्रीतकी भी तो आभार मेंग्रि पंगीन जेले का काट्याअं ना आतं पार्टी में जाम नाही हे का भा तिषडागा हेव.

तुभी सुनीलास लोगोले तेते जरुणी मुझंगा विद्यापन मार्ट्स भोरी उभगोग ते भक्तें कर पाद्या पण मार्ड वार्ट्स संदर्भा पाद्य नाहों-वारण भोरे उभगे मार्झा गिर्मार की सावदी दर्सन जीनआसांग देगार ते मांग पण किवेछ जारण महांग्रे एका प्रमांग गिरी ते होते. १६ वर्ण वेवर पापाणा किवेछ जारण महांग्रे एका प्रमांग गिरी ते होते. १६ वर्ण वेवर पापाणा प्रान्भार्था मुख्यान की लाग गिरी ते होते. १६ वर्ण वेवर पापाणा प्रान्भार्था मुख्यान की लाग मार्गा ते होते होते जान जुड्न की नार्टी प्रान्भार्था मिल्का स्वाह ते यहा ते ते की की किवारणविर लोगो जिन्द्र की आपरेशा कर्मन गरिसान मिल्का स्वाह ते यहा ते ते की की किवारणविर लोगो त्यान्यावर जाय को की तो ते कहा नार्टी ते यहा किवा मार्ग्स प्राण्यावर लोगो त्यान्यावर का तो पति लिह तरे की का नार्टी ते पार्टी की की किवारणविर लोगो हो की उपान्द्र का तो पति लिह तरे की का नार्टी ते की की मार्ग्स प्राण्यान तनार ही सिक्ती काते तो पति लिह तरे की का कार्टी ते की की का मार्ग्स मार्ग्यान तनार ही सिक्ती काते जाने की मुनासत संदर्भा वार्त्स हेवानी जाते कार्डी कार्टी होन्द्री कार्ये Letter from the PHQ Committee to Comrades in the PHQ

November 30,1949

ON THE PARTY JOURNALS

The Party Centre has given instructions regarding restarting the English and Hindi weeklies. Since P.A. is banned in a number of Provinces, both the new weeklies will be brought out from the Mashal press. The English weekly will be the <u>CROSS ROADS</u>, which will be run exactly like the <u>P.A.</u> The entire political and organisational responsibility of running the paper will be taken over by the Party. This responsibility will be carried out by the PHQ Committee under the general guidance and direction of the CCM-in-charge. The editorial responsibility will be entrusted to the editorial committees formed by the PHQ Committee.

We have not received a PB resolution regarding the character of the papers, etc. This note is not, and cannot be, a substitute for a PB resolution. But it is intended to give some idea regarding the scope and function of the journals, the very vital question of protection of their legality, etc. It is on the basis of this note that the journals have to be conducted till we get a PB resolution giving clear-cut guidance and directives. This note is based on certain criticisms and instructions received from the Centre and from the PBM-in-charge from time to time during the last few months.

This note should be clearly understood and discussed by all units and cells working under the PHQ Committee and especially, the editorial commades of all languages and it should be consciously applied in writing for and editing the journals.

The PB has given general directions regarding the scope of the journals, especially the English weekly. The weekly must be run as a ∞ -ordinator of Party life and activity. It must carry on ideological propaganda for unifying the Party through reports of Party activities, of campaigns and struggles, and policy directives. Realising its significance as a co-ordinator and unifier of Party life and activity has become all the more an urgent necessity in the conditions of complete illegality in Bengal and Madras Provinces and of virtual illegality where the Party has not yet been formally banned by the fascist bourgeois-landlord regime.

It must be mentioned here that this significance and role of the legal journals in the period of sharpening class struggle is not understood and often under-estimated. Because of this incorrect understanding, comrades working on the editorial staff of the journals, as also in the I.B. and the press, managerial and circulation sections very often fail to realise the importance and revolutionary significance of their own work, which leads to frustration, diffidence and occasionally even to a totally anti-Party attitude towards these legal journals, expressed in loose criticism and evem contemptuous remarks about them. The all-round perspective of an all-India revolutionary movement is missed, the valuable contribution that the journals could make is missed, and a tendency to belittle the work of journals, their importance, starts developing. This happens especially in comrades not directly participating in the writing and editorial work, who start thinking of their own work as something only remotely connected with the revolutionary movement. The petty-bourgeois arrogance and conceit of the editorial comrades, who consider their own work as superior and of a higher type, also often helps to develop and strengthen this tendency in comrades doing other than editorial work. These wrong notions and misconceptions can be fought and rooted out only if the significance of all work, as being a part of the whole and subordinate to it, is consciously understood. It is in this light that all work connected with the legal journals and agit-prop work in general, has to be viewed.

In the present

In the present conditions of virtual illegality to be able to run legal journals and the legal press is itself a tremendous asset and if these facilities are properly utilised, the legal journals and the legal press can be of immense service to the revolutionary movement.

The legal journals, run strictly within legal limitations, can still give factual reports about the developing struggles of the workers and other sections of the toiling masses, carry to the masses the inspiring news and reports of these struggles fought despite brutal repression, reports entirely suppressed or distorted by the kept press of the bourgeoisie and place before the people the facts about the daily deepening economic crisis and the capitalist conspiracy to pass on its burden to the toiling masses. The The legal journals, through their columns, can feature the inspiring stories of the heroic struggles and the revolutionary determination and death-defying abandon with which millions of our toiling people are resisting the capitalist offensive and the brutal terror and torture inflicted by the police and the hired goondas of the ruling classes. To give these news reports and articles exposing and unmasking the face of the fascist-bourgeois rulers, exposing and unmasking the disruptive and treacherous role of the Social Democratic leaders, parading under various names and garbs, rousing and inspiring the common people to unite and fight for freedom, peace and Socialism, under the banner of the working class and its Party, would be the main role and function of our legal journals.

At the same time, it must be continuously kept in mind that not all stories of heroism, of struggle, exposure reports about the terroristic repression of the bourgeois Government can appear in our legal press; the legal press of the Party has to work under definite limitations so as to safeguard the legality of the paper for the longest possible period and it would be the height of irresponsibility to imagine that each and every piece of news of struggle can be put into our legal press with impunity. The Party will certainly struggle to see that its full message, news of each and every inspiring story of heroic resistance, news of the fascist terroristic repression of the Government reaches the masses. This, however, cannot be done by putting everything, heedless of the legality of the journal, into the legal press. On the contrary, this can only be done by the skilful use of both legal and illegal journals. Hence it is the duty of every single editorial commade to see this clearly and in particular see that news and reports, slogans of action that can only come in our illegal journals, leaflets etc. do not creep into our legal press and endanger its existence. (This point is dealt with in greater detail later)

So also these legal journals can render a great service by putting across the very rich and inspiring material we get about the advance of democratic forces all over the world under the leadership of the great Soviet Union, the Bolshevik Party and the great Stalin. Popularising the great achievements and victories of the Soviet Union, the countries of People's Democracy, of new China, and the heroic struggles of the toiling masses in capitalist countries, and ruthlessly exposing the Anglo-American warmongers and their agents is also one of the important political tasks of the legal journals.

