

# Dagota Khan Mazdoor Union Dagota

Head Office D A U S A

डगोता खान मजदूर यूनियन डगोता प्रधान कार्यालय दौसा (राजस्थान)

पत्र संख्या

A N D

275

दिनांक 7/11/60 8461.

Regd.No.26/59.

DAUSA SOAP STONE MILL MAZDOOR UNION, DAUSA, RAJASTHAN.  
(Both Unions Affiliated to All India Trade Union Congress)

To, The General Manager,  
M/s. Jaipur Mineral Development Syndicate (P) Ltd.,  
Johri Bazar,  
Jaipur.

Dear Sir, APPOINTMENT OF NEGOTIATION AND ACTION COMMITTEE  
BY ABOVE TWO UNIONS.

You are hereby notified that a Negotiation & Action Committee consisting of following ten members has been formed by both the above two Unions, with a view to negotiate with the Management in respect of Charters of Demands submitted by above two Unions, on Dec. 60. and failing in the negotiations, to serve as Action Committee to lead the joint struggle of Dausa Soap Stone Mill & Dagota Khan Workers, in appropriate & suitable manner.

1. Vaid Bhagban Sahai Zala.
2. Eyed Nizamuddin.
3. Mohan Punamia.
4. Durgadas Shirali.
5. Ganesh.
6. Kana.
7. Shivdhan.
8. Badri.
9. Mahadeva.
10. Yasin Khan.

Com. Durgadas Shirali has been appointed Secretary to the above Negotiation & Action Committee.

Thank you.

*Eyed Nizamuddin*  
General Secretary,  
Dagota Khan Mazdoor Union,  
And

*J. N. N. N. N.*  
President,  
Dagota Khan Mazdoor Union.  
And

Dausa Soap Stone Mill Mazdoor Union. Dausa Soap Stone Mill Mazdoor Union

Copies forwarded for information to:-

1. General Secretary, Rajasthan State Committee, A.I.T.U.C. Jaipur.
2. The Secretary, A.I.T.U.C. New Delhi.
3. The Conciliation Officer (Central) Ajmer.
4. The Labour Inspector (Central) Jaipur.
5. The Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) Jabalpur.
6. Labour & Conciliation Officer (Raj) Jaipur.
7. Labour Commissioner, Rajasthan, Jaipur.
8. Regional Assistant Labour Commissioner, (Raj) Jaipur.
9. Assistant Labour Commissioner (IMP & EVL) Rajasthan, Jaipur.
10. The Chief Labour Commissioner (Central) New Delhi.

# Dagota Khan Mazdoor Union Dagota

Head Office D A U S A

डगोता खान मजदूर यूनियन डगोता प्रधान कार्यालय दौसा (राजस्थान)

पत्र संख्या १०/५६ A. I. T. U. C.

दिनांक १३-६-१९६१

I. R. No. १२५१ Date १३-६-६१  
File No. .... Replied १३-६-६१  
19/1  
श्री. लेबर इन्स्पेक्टर साहब (सैन्ट्रल),  
वांदपोल बाजार, जयपुर ।

विषय: - १३-६-६१ तक भी डगोताखान मजदूरों को माह अगस्त की तनखाह नहीं मिली है ।

महोदय,

सेवामें निवेदन है कि डगोताखान मजदूरों को आज १३-६-६१ तक की तनखाह माह अगस्त की १९६१ तक की नहीं मिली । जबकि गवर्नमेंट आफ इण्डिया के कानून १९३६ के अनुसार महीने के अन्तिम से ७ ता: तक मिल जानी चाहिये जहां एक हजार मजदूर से कम हों जबकि डगोताखान पर करीब ३५० मजदूरों की तादाद से अधिक नहीं यह कार्यवाही मैनेजमेंट का खिलाफ कानून है अत: यूनियन आपसे निहायत अदब के साथ गुजारिश करती है कि मैनेजमेंट का चालान फरमाया जावे । क्योंकि मैनेजमेंट मजदूरों को यह जायज और कानूनी अधिकार से हमेशा वंचित रखती है जबकि मजदूरों इन्ही मजदूरों से काफी तौर पर हार्ड ड्युटी लेती है । यदि आप चालान नहीं फरमावें तो कानूनी तौर पर यूनियन को आज्ञा दें कि यूनियन क्या कदम उठावें ।

आशा है कि इस और बहुत जल्द कार्यवाही फरमाकर मजदूरों को तनखाह दिलायें और आयन्दा के लिये मैनेजमेंट को पाबन्द फरमावें कि वह समय पर मजदूरों को वेतन बांट दे ।

आपका हितापेक्षी,

*Syed. Nazamuddin*

( जनरल सेक्रेटरी )

डगोताखान मजदूर यूनियन डगोता,  
हेड आफिस दौसा (राजस्थान)

प्रतिलिपि वास्ते सूचनार्थ :-

१- श्रीमान् कैन्सीलेशन आफिसर (सैन्ट्रल) अजमेर ।

२- श्रीमान् लेबर कमिश्नर (सैन्ट्रल) अजमेर ।

३- श्रीमान् लेबर आफिसर (अजमेर डिवीजन) स्टेशन रोड, जयपुर ।

४- श्रीमान् आर० एस० टी० यू० सी० सोमानी बिल्डिंग स्टेशन रोड, जयपुर ।

५- श्रीमान् आल इण्डिया ट्रेड यूनियन काँग्रेस ४ अशोक रोड, नई देहली ।

*Syed. Nazamuddin*

( जनरल सेक्रेटरी )

डगोताखान मजदूर यूनियन, डगोता,  
हेड आफिस दौसा (राजस्थान)

From:- Durgadas Shirali.  
Authorised Representative,  
Loha Khan Mazdoor Union,  
Neemla, P.O.Dausa.(Raj)

Camp..... C/o. A.I.T.U.C.4, Ashok Road, N.Delhi.