These tasks have to be achieved with a clear perspective regarding the role and functions, as well as limitations of the legal journals. By giving factual reports about the rising struggles of the toiling masses, about their heroic actions and fighting unity, about their mounting opposition, hatred and anger against the bourgeois Congress leadership, about the instantaneous and spontaneous response of the toiling masses to the fighting call of the Party, the journals would be able to continuously imbue the entire Party ranks, sympathisers and militants with confidence in the revolutionary struggle and in its victory, confidence and faith in the revolutionary policy of the Party which is leading these struggles. In this manner, the journals would be able to rally all sections of the toiling masses behind the working class and its Party, rouse and inspire them to greater and greater effort and to heroic actions, enable them to learn from and assimilate the experiences of other

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centres and

centres and provinces and of the toiling masses of other countries, and thus act as the living link between all Party units. Obviously, under conditions of virtual illegality, this has enormous significance.

In working to attain these objectives, skilful and proper use has to be made of the material which we get in the form of news and reports of campaigne and struggles in our various provincial papers, through Party reports, and even by reading between the lines of the scrappy and distorted reports that the bourgeois press is compelled to give because of the tremendous force and tempo of the revolutionary movement. In regard to international developments, there is of course no dearth of material from authentic sources. As enormous amount of very rich and valuable material is being received through the Soviet Monitor, NCNA bulletins and in the authoritative organs of the international Communist movement such as the For a Lasting Peace, For a People's Democracy and the New Times, etc. The editorial comrades have to study and learn to use this valuable material in an effective manner. They have also to make a . conscious effort to use the various forms of writing, to make the papers better and brighter, and to assimilate their collective experience for becoming revolutionary Communist journalists and to constantly improve the quality of the journals as propaganda organs of the revolutionary movement. Constant vigilance, serious study of the Political Thesis of the 2nd Party Congress and the Tactical Line and the important P.B. documents, carefully following the national and international developments and analysing them, serious study of Mirxist-Leminist theory and of important Party journals of various countries, and are the very essential pre-reducities for the frideward pment as comminest journalists and for developing our journals as Communist journals.

While making this effort to fulfil the important task of running the legal journals, all comrades and especially the editorial comrades, must not fail to recognise their own limitations as well as the limitations of the journals. Apart from the serious limitations imposed by conditions of illegal functioning of the Party and its leadership, there are also various difficulties in the way of Party leadership in giving day to day guidance and attention to the work of the agitational journals. As is known and clearly seen from the various important PB documents circulated during the past few months, the Party Centre and the PB today are engaged in the very vital and important task of conducting the inner-Party struggle against reformism on an all-India plane and of bolshevising the Pirty in order that it can effectively struggle to establish its ideological and organisational leadership of the working class and the toiling masses, as the revolutionary vanguard and highest form of class organisation of the working class. The changeover from reformism to revolutionary policy and organisation has meant very great responsibilities and work for the Party leadership and has made very heavy demands on their time and energy. The Party Centre, PB and C.C. are today carrying out the supreme task of giving ideological and organisational lead to the entire Party and its provincial committees, and of guiding the provincial committees to wage a ruthless struggle against the deadweight of reformism, which has penetrated very deep down in all aspects of Party organisation during the period of Joshi's leadership. It is because of this ruthless struggle carried on under the direct leadership and guidance of the Party Centre and the PB that the Party is emerging everywhere as the truly revolutionary vanguard of the working masses and is successfully defeating the capitalist attacks on the Party, and is leading the masses into revolutionary actions with ever-increasing heroism, intensity and sweep. This work of revolutionising the masses by giving the correct and timely lead and of bolshovising the Party by conducting a ruthless struggle against all manifestations of Joshite reformism maturally entails very heavy work and it may not always be possible for the Party leadership to devote that amount of time and energy as to give day to day guidance to the editorial team and to write for the agitational journals on all key issues and current developments. Because of this, there will mecessarily be a certain lag and gaps in the paper; certain weaknesses will remain in the writings of the editorial comrades, and mistakes will also be there. The weaknesses and immaturity of the editorial comrades will inevitably be reflected in the journals. Many important issues and problems may be delayed, or not handled at all, or may be handled defectively.

This marning about the likely lag in and weaknesses of the legal journals is necessary because comrades have failed to understand these limitations in the past while criticising the PA and its editions in the months of January-February of this year and the Mashal and other journals during the recent months. Comrades have gone on expressing their dissatisfaction in a very infantile, non-Party manner and this has occasionally even been exploited by cortain disruptive elements for creating disaffection against higher committees and against the Party leadership. The root of this tendency of indulging in loose, infantile 'criticism' has to be traced in the wrong and faulty understanding of Party organisation and the role and work of the Party leadership. Certain comrades become completely blind to the fact that our Party is not carrying out the task merely of agitation and propaganda, but is estively leading the masses in revolutionary struggles and great revolutionary actions all over the country. It is also many times for gotten that the Party Centre and the PB and the CC are leading this revolutionary movement and are carrying out the task of Party building on an all-India plane. The task of running the agitational journals and the work of comrades connected with them is only a part of this whole and subordinate to it. It is the failure to see this reality as a whole that leads to doubts and dissatisfaction, expressed in loose and faulty criticism, about the bg in and weakness of our journals, as also the lag in and weakness of Party units and committees in matters of organisation and other tasks.

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Thus, it is to be clearly understood and realised that certain lag and weaknesses are inevitable under the present conditions and they have to be taken into account while understanding the work and significance of the agitational journals and the work that each comrade is doing in running the legal journals and other agit-prop activities to the best of our ability and to make the maximum use of the legal facilities available to us. It is this understanding of our work as part of a single whole that gives us courage and confidence to do our best in carrying out whatever tasks are entrusted to us and to continuously strive to put in the best effort and to improve our own work and the work of the entire-agit-prop machinery in a collective, truly Bolshewik mannar.

In running the journals as also the press, special attention has to be paid to the question of legality. It is quite clear that the time has not yet come when a legal journal cannot be run fruitfully. Its immense value in co-ordinating Party activity, its unifying role through reports and policy directives has not yet come to an end.

In this connection, it is necessary to review briefly the period preceding the railway strike, when certain very serious mistakes were committed in running the PA which ultimately resulted in a prolonged ban on the papers and also a temporary ban on the press.

In the months of January-February 1949 especially, the PA threw all caution to the winds and the most reckless stuff was written on Hyderabad, a fiery editorial on the R.I.N. Revolt anniversary, Railway Strike Situation, and many other events, disregarfling all the rules and instructions to observe legality, that had been worked out by the Party Centre in the months of July-August-September 1948. Very sharp criticism was made especially when the <u>Lokyug</u> was banned and clear directives were given to study the question of guarding the legality of the Party organs.

These warnings were re-emphasized by the General Secretary in his report to the PB on "Strategy and Tactics" when he warned:

"In the first phase of Government repression, Bombay comrades working in the central office of the Party displayed a right reformist deviation on the question of protecting the legal existence of the paper and the press. The way in which the Communists in Rihar recklessly sacrificed the daily organ of the Party is a most shemeful tale. The above shows quite clearly how petty-bourgeois revolutionism in reality serves only the bourgeoisie."

But all these clear authoritative warnings were ignored.

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Hyderabad material was released, with full stories of rapes, murders, etc. All this was material that can never go in a legal journal. It is a non-class understanding of the capitalist state or a failure to distinguish between the spheres of legal and illegal publications that puts impossible demands on legal press, hastening its suppression. Under the present conditions of acute classstruggle our legal journals will obviously not be in a position to report, much less to comment on many events. This limitation of the legal journals has clearly to be understood in order to have a correct grasp on the work of writing for and editing a legal Party journal. It is also to be borne in mind that if uneven development of capitalism has any meaning, a journal edited from Bombay will not automatically earn the right to write freely and without reservations about the glorious happenings in Hyderabad or Bengal unless the right is earned. It is also clear that under present circumstances, the Government does not leunch prosecutions; the paper or the press is arbitrarily closed.

To understand what is meant by the fight for legality of the press, one must turn to the History of the CPSU(B). Let us quote two paras from p.186, 1949 Moscow edition:

"Pravda helped to organise the mass actions of the proletariat. At the time of a big lock-out in St.Potersburg in the spring of 1914, when it was inexpedient to declare a mass strike, <u>Pravda</u> called upon the workers to recort to other forms of struggle, such as mass meetings in the factories and demonstrations in the streets. This could not be stated openly in the newspaper. But the call was understood by class-conscious workers when they read an article by Lemin bearing the modest title 'Forms of Working Class Movement' and stating that at the given moment strikes should yield place to a higher form of the working class movement - which meant a call to organise meetings and demonstrations.

"In this way the illegal revolutionary activities of the Bolsheviks were combined with the legal forms of agitation and organisation of the masses of the workers through <u>Pravda</u>.

This is totally different from what was done in the PA for two-three months preceding the railway strike. What was done was attempting to put into the legal press material which could be printed only illegally. Whether on the question of the railway strike or Hyderabad or Calcutta events, there was no attempt to protect legality, to leave some things to the understanding of the readers.

Not only that. Even when the PA was banned, the Carrent affairs, People's Herald, etc. were brought out exactly as before. It led to an attack on the press as well. That the case was decided in our favour in the High Court, was mere chance, only on the basis of a technical flaw. Even now, the Government is trying to get that decision reversed, and even if it did not succeed in the Court, it will pounce on is for the least breach and then even the High Court may not discuss a technical flaw.

What political attitude does this endangering the legality of the paper and the press reveal? Apart from the fact that it totally under-estimates the importance of a legal journal as a co-ordinator of Party life and activity, all the more necessary because of conditions of illegality, it shows a failure to understand the ideological tasks facing the Party today - the task of unifying the Party on the basis of education of Marxism-Leninism - a task which is hundred times facilitated when we have a legal press.

The same failure was later on revealed in the <u>Cross Roads</u>, where some of our Party members were working and especially Mashal, even though the latter was fully controlled and manned by Party comrades. The phrases used in the English weekly, the reportings done about rapes, etc., constituted almost an open invitation to suppression. 'Even that article which ultimately brought the ban was not seen as something that could be picked up by the Government as an excuse for attack on the paper.

In the daily and

In the daily and weekly Mashal, this reckless and petty-bourgeois revolutionist attitude was reflected far more sharply and in its crassest form. In the issues of the weekly before the daily came and then in the daily hardly any consideration was paid to legality. It was almost entirely forgotten that the bourgeois government is still in power and that it is armed with draconian laws like the Public Security Measures Act, etc. Very often reports that could be given only in illegal papers were put across in a flaming manner, as if the bourgeois Government with its Home Department did not exist! In the first week of August, for example, stories of police a trocities - beating, murder, rape, etc. - in Andhra were put in the most reckless manner, which was nothing short of an open invitation to suppression. In fact, this material, taken from Congress and Socialist papers of Andhra, in itself could have been very effectively and skilfully used for a devastating exposure of the Fascist terror. But the editorial comrades hot only did not give any thought to the way in which this material could be used in a legal paper; they went much further by giving it as "our own correspondent's report", and not gave the most provocative headlines. An eneny agent inside the press could/have done better.

Later also in the dailies and the weeklies, the editorial comrades, instead of learning from their mistakes, repeatedly indulged in such reckless and criminal negligence towards legality. Repeated 'contradictions' from the Government, frequent reports of Government plans to attack <u>Mashal</u>, even the defamation cases filed against the Gujerati daily and the Saurashtra ban, failed to shake up the comrades and they repeatedly endangered the legality of the paper, which ultimately has brought the Government's attack in the form of forfeiture of securities of the dailies and a new security from the press.

Utter neglect towards protecting the legality of our journals has thus almost become a part and parcel of our comrades' functioning. And it is this that has to be very seriously understood and borne in mind while running the new English and Hindi weeklies that are already working. It is in this background that our comrades working for the journals have to relearn and assimilate the main lesson in the example of <u>Pravda</u> from the History of the CPSU(B), that is, learn to put across our policy and agitation within the limits of legality, to protect and use the legal press by skilfully putting across Party policy and slogans within the limits imposed by bourgeois restrictions on Press. Not to develop this skill in running legal press which is to be maintained as vehicle of our political propaganda and Marxist-Leninist education at all costs, and not to bear in mind the scope, functions and limitations of the legal press as different from the illegal chamels, would amount to nothing short of reformist sabotage of our legal press, right reformism masquerading in the garb of wordy revolutionism.