N.Delhi. Dated. 11th Feb.61.

To,

The Welfare Adviser,  
To the Chief Labour Commissioner,  
Government of India,  
18, Gurudwara Road Hutments,  
New Delhi.

Sub: Retrenchment of 113 workers of Neemla Iron Ore  
Mines dispute arising therefrom.

Ref: Yours No.WPA/1/61 dated 4th Feb.61, addressed to  
Shri P.L.Kedia, General Manager, Murlidhar Jhunju-  
nuwala (P)Ltd, Dausa, and the Secretary, Lohakhan Mazd  
Mazdoor Union, Neemla, P.O.Dausa.

Sir,

1. In your above referred letter you had asked the General  
Manager of M/s.Murlidhar Jhunjunuwala (P)Ltd and the Secretary  
Loha Khan Mazdoor Union, Dausa, to report to you before 15th  
February 61, the implementation of the settlement arrived at  
between the Management of Neemla Iron Ore Mines and Loha Khan  
Mazdoor Union, on 3.2.61, through your very appreciative efforts

2. As decided all the workers came to the Mines on the  
morning of 4th February with a view to report to work. But the  
Management wanted to take in writing from all the workers an  
undertaking that from hence forward they have agreed to work  
on piece rate basis as per agreement arrived at between the  
Management and Loha Khan Mazdoor Union, Dausa. The workers  
pointed out that as an agreement has been arrived at and signed  
by the President & Secretary of the Union, the question of  
their giving a seperate undertaking in writing does not arise  
at all. There upon the Mines Manager refused to take the  
workers on work, saying he has instructions from the General  
Manager, not to take the workers on work unless they give  
written undertaking as stated above. So all the workers  
stayed near the mines premises awaiting the arrival of their  
Union Representatives to take further directions from them.  
Thereupon the Manager threatened them that 14 workers arrested  
will be harrassed in the Jail and he will see to it that they  
will be kept in Jail till the workers rejoin the duty. Further  
misunderstanding was created among the workers by all out  
extensive propaganda by the management that the Representatives  
of the Union had betrayed the interest of the workers by  
signing an agreement to the effect that ALL the workers will

henceforth work on piece rate. It was but natural that these  
harmful tactics on the part of the Management caused redeterio-  
ration of the peaceful atmosphere created by your efforts the  
previous evening.

3. You will remember Sir, that the General Manager & his  
legal adviser had in your presence during the conciliation  
proceedings made it out that the 14 workers arrested, were not  
actually arrested but just to bring pressure upon the workers  
were merely detained in the Police custody by their manipulation  
and before 2.30 p.m. the next day they themselves will get  
them released from the Police Custody. But instead of taking  
action as per their promise before you, they on the contrary  
threatened to harrass them in Jail, as stated in para 2.

4. However the workers remained near the mines premises upto 2.30 p.m. but thereafter, because the management had broken their agreement as well as their verbal promise to get the workers released, Bearing that really they will be harrassed in Jail, decided unanimously to send their Union President & General Secretary to Jaipur to get the arrested workers released first. Under the circumstances such was the only course left before them, because a copy of the agreement as arrived at on 3.2.61 was not handed over the Union or the Management by you as you were in a haste to return to Delhi.
5. On 6th February evening the arrested workers were bailed out through the efforts of the Union.
6. On 7th morning all the arrested workers along with other 15 workers met the Labour Inspector (C)Jaipur, in his office, and gave him full version of what had taken place after your goodself had left the mines, till that moment. He took statements from them, and promised to visit the Mines after his return from Jabalpur where he was sheduled to proceed the same day.
7. On 8th Feb. 61 your goodself and the R.L.C.(C)Jabalpur, were informed by the Union by telegram that the Management is not implementing the agreement and that the workers are awaiting implementation. You were also requested to instruct the owners to start mines immediately with compensation for workers' lost days.
8. Your copy of agreement dated 3.2.61 reached the Union only on 9th evening.
9. It was only on the evening of 10th the General Manager Mr.Kedia came near the place where the workers were sitting very peacefully about a mile away from the mine premises, because of fear of further police repression. Till that time the management was continueously threatening the workers with further police repression. But only This time Mr.Kedia expressed a desire to talk with the undersigned, and implement the agreement.
10. Your goodself is quite aware the manner in which the representatives of the Union were insulted while the conciliation proceedings were on, but only under your request and with a view to bring an amicable settlement, the Union's Representatives were very tolerant and never lost the balance. So this time too in spite of all previous breaches of promises and agreements, the undersigned willing agreed to discuss with Mr.Kedia the implementation of the Agreement.
11. However the Management interprets the agreed terms of settlement in a way which would result in all gains for the Management and all loss to the workers.

From the first term of the settlement it will be quite clear that the Union had agreed piece rate wage system only for those 113 retrenched workers who were to be reinstated, and NOT FOR ALL WORKERS. But the Management interprets it as implying ALL workers, retrenched as well as those whom the Management had branded as not being on strike. They interpret it as an acceptance on our part of the piece rate terms proposed by them to be operative (according to them) from 15th Feb.61, which is entirely a seperate issue to which we have not conceded in any way.

Secondly, during the conciliation proceedings it was pointed out by me that the workers will extract their iron ore from within their leased area where they will find a proved deposit. Since the workers were to be paid piece rate wage, on the quantity of Iron Ore Extracted and not on muck or for the removal of over burden, naturally labour put on unproductive work will be a dead loss to the workers for which the Management will not pay. Hence from where to extract production and from where not to, will be the choice of the workers, provided they carry out their operations within the company's leased area. P.T.O.

But the Management says that the workers should work only at such places shown by the Management. Suppose no production comes from there -re then they should start work at another place shown by the Management, so on and so on. That means untill production starts, all the labour put up so far by the workers will be a dead loss to them. More over if such had to be the case then they had to include it as a term in the settled agreement before signing it, which they did not.

The workers are still sitting at a place about a mile from the mine premises awaiting intervention from Labour Department.

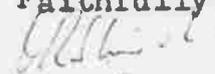
12. So yesterday the workers unanimously took decision to send me to Delhi, to place the whole matter before your goodself. But unfortunately 11th, 12th, & 13th are holidays. Therefore the A.I.T.U.C. Contacted the Chief Labour Commissioner (C) on Phone, who gave ~~the workers~~ to understand that the Management has already intimated him about the implementation having been carried out, but since news has also reached his office about the nonimplementation from the Union Side, he has already instructed the Labour Inspector (C) Jaipur, to visit the mines immediately, and submit his on the spot report without delay, and that only on receipt of the Labour Inspector's report further action can be taken.

13. Therefore now either the Management should allow the workers to work of their own accord on the spots best thought of by them within of course the leased area, or else the Management should take back all the workers on daily rate basis as heitherto they were doing. In either case the workers must be paid for the days lost as a result of enforced nonemployment on them, which the General Manager had verbally agreed before you.

14. When the Labour Inspector, Jaipur will return from Jabalpur we do not know. In the meantime how long more the workers will have to get justice at the hands of the Law, is not known. They are getting restive, ~~and~~ but all the same, will wait till 15th Feb.61, but thereafter they may have to resort to mass hunger strike to bring moral pressure on the Management. If at all they have to pave that way, it will not be their fault.

Now we patiently await further developments.

Yours Faithfully,

  
(D.R. Shirali)

Authorised Representative,  
Loha Khan Mazdoor Union, Neemla,  
P.O. Dause. (Rajasthan)

# Thenkulam Vattara Quarry Workers' Union

Register No. 3018.

6-A, Parasakthy Buildings,  
Madurai Road,  
Tirunelveli Jn.,  
Tamil Nadu.

A. I. T. U. C.

THENKULAM.

Received 432/18-3-61

Replied

EXTERNS DELIVERY.

Date 196

275-A

To

Honourable Gulzarilal Nanda,  
Minister for Labour and Planning,  
Government of India,  
NEW DELHI.

Sir,

Sub: Strike notice served by our union on  
the quarry managements Thalayuthu area  
in Tirunelveli District of Madras State.

Ref: Personal representation to you on behalf  
of the workers to you on 13-3-'61 by Sri.  
S.A. Dange M.P., Sri.P. Ramamoorthy M.P.,  
and Sri.K.T.A. Thangamani M.P.

1. We are in receipt of the telegram given by Sri.  
Ramamoorthy, Sri. Dange, and Sri.Thangamani after meeting  
you on 13-3-'61 and we are extremely glad to learn from  
this telegram that you are personally looking our question  
and we are greatly thankful to you for the same.

2. In accordance with the advice given to us by  
the above three leaders, we have withdrawn the strike  
notice served on the quarry managements and have advised  
the workers not to resort to strike which should commence  
to-day.

3. We earnestly hope the quarry managements will  
appreciate this gesture and will stop further provoca-  
tions and victimisation.

4. We request you, to be kind enough, to refer the  
issues pending at present before you for early adju-  
dication.

5. We also request you to be kind enough, to take  
suitable steps to enable the workers to win their most

SAD not

This is the  
case about which  
SAD met Nanda  
along with PR & RTIC

# Thenkulam Vattara Quarry Workers' Union

Register No. 3018.

THENKULAM.

Ref No.

- 1 2 1 -

Date ..... 1961

just and reasonable demands and also use your good offices to persuade the quarry managements to settle their trade-disputes in an amicable way and through peaceful negotiations in the interests of cement industry, workers and people at large.

Thanking you.

Yours sincerely,

Tirunelveli, J

*M. Somasudana*

15--3--1961. J

President.

- Copy to:
1. Deputy Secretary to Department of Labour Government of India, NEW DELHI.
  2. Sri S.A. Wange M.P.
  3. Sri P. Ramamoorthy M.P.
  4. Sri A.T.K. Thengaranani M.P.
  5. Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Madras.
  6. Conciliation Officer (Central), Madras.
  7. District Collector, Tirunelveli.
  8. District Superintendent of Police, Tirunelveli.
  9. Manager of Krishna Mines, Talaiyuthu.
  10. Manager of Agricultural Farms Ltd., Talaiyuthu.

275-A

# Chenkulam Vattara Quarry Workers' Union

Register No. 3018. 6-A, Parasakthy Buildings,

THE NKULAM.

Madurai Road,  
Tirunelveli Jn.,  
TAMIL NADU.

A T U C

Received. 433/18-3-61 EXPRESS DELIVERY

Date \_\_\_\_\_ 196

Ref No.

To

The Regional Labour Commissioner (C),  
MADRAS.

Sir,

Sub: Urgent grievances of quarry workers employed in Agricultural Farms Ltd., Roche Mines and Krishna Mines, in Talayuthu area of Tirunelveli Dt. - immediate enquiry and redressal - requested.