In protecting the legality of the journals and the Press, it must be remembered that apart from the open repressive machinery of the State, the class enemy will also mt fail to use the bourgeois law of defamation to launch cases against the journals for 'defaming' the capitalists, landlords and their agents. Earlier, the official Party organs and recently the dailies, especially the Gujerati paper, have most recklessly put across stuff that clearly amounts to defamation under the bourgeois law. Cases are still pending against the PA and Lokyug and one or wo cases have recently been filed against the Gujerati daily. These cases are clear proofs of the most criminal negligence on the part of the editorial comrades whose actions can be branded as mothing else them doing the work of enemy agents inside the Party. All the editorial comrades have to take a vary serious warning from these brave lapses and develop revolutionary vigilance and effective systems of mutual on-the-spot- check-up. For this, it is very mecessary to study and understand all the provisions of all laws, press laws, as also the Penal Code with the help of which the enemy attacks our journals and the Press.

It must be consciously understood that very skilful use needs to be made of the diminishing legal facilities by demarcating very clearly between the spheres of legal and illegal publications. With adequate precautions and vigilance, it would not be difficult to use the legal journals to co-ordinate and unify Party activity through reports and exposition of Party policy on various problems and issues. The legal paper will not be in a position to report every event that takes place in the country and to comment on it. It will be necessary to make a careful scrutiny of the news.... scrutiny of the news given, the way it is given, the allegations made therein and the explicit suggestions made thereby. But despite the limitations imposed by considerations of protecting legality, the journals can discharge an important role during the period of daily sharpening class struggle.

We must not allow ourselves to be overwhelmed by considerations of legality and swing to the other extreme of emasculating the paper and robbing it of its very essence. We will be thereby defeating the very object of its existence, which will be as criminal as inviting its suppression by our recklessness. Cur task is to devise legal forms for conveying what we want to convey. In the name of guarding legality, we must not sacrifice the very object of the paper.

The following brief quotation from the History of the CPSU(B) will indicate how to combine illegal activity of the Party with legal forms of agitation:

"A legally published newspaper could not call openly for the overthrow of tsardom. It had to resort to hints, which, however, the class-conscious workers understood very well and which they explained to the masses. When, for example, <u>Pravda</u> wrote of the 'full uncurtailed demands of the year five', the workers understood that this meant the revolutionary slogans of the Bolsheviks, manely the overthrow of tsardom, a democratic republic, the confiscation of landed estates and an 8 hour day."

-CPSU(B), page 185-186,1949, Moscow Ed.

In short, we must conduct the paper in a disciplined Communist way. We must be constantly vigilant for safeguarding its legality. But consistent with the restrictions of guarding legality, the paper must be so conducted as to discharge its role as co-ordinator and unifier of struggles.

The restarting of our English and Hindi weeklies and the increased importance of the publication of the Marathi and Gujerati weeklies with the closing down of the dailies, together with the continued production of our Urdu weekly imposes a very heavy responsibility on the PHQ Committee and the editorial, managerial and all comrades in PHQ. The PHQ Committee is confident that every Party Member in the PHQ will understand his own responsibility in this work and that together functioning as a single Bolshevik whole, the PHQ will carry out the task entrusted to it by the PB.

This note of the PHQ Committee, therefore, must be discussed in all cells and minutes of the cell discussions sent to the PHQ Committee. Comrades,

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To

I have received a copy of Com. Deven's report regarding his talk with me. The talk was between me and him, the purpose of which was to enable him to understand our point of view regarding the new line, acquainting him with the CC's decisions regarding the reorganisa tion of the PHQ, journals, etc. In that connection he brought in the controversy between the PHQ and the CC. I tried to explain him PB's view regarding all the above matters. It was neither the understanding nor did he tell me that he would convey these things to you comrades there. On the other hand, I told him the PB will send a letter to you on the issues raised by you. I asked him to wait the hext day the carry the dak. But the PB couldn't prepare the dak the next day. So he was informed to leave and the dak was sent through some other courier later. I am surprised to find that first he gossipped to a number of comrades and later he produced a mutilated and distorted version of our talk on our paper and circulated it to you causing so much damage. The Secretary of the PHQ Committee thought it fit to circulate that report even without first referring it to me.

Here I do not propose to show in each detail how our talk was distorted or mutilated. It is neither possible nor necessary for our purpose. But I want to point out that the entire spirit of the report of Com. Deven is at variance with the talk I had with him.

It appears from the report that I was least worried about the crisis inside the Party and that I behaved in an arrogant way regarding our elder leaders like Com. Dange, Ghate and AKG - pioneers and standard-bearers of our movement. I told him that the PB and CC are conscious of the serious inner-Party crisis and the danger facing the Party and how the PB is trying to tackle it with patience and elasticity. I told him that the PB will accommodate any amount of political differences and sharp and frank discussions, but will not allow Party forms to be thrown to the winds, because this is the way to liquidate the Party, not to unite it. I request you to compare the PB's letter addressed to the PHQ General Body which was written immediately after my talk with Com. Deven, with his report submitted to you and you will understand the truth. I want to put before you certain recent decisions of the PB regarding inner-Party crisis, to show how much concerned the PB is regarding the danger the Party is facing and in what spirit it is moving.

This is the gist of the decisions:

1. To recommend to the CC to change the decision of the old CC for a CC Plenum and call a Party Congress, since nothing short of a Party Congress can unify and save the Party from the present crisis.

2. To recommend to the CC to associate those ex-CC members who were unable to attend the last CC meeting with the convening and preparing for the Party Congress. The PB has decided on its own responsibility to invite them to the next CC meeting.

3. To encourage comrades who have any charges, though vague, regarding complicity of past or present CC members, PB members and others in the central apparatus with the activities of the Titoite agents, to put them before the CC Commission. Even if they fail to prove them they will not be held in any way responsible.

For Tech. reasons I will not be able to disclose what efforts we are making to associate our elder leaders with the task of discharging responsibilities of the Centre.

I hope you comrades will not give your ear to all sorts of rumours, but consider seriously the documents and proposals of the CC and PB and approach them with the spirit of comradeship and not suspicion.

Before closing the letter I want to bring before you certain things told to me by Com-Deven, which I couldn't put before you for tech reasons, i.e. his name being dragged into this controversy and his name being exposed to the enemy. Now that he has himself associate openly with the PHQ controversy, it would be wrong on my part not to bring that to your notice even now. He told me that after release, Coms. Dange and Mirajkar addressed the PHQ comrades, in which Com. Mirajkar openly spoke purporting to ask them to disobey the CC dec sions and fight it out, while Com. Dange put the same thing in an indirect way. But seeing the way Com. Deven has put before you a distorted version of my talk with him, I am disinclined to believe this thing also. But still I am putting it before you because it is my duty to do so after all this.