- - -

We submit the following for your urgent and benign consideration and favourable action:

1. Termination notices served on (1) Mari Karamuthu
- (2) Arunachala Thevar of Krishna Mines;

a.) Mari Karamuthu (P. No. 34) Krishna Mines:-

She was bitten by a poisonous snake on 2.1.'61 and she applied for leave on 3.1.61 by post under certificate of posting. On 27.1.61, she got a certificate from the doctor and sent the same to the management with a request to grant leave for 2 months and this was sent by registered post with acknowledgement due.

The management called for an explanation from her through their Registered letter dated 23-1-61 which has been registered in the post office on 30.1.61 and this letter was received by her on 31.1.61. On 1.2.61 she has submitted her explanation to the management explaining the reasons for her unavoidable absence.

On 17.2.61, the management sent her a termination order for not producing a certificate from the company's doctor. We submit that the termination order is not proper and without any reasonable grounds. This is a case that the workers absence was inevitable and was with reasonable grounds. She could not produce a

*Summarizing the whole thing  
two cases in TUK  
SAD  
20/7/61*

*Ne  
affinity*

doctor's certificate, because she didn't <sup>take</sup>/treatment from him. Further, the doctor comes to the mines once or twice a week to the mines and at a time known only to him and the management and therefore it is quite impossible to have regular treatment from him. In these circumstances her removal is not correct and she must be reinstated with back wages and without loss in service.

b) Arunachala Thevar (T.No.82) Krishna Mines:

Arunachala Thevar was on leave. On 13-1-61, he extended the leave till his injury was cured and this letter was sent to the management by express delivery and under certificate of Posting. On 27.1.61, when the injury was cured, he reported to duty. The Management directed him to go to the company doctor ~~doctor~~ and get a certificate from him. But, Arunachala Thevar replied that he was not under the treatment of the company doctor but was under the treatment of another doctor from whom he could get the certificate. The management insisted on a certificate from the company doctor only. So, he approached the company doctor who refused to give him any kind of certificate. On 30-1-61, the management sought an explanation from him for which he replied on 1-2-61. From 1.2.61 onwards, he was daily going to the mines with a request to give him work. The management refused. However, on 15-2-61 he was served with a termination under for not producing a certificate from the company doctor. In these circumstances, the termination is unjust and incorrect. Further, this Arunachala Thevar is a vice-president of our Union and wields considerable influence among the workers and there, we have every reasons to infer that this is nothing but a victimisation for this legal and normal trade union activity.

In the circumstances, of the case, his removal is neither just nor right and therefore he must be reinstated with back wages and without loss in service.

Item (2):-

Medical certificate given by qualified doctors should be accepted:

The company doctor is not having regular visits to the mines once or twice in a week, he visits, he asks the workers to go to the cement factory premises or to his dispensary at Tirunelveli. These places are at a distance of 4 miles. Since this doctor is always busy with too many engagements, it is difficult for the workers to find him in a fixed place. In these circumstances, when workers produce certificates from qualified doctors, we request the management must accept them and grant leave on that basis.

Item (3):-

Refusal to work to Abraham (T.No.208) of Krishna Mines:-

On 17.2.61, the said worker Abraham applied for a days leave to attend the funeral of his grant mother. The leave was refused, but he was not allowed to work also. Throughout the day, he had to remain idle in the mines. However, he has sent a letter to the manager of Krishna Mines with a copy to the Conciliation Officer (C), Madras.

On 19-2-61 and 20-2-61 he went to the mines as usual but the management refused to give him work. Therefore, he was not allowed to work in the mines. He has not been served with any order in writing, but he was orally told that he will not be allowed to work, till he withdraws the strike notice signed by him on 26.2.61.

It may be pointed out that this worker is one of the signatories to the strike notice served on the quarry managements on 26.2.61,.

In these circumstances, this is a clear of unfair labour practice and victimisation for being a signatory to a perfectly lawful strike notice. By this method, the

management wants to coerce this worker into surrender.

Therefore, we request you to direct the management to put this worker in his job with wages and without loss in service, besides taking such action as may be necessary for the unfair labour practice.

Item (4):-

Absorbition of all workers (formerly employed in the J.A.B. Roche Mines) in the Agricultural Farms Ltd., or Krishna Mines:-

We request you to kindly refer to our letter to you dated 1-3-61 in this connection with a copy to the Conciliation Officer (C); Madras. We request you to direct the quarry managements to absorb all the workers immediately as per agreement between the management and their union.

Item (5):-

Reduction to a lower post of Sri Thangaraj, a Maistry in the Agricultural Farms Ltd.:

This worker is being victimised by being reduced to the post of a mazdoor, for having given strong evidence against the management before the Conciliation Officer (C), when he camped at Palayankottai in January 1961. He is also being harassed in many other ways and the management pressurises him to resign from our union and join the management sponsored union.

In these circumstances, we request you to direct the management to give him the Maistry's post forthwith stop other methods of harassment against him.

Item (6):-

Supplying the copies of certificates to such workers who have been declared unfit by the company's medical Officer:

The following workers have not, so far, been given the true copies of certificates of unfitness issued by the company's medical Officer, inspite of their repeated

requests and reminders. They may be given the copies immediately.

1. Narayanan-Sudalaimuthu Agricultural Farms Ltd. T.No.344
2. Pandaram " " 119
3. Ayirankattan " " "
4. Santhosam Krishna Mines. " 76
5. Saral " " 72
6. Vedanickan " " 32
7. Subbiah " " 64
8. Shanmugam-Subbiah Thevar. Agricultural Farms Ltd. " 140

We request you to enquire into these issues on 19.3.61 and do the needful to redress these grievances.

Thanking you.

Yours sincerely,

*M. Sankaradara*  
President.

Tirunelveli,  
15--3--1961.

- Copy to:
1. Manager, Krishna Mines, Talaiyuthu.
  2. Manager, Agricultural Farms Ltd., Talaiyuthu.
  3. Conciliation Officer (C), Madras.
  4. Honourable Labour Minister, Government of India, New Delhi.

## राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन

ब्रांच कमिटी हिन्दौन (राजस्थान)

क्रमांक.....  
 Received.....  
 Replied.....

A.I.T.U.C.

578/29-3-61

275-A

हिन्दौन  
 दिनांक..... २४.३.१९६१

Sub:- full report of the movement of Kotri Jager  
 Jharna Area Mine workers HINDAUN (RAJASTHAN)

Dear Comrade,

I am hereby sending the full report regarding:-

Basic Ground:-

- (1) our union came into existence in this area in the month of Nov.
- (2) we employed the month of Nov and Dec. in the organisation of the union.
- (3) In the month of Oct it was notified in Rajasthan Gazette that the Contracts will be held at Kotah of the plots of this area.
- (4) There was neither time nor atmosphere for the formation of Cooperatives so that the workers may get the ~~time~~ Contracts written on their names.
- (5) In the month of Nov. a conference was organized in which the resolutions of "Continuing the Hammer system till June" and "The reduction of royalty" were passed unanimously. The resolutions were sent to the Authorities concerned.
- (6) Hammer system is a system adopted by the Govt in the year 1951, under which Rs 25/- are charged per hammer. This system gave the good income for the Govt in first years but later on the

## राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन

ब्रांच कमिटी हिन्डौन (राजस्थान)

क्रमांक.....

हिन्डौन  
दिनांक.....१६६continued

The incomes began to fall year by year due to the corrupt management and pocket filling policy of the Govt staff.

(7) In the year 1959 the H.E. Kotah came to HINDAUN for action but in the face of opposition of thousands workers, he could not find a single contractor for his job.

(8) From that time the system continued till 31st Jan, and the royalty system was imposed from 1st Feb.

(9) The royalty system allows the contractors to charge Rs -14/- per cubic feet after paying the contract money to the Govt.

Workers Demands :— In the above back ground the workers put up the following main demands before the Govt.

(1) That the "hammer system" should be continued till June as because we have prepared our quarries after a great hardship, getting nothing and paying for the Govt under the same system. If the Govt wanted any change, we should <sup>have</sup> informed the workers before rainy season when they start the work of preparing the mines.

(2) That the rate of royalty should be reduced in the view of market prices, labour costs and Transport expenses after treating the union.

## राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन

ब्रांच कमिटी हिन्दौन (राजस्थान)

हिन्दौन

दिनांक.....१९६६

क्रमांक.....

Union Approach and the Govt policy :-

(1) First of all the union officials met with H.E Kotah at HINDAUN with following demands who assured that I will not allow this system to start before April 1st. As concerns for the month of June you should take the higher authorities.

(2) Later on we sent the passed resolutions to the authorities without any reply.

(3) on 6th Jan 1961, The workers deputation met under the leadership of Com Shivali the secretary of the state committee of the union with Mr A. K. Roy the mines secretary. Having heard us he felt our demand reasonable but before giving any decision he wanted the time to hear the Dept. We agreed on it

(4) But to our wonder, the hammer system was stopped from 1st Feb. telegraphically and the Royalty agents began to haunt the mines for the royalty collection.

(5) we immediately ran to the Secretary and met him on 6th Feb. in the light of fresh and unexpected changes. There we were told that still no report has come from Kotah. The Secretary concerned immediately got the orders dictated that "Hammer system be continued till June if no objection."

## राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन

ब्रांच कमिटी हिन्दौन (राजस्थान)

हिन्दौन

क्रमांक.....

दिनांक.....१६६

Continued

The Copies of The above order were dispatched to Kotah and Jaipur before our eyes.

- (b) Immediately after it, we went to Kotah to contact M.E in this matter but there we were replied that "nothing has been received from Jaipur in this matter..."

Thus we were finding ourselves in awkward position as.

- (a) Kotah office does not receive letters from Jaipur Head office, JAIPUR Head office does not receive reports from Kotah office and we are told to run here and there for nothing. we felt that some "hide and seek" game is being played with us.
- (b) Royalty agents were haunting mines and workers were getting frustrated, irritated.
- (c) The work of production stopped from 1st feb. and continued till 16th feb.

D Notice for The Govt :-

On feb. 16th under a resolution a notice was given of three days to the Govt for accepting the demands and submitted by a big 1000 strong demonstration to the S.D. H. HINDAUN. It was mentioned in the notice that after the expiry of notice we will be forced to take any action fit and the consequences will be of the Govt.

## राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन

ब्रांच कमिटी हिन्डौन (राजस्थान)

हिन्डौन

दिनांक.....१९६६

क्रमांक.....

Continued

- (1) The workers Deputation reached Jaipur under the leadership of Com Guind and acquainted the Secretary concerned with the developments. The secretary replied that as "Kotah office does not agree so he is helpless." The copy of the notice was submitted to C.M. Labour Minister and the Secretary.
- (2) After the return from Jaipur and with the consultation of Com Surali the hunger strike was started from 19th Feb. on Kotah Mines.
- (3) The hunger strike ended with the agreement between the Contractors and the workers on 2nd March. Within this period demonstrations and meetings were organized, pamphlets distributed and telegrams sent to the Authorities. No Mohli festival was celebrated in the affected area.
- (4) Mines Dept and the Higher Authorities kept mum and did not take the courtesy of replying even while the S.O. N. and the collector took the sympathetic approach and recommended our case.
- (5) Under the agreement, the workers are to pay Rs 132000/- in four statements till June, and the Contractors' debts will be transferred to the workers. If the workers fail in payments the Contractors will have the right to raise charge royalty.

## राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन

ब्रांच कमिटी हिन्डौन (राजस्थान)

continued

हिन्डौन

दिनांक.....१९६६

क्रमांक.....

[E] Fruits and Difficulties :-

As concerning the fruits which the laborers has received after the brave - heroic struggle are follows :-

- (1) The laborer ~~is to~~ <sup>will</sup> pay only Rs 60 to 70 in the whole year while under royalty every one was forced to pay Rs 150/- at least in a year.
- (2) The contractors went out of field and the opportunities for forming workers Cooperatives are very shining.
- (3) In honest term he is to pay only Rs 8 per hammer per month - leaving the rainy season free.
- (4) Laborer have won in their first struggle so far the strengthening of the union, the chances are very ripe.

But in this whole affair the serious difficulties are involved.

- (1) The payment of money in full statement in time.
- (2) Formation of cooperative society and its well organized continuance.
- (3) Govt approach of no cooperation as being the biggest cooperative of the Distt in the hands of opposition.

# राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन

ब्रांच कमिटी हिन्डौन (राजस्थान)

हिन्डौन

क्रमांक.....

Continued

दिनांक.....१९६६

There are difficulties and fresh questions  
demand a serious consideration and discussion with  
you so that we may not lose the victory  
after getting it. The Union Authorities are approaching  
you to consult.

## F) Fresh Demands :-

- (1) Reduction of the rate of royalty in the view of market prices, labour costs and Transport expenses.
- (2) full Govt Cooperation for the well Conductions of workers Cooperative
- (3) Construction of roads to raise the workers income.
- (4) welfare facilities such like water taps, schools, hospitals, welfare centres etc.

We have formulated these fresh demands but we think to put these before the Govt only after the consultation with you in acute and correct form.

with revolutionary greetings.

Gaining Singh  
Union Secretary

Yours,  
President

# राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन

गाँव कमेटी हिन्डीन (राजस्थान)

A. I. T. U. C.  
Received 8/17/14-A-61  
हिन्डीन

क्रमांक... 118.....

275-A

दिनांक 5-4-१९६1

जीयान लखंडीयसो पाखि हिन्डीन

**विषय: बाक़ ठेकारान कीटरो, कार, फ़ना  
रिया आरा उनके लख स मजदूरों के  
बोच हुए समझौते की मांग करना**

**मसौदा बी**

धाफ़ी मध्यस्थता लख जत तथा पराक्षाय प्रवर्तों आरा  
ठेकारान लख मजदूरों के बोच हुए समझौते की ठेकारान आरा, दि०  
५ अक्टू से पूर्व जो कि दूसरी किस्त देने की तारीख थी, तथा पिसे युनियन  
निश्चित विधि पर देने को केवार थी, अलग २ फ़ाटप के खुलार मजदूरों  
के बोधा समझौता करके मांग करकिया है।

सर्ण रहे कि युनियन ने पहिली किस्त करीब २ का कस्वादी और  
एक प्रकार ३ माह की रायल्टी का रूपया एक माह में ही का करवा दिया ।  
यहा नहां अपने बायदे को पूरा करने के लिए और समझौता की उफ़लता  
पूर्वक सम्पन्न करने के लिए युनियन ने करके को अख़्त्या करके भी फ़ै का मु-  
गतान किया एक प्रकार युनियन समझौते का ज़मानदारो से पाछ किया  
किन्तु ठेकारान आरा अजर लम में समझौता करके के कारण बी विधात  
फ़ै हांगर है उज्जा चारी जिम्मेवारी ठेकारान का है बी युनियन की  
अफ़लों के दिा में कौरे भी उचित क़म उठाने का पूर्ण वैलिक लख वैधानिक  
बन्धनार है।

हमें उम्मीद है कि लख चारी स्थित को रौखो में बाप उक्ति क़म  
उठाले ताकि ठेकारान लख खान मजदूरों के संघा में बिगाड न हो लन्कि  
तथा औद्योगिक शान्ति की रक्षा को जाले।

सदस्य  
व्यवस्था 27/11/14/11/11/11

राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन ज्ञान  
कीटी हिन्डीन जिला स० भाषीपुर राजस्थान

20 JAN 1961

Muz. file.

AITUR

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Rajasthan Mineral & Stone Quarries  
Mazdoor Union (Regd. No. 70/60)  
Sonani Bunking, Station Road,  
Jaipur, Rajasthan.

Jaipur, 18th Jan. 61.

Com. Madanlal Sharma,  
Member, Rajasthan State Committee,  
A.I.T.U.C. Chintaman-ki-Ghati, Raoji-ka-hata,  
Udaipur.

Re: Mine workers Union.

Dear Comrade,

Many thanks for your letter dated 8th. Due to unavoidable circumstances, I could not reply it earlier.

I note all the details given by you.