The problems raised by you with regard to the reorganisation of the PHQ will be answered in a separate letter in the next dak.

Greetings,

General Secretary.

31st ay 1950

Marathi Coll

elow I am giving a copy of the B.C. Secretary's letter to me and an extract concerning lashal which he has enclosed from a letter of the BCO in charge of Deslile Road.

Ilease send your reply to B.C. Secretary early. I am not able to express my opinion because I have not got the latest issue of Marathi Mashal with me.

I do not know whether you have got extracts from B.C.Jecy's letter which I read out to you in last meeting. If not, please get these from Com. Lurti to whom I had given it for getting the copies typed, and send your replies early.

Com. Wolil' letter to B.C.Secy. re. the report of Thana jail clash has been forwarded to him.

Greetings,

Sanjeev.

Copy of B.C.Seey.'s letter

31. 5. 50

Besen

Dear Com. Sanjeev,

Sending herewith a note from Com.Dinesh about Dealile Road meeting. Please send it to arathi cell and ask them to let me know what they have to say by way of explanation etc.

The suppression of Baburao's name is a serious matter apart from other things. This, if true, is not mere neutrality on P & T issue but actually boosting disruptors who are expelled from Party and suppressing honest Party ranks who suffered and fought to save the Party! Let me know what you have to say.

Greatings,

Vikrem

Extract from Com. Dinesh's letter to D.C. Secy.

I hope ... you have gone through the latest report about De'lisle Road meeting in ashal. I and some other comrades are of the opinion that it amounts to complete compromise and surrender to latkar gan. There are many things which are highly objectionable.

1.) There is no name, speech of Baburao Garud.

2.) Amberkar's speech had been modified and has he has been glorified by Mashal.

There are many more minor details. This whole reporting is an open revolt of few individuals against B.C. and Bombay Farty ranks who fought against these disruptors. We definitely are going to take up the issue in each area and also feel that it should be taken up by you. It is a very serious matter and must be thrashed out at the earliest.

.....

.....

28th Dinesh

Dear Courades,

He, the members of the PHA comprising the following Cells such as Eschal (Hindi), Mashal (Marathi), Gross Cada, Jai Gujerat, Mai Lindigi, Press, PPH Sales, PPH Accounts, Journal, Information Bureau, Secretariat, AISF, AFTUC, AIF5J and Commune, assembled in a General Body Meeting resolve to send this memorandum to you for your immediate and extrast consideration.

1. We consider that our Party is passing through the greatest crisis of its life. The crisis consists in the following:

- (a) A Trotskyite line developed and imposed on the farty by the Falit Bureau of the Party and ruthlessly implemented under its guidance in the last two and a half years has led to the virtual liquidation of the Party, to its extense isolation from the working class and the masses and has wrought great damage to the mass organizations led by the Party. All these factors have reduced the Party as a whole from a revolutionary force to a force retarding the growth of the revolution.
- (b) The Central Committee of the Party, which was responsible for allowing the Polit Bureau to mislead the Party, has not even after 42 months have passed after the lead given by the International Communiat novement, taken a single step indicative of the by the Party leadership and particularly by the Polit Bureau.

2. Le are convinced that the time has come when the farty must raise its voice and must demand that this state of affeirs be ended and that immediate stops be taken to the Party and to end the state of paralysis that the Control Leadership has created inside the Party - opening the flanks of the art, to enemy stacks.

we will soon place a more detailed monorander before you containing certain facts about the interview for a party.

It is significant that becument No.16 does not even mention the need of organisational changes in the Party.

be are placing before you our immediate denonds by implementing which you will be able to help the Party in taking the first steps to get over the crisis and to enable it to come to its own.

se cornectly hope that you will not fail the Party and force a situation when the Party will have to advance inspite of you.

ith these words, we would draw your earnest attention to the demands mentioned below:-

1. We declare our complete and utter lack of faith in the olit Bureau and demand its immediate dissolution. To allow the PB to function as it had been allowed to do for the last 4 months is extremely dengerous and harmful for the Party. The FB cannot help the Party in any way today but can only impede the advance of the Farty as the Borumonts prepared by it fully prove. To allow the PB to carry on, in the monner it has done for the last 4 months is to be guilty of treachery to the Party.

the further demand that Com. E.T. Remadive be immediately removed from the General Secretaryship of the Party.

2. The PE members should inmediately be asked to prepare their self-critical reports - of themselves individually and the PE as a whole. The COM's also should be asked to prepare their individual self-critical reports.

These reports should cover the entire period from the Mountbatten Award Resolution of the CC to the present period and should be made ready latest by the 15th of July.

All these reports should be circulated throughout the Party.

The CC should direct all PCs to prepare similar selfcritical reports for the ranks in the different provinces.

3. The CC should immediately appoint a drafting committee consisting of the Andhra PBM and of other comredes who may not necessarily be members of the CC but who have axhibited tendencies of fighting the present left-sectarian policy.

Only such a Committee will be able to approach the problam bufere the Party properly and will be able to produce drafts which can serve as basis for discussion.

The Committee should be charged with the task of producing a new (1) Political Thesis and (2) A Resolution on Tactical Line - the former to be ready by 15th July, 1950.

4. The CC should immediately release to the entire ranks the following -

- (a) 11 important correspondence of the PB and the GS with the Jail Comrades particularly, all correspondence with Coms. ANG, SAD and other CCMs and PEMs.
- (b) The entire correspondence of the PE with the Andhra, Tamilnad, Kerala, Assem and Biher PCs, and any other important dissent notes from other provinces.
- (c) All the Documents of Tanilnad and Assam PCs.
- (d) Bengal PC resolution on Trade Unions adopted in 1945 which was criticised in the FB document on Strategy and Tactics.
- (c) The PHC Conmittee's note on the suppression of the publication of the Paking Manifesto and the delayed publication of the Lasting Feace Editorial.
- (f) All correspondence between the GS and the PBMs and COMs in Bombay which are not of a technical nature.
- (g) Reports from Telengana and replies and comments sent on them.
- (h) Correspondence between GS and Con. Gour on "action" and "special squads" in Bengal which was probably not circulated to Bengal ranks.
- (i) any criticiss written or oral received from brother parties.

(j) Documents submitted by P.C. Joshi on his expulsion.

- 3 -

(k) East Pakistan Party's Document on the Peasant Question.