Mines Act, and other Labour Legislations are enforceable, and the mines referred by you come under Indian Metaliferous mines regulations. That means the workers are entitled to weekly leave, 1.50 per day minimum wage, 8 hours working day, double the ordinary wages for over time work, yearly leave, payment of wages as per Act, and such other provisions are generally enforceable. BUT you know that the workers can get benefit of these provisions only when they have strong trade union. Otherwise the provisions remain only in books. Moreover only through collective bargaining POWER the matters can be easily and without losing much time can be settled. Or else through the usual process of Law much time is taken. This means we must have the majority of the workers on our roll, as well as the union should have demonstrative strength. I have asked Com. Nandlal to send you application & receipt forms from there which you will receive soon. I am also to reach Bhilwara within 3 or 4 days. So please let me know at Bhilwara when you will be able to spare a week or so, for tour in your District. So that not only Rikhabdeo side, but Bhungapat, Deola, Kharakundi, Khemli, Debari, Lakhavali and other nearby mines of your place may also be visited. You know there are rich Fluorite Deposits at Durgavst which the State Government is to run. Moreover Durgavst is playing lot of mischief not only at Udaipur but throughout Rajasthan. So somehow or the other we should have some kind of effective break over him. It is possible only when we start work in mining industry in Udaipur district. Durgavst has influence in Jhavar mines and Decpura scap stone mines, but at other mining centres at Udaipur his influence is negligible. So on hearing from you I will arrange my programme accordingly.

From Bhilwara, I will be able to let you know some more details. One thing is certain that now there are only 2½ months left to enroll membership for this year, and we should not lose any more time. It is therefore necessary that we should meet soon and chalk out programme and act upon it.

With Greetings.

For Yours: Fraternally,  
Mazdoor Union (Regd.)

General Secretary.

Rajasthan Mineral & Stone Quarries  
Mazdoor Union (Regd. No. 70/60)  
Somani Building, Station Road,  
Jaipur, Rajasthan.

Jaipur 6th January 1960.

To, **The Minister for Mines, & Geology.**  
**Government of Rajasthan,**  
**Jaipur.**

Sub: **An appeal on behalf of workers working in  
Kotri, Jagar, Jharna, stone quarries in  
Hindaun Circle.**

Sir,

An urgent necessity has arisen as a result of which a direct appeal is hereby made to you on behalf of workers working in Kotri, Jagar, Jharna, etc stone quarries in Hindaun Circle, and it is hoped your goodness will kindly give a patient hearing and issue necessary instructions to the Department of Mines & Geology in the matter as requested for herein.

1. Hindaun area is a very rich area for stone quarries industry and nearly 10 thousand persons maintenance is dependent on this industry.
2. Since more than a decade stone quarriers used to pay Rs.25/- per month per hammer, and used to obtain permits under Rule 57(2) of Rajasthan Minor Mineral Concession Rules 1955. and thus quarrying the above stone quarries. There was no Royalty system.
3. But last year i.e. in 1959 the Engineer Kota division had come to Hindaun for auctioning the newly demarcated plots on royalty system at the rate of 4 annas per square feet, but the workers gathered in their thousands and opposed this auction. Thereupon the auction was cancelled, and the old "Hammer System" was allowed to continue.
4. On this basis the work again continued and still continuing.
5. It must be pointed out here that during the rainy season the workers get no production and their labour is concentrated on removal of over burden so as to clear the working face to be worked upon later on. This they have to do in order to get production from Diwali to next incoming rainy season. This is done not only here but in every kind of open quarries work everywhere.
6. This work mentioned in 5, was carried out by the workers presently working in the stones quarries mentioned above. Thus they hold a right legitimate as well as moral to work in these quarries atleast upto the coming rainy season. This right the workers should not be deprived of. THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD TAKE EFFECTIVE STEPS TO SEE THAT THIS RIGHT OF THE WORKERS IS NOT TRAMPLED WITH.
7. Hence even if the Government is planning to auction these plots (our information is that they have already auctioned these plots and the new contractors are to take charge from 1st of February 61) We have to request the Government to think again over the whole issue. Any hasty action on the part of the Government may create serious situation as the workers are very much agitated.

P.T.O.

8. Moreover the auctions were held at Kotah, and no notices were issued or exhibited near the area of the quarries, whereby the workers could get prior information about the auction. If they had prior information, they could have raised objections in time, as well as they themselves could have formed cooperative societies so as to obtain the lease rights for themselves, without a middleman (Contractor) between them and the Government.
9. Therefore the Government through another notification in Rajpatra cancel their previous orders in this respect, and give a sufficient notice to the workers about future auctions i.e. for periods after June-July 1961. This will enable the workers to form into Service Mining Cooperative of their own, and apply for leases of the plots.
10. By this request the workers are not asking for anything beyond to implement which has been already declared to be the official policy of the Government.

H E N C E.

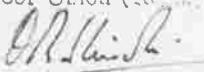
Please issue instructions to the following effects:-

1. That the workers may be allowed to continue the stone quarrying work on Hammer Systems till the rainy season comes.
2. That Cooperative Societies of the workers should get priority over other individual contractors rights. This should be declared in Rajpatra than Rajpatra.

to the Government  
It is our humble request, that while there is still time it should retrace its previous steps, and do above called justice, and help maintain peaceful atmosphere in this area. We feel it our duty to bring to the Notice of the Government, that if the workers fail to get redress at your hands, they will take all the steps in defence of their rights.

Yours Faithfully,

For Rajasthan Mineral & Stone Quarries  
Mazdoor Union (Raj.)

  
General Secretary.

Rajasthan Mineral & Stone Quarries  
Mazdoor Union (Regd. No. 70/60)  
Somani Building, Station Road,  
Jaipur, Rajasthan.

4th Report.

Jaipur. 11th January. 61.

Dear Comrade Srivastava,

Last report was of 13th Dec. 60.