Only the publication of all these and the fullest discussion in all the Party units will enable the Party to emerge out of the present crisis with an unified political understanding and will result in the emergence of a leadership that is really capable of leading the Party in the coming days.

The CC should, therefore, take immediate steps to organise the widest discussion of the draft political thesis produced by the Drafting Constitute as also all aspects of party life in the past in all units of the Party. It is only on the basis of this full and democratic discussion that the thesis has to be finalised and this should be ensured by proper directives to the various PCs, BOs and to all Party members. It is not enough to say that the question of inner-party democracy assumes supreme importance. It is urgently necessary to take immediate steps so that fullest democratic discussion takes place in the entire party. For this purpose the following steps should be taken by the CC:-

1. The CC should immediately issue a circular to all party members and units stressing the urgency of inner-party discussion in the fullest and freest manner. Party members should be told that they have the fullest right to criticise all aspects of Party policy and life of any Party course whether he or she belongs to his unit or not and send the criticism to the respective Party conmittee or whits and to Higher Committees

2. Any comrades holding responsible position in Units if found to obstruct the fullest and freest discussion, should be removed by the respective Units.

In leading Committees such as PCs and DCs, if the majority of the members obstruct such discussion, then the minority of comrades will have the right to demand the circulation of the views of all the members of the committee to the ranks and such a demand shall be immediately complied with.

(3) The CC should immediately convene an All-India Farty Conference. Forty Conference for finalising the Draft Political Thesis, prepared by the Drafting Conmittee and for decising organisational questions arising from the discussions inside the Party.

The procedure stc. for the election of delegates to All-Indis Farty Conference - should be fixed up by the CC fully keeping in view that the crisis inside the Farty demands that the Conference should be as broad and representative as the technical resources of the Party can penalt.

(MARX: This clause was adopted by the majority of the Comrades. But a substantial number of comrades felt that if an All-India Party Conference could not be convened immediately - then pending the convening of such a Conference an enlarged Flenum of the CC should be immediately held to decide the max above mentioned issue.)

4. The CC should immediately withdraw all disciplinary actions against all comrades to enable them to participate in the discussions of the Party policy without any let or hindrance. In the case of those supelled members when the CC feels it cannot take back in the Party without their having been cleared of by the Party Control Commission, the CC should invite them to submit their views to the Party for discussion. The documents submitted by such persons should be regarded as their contributions to the inner-Party discussion.

These steps are absolutely necessary to get the fullest benefit of the views and experience of these expelled and other meabers of the Party.

The CC should refer the cases of all conredes against when disciplinary action has been taken to their respective units and on the recommendation of the units, they be reinstated in the unit for the interim period pending final confirmation by the Control Commission.

All orders banning social and political contact with expelled members should be rescinded.

5. Directives should be sent by the CC to the PCs and other units to similarly reconsider and withdraw such disciplinary actions and restore comrades concerned to their original positions and to invite all those expelled members when they cannot take back without their being cleared by the P. Control Commission to put their views before the Party for discussion.

The importance of this step should be explained to Comrades.

This alone will prevent further disruption in the Party and confusion in the ranks of the Party's mass following. This will alone create the confidence in all ranks and the masses under our leadership that the Party, once it has found that it has been guilty of serious crimes, is making the most serious and carnest efforts to harmer out a correct policy and to unify the entire party ranks and fight disruption in a really effective way.

6. The CC should make special arrangements -- reach all Documents to Jail comrades in various Jails and seek from Jail comrades their views. The Jail comrades have borne the brunt of the struggle imposed upon the Party by the leadership. Their contribution to the ironing out of the Party policy will be most valuable, and no excuse that the CC and the PCs are unable to make technical arrangements to get their views should be tolerated.

The GC should send immediate instructions to Courados in all Jails not to resort to any/actions.

harty

The CC should further issue a directives to all Party Units to mobilize all legal resources to get as many courades as possible released so that they may be able to take part in and contribute to the inner-Party discussion with their valuable experience.

7. The CC should direct all the PCs to immediately run Party discussion Forum in the language of the Province. The organisation of production of the Forum, the technical arrangements to reach the copies to the ranks, the collection of materials from the ranks for publication in the Forum - these should be made absolutely obligatory on every PC a breach of which should be considered a heinous anti-verty crime desurving of the highest punishment.

The working class and the kisan fronts should also run similar open Party discussion Forum.

8. It is obvious that this discussion and final emerging of the Party policy will, in view of the illegal conditions, that exist today, take some time. Nonotheless, this has to

- 4 -

be done, if the Party is to emerge as an Unified force capable of leading the Indian revolution.

- 5 -

Neanwhile, pending the energence of a unified understanding interim arrangements should be made to keep the activities of our mass organisations point.

The CC should take the following interin steps for this purpose:-

1. General directives should be given to comrades in charge of running the Central and the Provincial Party organs. The main concentration should be on seeing that these journals being out such materials as will help the inner Party discussions.

If possible a meeting of representatives of comrades in charge of various Party journals at the Centre and in the Provinces should be convened in which the general guiding line should be further discussed.

Further in order to run the Central Agit-Frop work including the running of the journals - the CC should izmediately sot up a Commission.

2. It will be impossible for the CC to give directions to the AlfUC and the working class and the kisan fronts today without knowing the actual position, organisationally and otherwise of the movements in the various provinces. The CC should therefore arrange for a meeting of representatives of comrades on the T.S. and Kisan routs from the Provinces. These meetings will discuss the position in the various provinces and will draw up a general guiding line for the period before the Party policy is finalised. These meetings should be erranged within the next two months.

3. The CC should immediately give directives to comrades working in the Feace & movement to function democratically and to work out their day to day jobs. The stopping up of the Feace compaign within the framework of the toekholm appeal should be the central task of the Feace committees. The CC should depute a comrade whose sole responsibility shall be the activisation and guiding of the comrades engaged on the Feace ront.

4. Immediate appointment of an enlarged Control Commission to investigate into the disciplinary actions taken by the different Farty Committees. This commission should consist of old and tried leaders of the Farty who have the confidence of the Farty. Therefore the mass should be circulated before finalisation.

5. Imadiate withdrawal of the press statement given by the PS published in Communist No.2, 1950 and assuring the people that a fuller statement is being made ready.

The 66 must immediately issue a public statement withdrawing all the slandcrous accusations made against Com. Noo and must offer an unconditional apology to him.

6. The CC must immediately arrange to communicate in full and in detail the situation inside the rarty to the Cominform. All the major documents prepared by the PB, the CC during the last two/whars and all those which have been prepared by them after to Lasting Feace Editorial of 27.1.50 must be immediately sent to the cominform. All other documents doman ded by is in section 4 must also be immediately sent. The CC must realise that constant and close touch with the International communist novement, complete repudiation of the bourgeois mationalism of the leadership of our verty and constant and systematic guidance from the International Communist movement can and must play a profound role in pulling the Party of the present crisis. The CC must ensure that all correct data reach the Cominform - data concerning the political-organisational situation inside the Party, data concerning the situation inside the country, are regularly sent to Cominform and that the Party receives constant guidance from brother parties, particularly the Cominform and the CPC.

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he urge upon the CC to take these steps immediately and help the entire Farty in emerging as the leader of the Indian people in their struggle for national liberation and people's democracy.

14.6.50.

Com. Sanjeev,

I was out for the last 6-7 days. Hence I could not send immediate reply to your note.

25/ 5 / 50

(1) Re. place of meeting, I wes informed by our comrades that they would be able to find out aplace for one night meeting with Mashal comrades But I am asking them to find a place where a full 24 hours session is possible. I will let you know when - get their reply. In the meantime, please continue your efforts to find a place because it is better if this meeting is arranged through your apparatus. Our tech cadre is already preoccupied with arranging Dhanaji's meetings with 0.G. comrades and this would **TERM** meen an extra burden on our not verypucca machinery.

(2) As regards S. V. and his relation with B. C., it is always open to S. V. to raise any isuue basic or otherwise with B. C., P.B. or C. C. and no one has prevented him form doing this so far. If he wants and if Fort Committee can arrange, I am almo prepared to meet him and have frank and firect talk with him as regards his grievances re. B.C. You can inform him about this and let me know whether he desires such a meeting.

I don't think it would be of any use at this stage to discuss the 'problem of SVD' with Mashal Cell comrades for the simple reason that such a discussion will not solve the problem. Besides this problem has no immediate bearing on the question of Mashal and the way B.C. campaigne are reported in Mashal. Hence I am sorty that at this stage I cannot agree to discuss S. V's problem vis-a-vis B.C. with Mashal Cell comrades. There is no need for you or Masal comrades to take any brief for S.V. in this respect. He is quite capable of looking after his problems and since he has already decided to submit a memo to P.B. we shall deal with his problem directly or by submitting our own reply or explanation to P.B. or C.C. I hope this is quite clear and understandableto you and other comrades in Mashal.

(2) I have referred the points raised in Rekha's letter to Neela and she is herself writing a reply. This will clarify what MAXI Neela actually told Rekha and how the latter inderstood or interpreted this talk. I don't want to say anything more at this stage. I must, however, tell you that the insinuation contained in your note re. veracity of reports sent by O.G. comrades is nothing but base in slander of B.C. functionaries and ranks. You are almost presuming that B.C. ranks have no constience or loyalty to the Party and they usually give wo ng facts or withhold 'inconvenient' facts. I cannot accept such a mean and wholly unwarranted assumption. If you want, I am prepared to refer this matter to all B.C. cells and ask them to express an opinion on the charge you have made against them.

(3) Report of Wadi clash meeting has not appeared in last issue as well. Rekha has sent an 'explanation' and asked me whether it is of **n** any use to publish it now'! I am sending her note as welll as the report to Wadi area comrades and asking the**n** area committee and cells to express their opinion on this explanation given by Rekha and also her and the cell's opinion re. the report.

I cannot accept the explanation given by Rekha and if this is not sup resion of B.C. reports I would like to know from you what else it is!

(4) I am also circulating the reports of BDP and Kurne re. Thana jail lathi charge and asking all area committees to express their opinion on the way these reports were treated in Mashal. I will send their views to you as soon as I get them. I personally feel that Mshal has done great injustice to Thana comrades by suppressing authentic reports of injuries sustained by them and their struggle to get their just demands, Com. Dhanaji' has already protested against this and 1 have asked him to write directley to Mahsal comrades. I am herewith enclosing his note to to me which speaks for itesf.

VTKRAM

More I will write after getting your reply, Greetings,

2-16, 1450

Dear Romedy, An unforescen opportunity has juit awas opened -p permitting me lo' send you a fad ling - & hand.

Ľ

I must, frisk ofale think you very much for giving such good publicity in Cross Roads to our news pour Patrisban. This is extremely bearting for all ofus three because too little about no appears in the press about. The damed primit suptain, cenewship, thes. existence has food scaled no It so completely Any break in this bloody how butain is of very freat bourse of stingth to as.

So please give more & hetter publicity to all news from here. I know that we have not leven doing our duty by you as well as we should lout I am strugglig hars to give you sud to you more & hetter hews filters regularly.

The new clivit one winning the case in the Supreme Court Cheened us a lot. I hope you isle take full advantage of it. Cross roads must on as account stop again. For heaven's sake do not assume that heaply Denveracy has been established in India and you can write as you please ! Ido thick that of you had been more careful and used more circumspect & legal language you could have should you the Gos roads from many attacks. It is better list the paper cours out regularly, even though we do not say the whole thing (so long, spearse, as we do not say the every thing!). Don't you agree ?

The bace Campaign hore, has at last, Marthod in night cannet. you must have read about in Pak. Ting. I am however, sending you the relevent cuttings so thatyou may ne-print it. Jam also sending you a copy of our weekly Saker" chich, at last, we have again succeeded in bringing out. We shall he glad if you re- print any of the shift from it. It will be shall he good organizing. Do tot let are know if you receive it.

One of the things we feel most about is that the news of repression of the Demonstrie movement in Pakistan das got no publicity at all either in the International frees as in Good Roads. The bloody values of Pakistane have frien the impression either, that there is no met movement in Pakistan or that civil lithing egit here. Both of course is are false.

At the Petrig Arian T. & Confirmer, in the W.F.T. h's probet again repression in hurie, in the Uner, in the application for reteen of T. & & Kisan we have in Captans & in Other International again subing - Patristran is always left out. I know that we have in Patristran are largely to belance for this omission but even the news crich we have supplies from this to the has not been publicions I the international movements have left as out (probably tembers to I when India - includes fallistan - I cosh it were so !)

Rouch, you mut help us to hreak this state of affinis Do write to all you contact, to W.F.T. 4, to International Journalits, Internation Lawyers, youth, Women - to at hear May that thousands of insteam, presents + Demonstry angled in Patistan shores he seleand. Condemn fining on philical misonen in Rajphalis jail etc. In means such as lost to us!

Jan rending you hereisthe a short actule on Repression in Pakitage chich please publich in CR - them I see it this SEC know that This letter bes reached you.

Dam elso Sewing loyou an address - to which you can will be me - of course, carefully - lign yourself as TAHIR. If you can send to me a safe address for yourself tothis address it whe he very good. I shall sign anyould as ZAKIR. If this arrangement is made pucca at least neusletters else may not be stolen with way. Party do ament meant for general circulation among P.M.s can also be sent, to this address. (Not loo bulky, of course).

more over, be on the look out for reliable people Counting to Karachi or Lahore. Augling you want to send to me you can have it delivered, personally and by hered to the managers of either of the Labore (address given on New Times cover) The name of Labore manager is RAUF - and of Karachi - malik Noovani. The man who brings the shift is to tale then boys that it is to be delivered to MAULANA (ing) - at and it ish reach one.

How's Raj? Wo qui her my love

And how's mulk? One does not hear about him much in Crosswads. Why? Someone told are that he was very support became And has left him. Is that co? I hope & he has got over it by now. Trailing this name --- ' Give any love to bruck. Why day he not visit Palistan? We will quie him a food reception if he cours - & now this is no danger of getting stabled !

Liagals visit to America has made him very unpopular here gavenly. Pople hate his Begun sitensely and all hints of Scandals are afboat live. For example, it is this common gonip in Kanchi that she gets herself & f - by Americans I How do you like it? And this openhous in America are for he-juvenation.

The name of hegge leaders is mid ! bergte generally detect them. That way we have a much better opportund; of isotahing the miling- class here their you have in India. No Network bye.

It larty is of course, growing & developing - but for too storty. Greet opportuning 'but pigleful lack of carres. That' our chief difficulty. Why the hele did you all Puzabis might four your woude ful home land ? And fuced me to leave mine?

all love 9 vice Buen

P.S. I presure, of course, that you ist not pour public the news about Degree Diagent!

To Unit - Plean return after ready - Rahmi. 1576 150 Com. Saufier, I am herewill cillosing Third letter of Bon Bai Blue which contains his report of with her mother. her interview I have already sent first lino lettons to you. Please return this copy after it is near ty Tand cell Concerdes. If it is needed for un ulation . ven you malle additional april. greetys. Vikram

list sume.

Sital .

Dear com. Agoy,

57.32

Enclosed is a letter to Rahim. I hequest you to pl. get it typed, find one copy to Rahim, one to Nigsar & one to me. Pl. do this quick. sorry the burdening you with it but no alternative you must, of course, read it & let me hnow what you think about it.

you have promised to do the tollowing to me:

O Accurgo à inform 5. T. cheniagan about the meeting between 5 8 5-15 p.M to day (the place you innow).

@ Arrangement for my meeting with a lawyer;

(3) send & my papers which were are with murti,

(h) Send heading material - Prasad's note on cliticism of P.B document, PHQ comittee's repolation on this tactioneelism PHQ forum NO.1. & it & when possible the sey-report of PHQ committee members.

I budly need Soome ordinary writing papers. Could you send it ? P.T.O.

Greetings,

As you know & here to go out flequently. would it be pathible to fend me a sain coat & a cap og profesably a hat I miles a miles

Copy to . NESSON

Dear Blog Com. Rachim,

I just come to know that the cell - secontalies have decided that unsee should stay on these tel about to months that. The leadons, as suported to me, seem to be these:

21 St June.

That the child is very young 8 may fact in etc which will be a big hispornhibility for the PHQ. That she will not be able to put in very much work.

(3) That there is a damager of arrests, illegalisation etc & therefore it is a rise for here the child too.

I have discussed the whole issue quite at length with pour. My meetin concern is about his political education in this most desifive & educative period in party's life. And before this primary & most imp. confideration, or the above confiderations are minol. The first reason given is firstly hypothetical & becondly it suche in whatever period, the party concrete cee has got to take A such responsibility with hegard to a whole - times. Equally hypo thatical is the last reacton. That danger is there & will remain there & every PM has to take it. Behides when Una herself inspire of is preputer to risk the child's health as also her safety lutich dange? is leally little) & wants to come back tog her political development & education, I do not see now the cours. here can deprive her of

the Same. So far as the Rud reason poils, in my opinion, even it she is not able to put in any work, she should be allowed to come back. Because the main confideration, as it has day to day work but that she she be enabled to take p his rightful part in the general discussions inhide the purty. If she is deprived of this culturable apportunity. right them she may as well stay on to? one year. what is the hurry then 7 3 strongly ted feel that the present period, 2,4 88 6 monibule, is the most imp. 8 educative period 8 it would be criminal to deprive her of it.

I am also told that if she can make arrangement too her stay in Dombay at Some outside place, then the cours have no objection in her coming back. This is to att it this is done, all the above objections to to winds! This is teen tastic. We deeper the in sale week the back all recepted the the course der wat care in classfores in, it she to be were, weighter in short, these come only objection is that they do not want to take elementary responsibility of a rarty whole-timeto, I think this is a very wrong attitude Educate, educates, Belides, it it is really true that the cell-secrataries have no objection in her coming like provided she makes her own arrangement for stay then I demand that

Readons I could not do it. I will do it to morrow But copies I ihimm. These questions will be better understood & discutsed it we meet together instead of three correspondence. I do not it such a meeting is possible. If it is, It will really be very helpful & I would request you to think over it it is possible.

parts at Grocetings, and as to but the popula

P.S. As you will note, about the decision Re: una, & have not been as yet authoritatively informed. Hence it allowance should be made for the my the postible inacurate impression that about the same.

Parame Ridges, and Collect 2 ho

a series of the property street when the series of the ser

the second se

a she (usuar n) tal whether a Site and

Party matrix such an arrangement to ther, as party does with third regard to u.G. comes. On this ground, she cannot be deprived of the poetent general inner-party discuttions. And, 5 thinks, as a whole thing it is within her right to make such a demand on the party. In this connection, 5 may suggest that it is possible tos her to stay here at the Andheri flat (K. Laveri). she to will have RS. 50/- to per tos the child but his own tood, pocket & rent expendes will have. to be paid the by the party. 5 have no other place in mixed where she can stay. (pl. vote that Romesh Bhag at hes already starting matring payment for the child's expende which he had promibes)

Please think over ached & have written & I strongly feel that it will be gleatest injustice to here it she is kept there me tor another He months - just the period in which it she used comes here she will learn, lot, educate herself 8 contribute what ever she can in towards torging a new Party line which is not only here duty but also her right.

> Hope to receive a quien heply. Gracetings. Siteel

> > P. T.O.

5 wounted to write to you about my going 0-Ge, my work etc as 5 promiles in my resterday's letter but becaute unavoidable