As stated therein I left for Bhilwara on 17th Dec. evening, and reached 18th morning at Mandal. Late day meeting of Mandal worker was held in the Union's office. It was decided on 19th I should hold gate meeting in front of the factory of Rai Bahadur Seth Moolchand Nemichand (2) Ltd. In the Gate meeting I told the management that workers will not tolerate any further repression, and even if a single worker is removed or harassed, the union will give a stiff fight with all the means at its command. In the factory we have our Union since five years, but on the mine IMUC had influence. The management makes full use of IMUC leadership whenever it finds mine workers rise and get disgruntled with IMUC leadership. But there was persistent work of propaganda nature of our Union, as a result of which now there is possibility of increasing our membership on the mines too. So for 5 days I roamed over all the important mines of this area such as Bhasu, Gughar, Bodlkhara, Luharia, Annapurna, and Dal Hill mine etc. Lot of payments to workers of these mines were pending. But our visit to the mines, and holding meetings at Bhasu etc produced one good result. The companies started sending payments to the mine workers. Hence on 23rd evening another Mandal workers meeting was held in which it was decided that every week early in the morning on every Sunday at least a dozen workers should visit different villages of mining area and arrange a meeting of the workers at a suitable place. Accordingly names were noted down who would visit the mines area on coming Sunday i.e. 25th Dec. But when we were holding the meeting our Bhilwara Comrades handed over me an Express Wire which they had received from Com. Lunamia, informing that my wife is very serious and I should be sent to Jaipur by first train. So I had to return back to Jaipur, postponing visits to other places. But letters reaching from Bhilwara say that they are going in accordance with the programme chalked out. Comrade from Bijolia says about 3000 quarry workers work on stone quarries had also come to Mandal to request me to visit Bijolia. A meeting of Comrades from Bhilwara & Chittore Districts is to be held at Bhilwara in the middle of January when they have assured me to seriously consider over mine workers' Union organisational work. I hope to attend it.

Now that the year is over we shall be enrolling the new membership in Bhilwara district in the name of our new provincial union.

Dausa:- They must have served the notices on the employer M/s. Jaipur Mineral Development (1) Ltd, Jaipur. Their representative had come to Jaipur. From him I learnt that about 350-400 Iron Ore mine workers belonging to M/ J. Mulichar Jounjhanwar-1-2 and working at Dagota have also come to them to form Union. At present they have been taken up in Dagota Iron Ore Mazdoor Union, of Dausa, as their contribution allowed Iron Ore workers enrollment. I had received a wire informing me that a few workers were illegally dismissed on the Dagota Iron Ore Mine, the workers had gone on a token strike on 4th inst. Further that the Managing Director of Jaipur Mineral Syndicate had also visited their Dagota Iron Ore Mine to receive a ~~reception~~ self arranged well come reception, but the workers clearly told him that if they don't receive bonus along with their pay on 15th January they would strike the work. Hence it is also necessary that again before leaving for Bhilwara I must once visit Dausa, which I most probably will do today.

P.T.O.

Hindaun:- A delegation of four persons headed by Com. Prasad Lal had visited Jaipur to place the workers grievances before the Government authorities. On 6th inst an urgent appeal addressed to the Minister for mines Rajasthan, was personally handed over to the Secretary to the Minister as the latter was out. I am enclosing herewith a copy of the appeal, which will speak for itself. The Secretary has asked for an urgent report from the Mining Engineer of that area. 88 application forms and relative receipt foils have been handed over to the Head Office, by Hindaun Branch. Now after returning to Hindaun the comrades will start their mass membership and arrange a workers mass rally & meeting, with a view to mobilise the workers under cooperative societies and force the government to give the leases only to these societies. The workers must be prepared not to vacate their mines to give charge to the Contractors. They have also requested me to give about 7 to 10 days time to visit all the mines of their area. They will shortly inform me at Bhilwara/ as to when I should come there. They ~~will~~ wish that Swamiji should address their function.

Udaipur:- I have received a letter from Com. Madanlal Sharma, our State Committee member, informing us that on 8th inst he held a meeting of representatives of mine workers at Rikhabdeo. Representatives from Bilkhi, Kojas Vada, Dhalana, Suari, mines took part in it, and it was decided to form a union, which would be a branch office of our provincial union, and our Udaipur comrades would look after the branch. Near Rikhabdeo mostly the mines are of Soapstone belonging to Sri Mehtab Chandra Golecha, elder brother of Harishchandra Golecha of Jaipur Mineral Development Syndicate. There are also Asbestos Mines there. Nearly 700 to 800 workers are employed in that area. The rates paid are very low, males 1/4 and other workers .50 to .75 up per day. On Sunday the 22nd inst, they have arranged a public meeting at Rikhabdeo, and have requested me to come there. Membership forms and receipt books will be sent there to enable them to start the enrollment. Needless to say that I will try to reach there if other more important engagements do not come in the way. Besides in Udaipur, we will have to visit Deola, Bhungapat, Dharkundi Mines also where there are about 1000 workers employed in Soap Stone mines, where we have very nice contacts with the workers. I hope in my next report I will be able to give further details.

Harauli:- Though forms & receipt books were sent there about a month back, still we have received no further report, though I have sent reminders. Again I am writing to them.

Likar, Khari Mines:- the last report was that about 80 membership was enrolled on Copper Mines (Govt), but no further report has come. Our Comrade of that place had visited Jaipur, but at that time the condition of my wife was very serious, and we could not discuss about the work.

With Greetings,

Your Fraternally,

Copy to Com. Swamiji at Beawar,  
& Punami at Pali.

(D.R. Shirali)

30 JAN 1961

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Copy to Mine  
File

C/o Com. Nandlal Verma,  
Bhupalganj, Bhilwara.  
27th January, 1961.

Dear Comrade Shrivastava,

Dausa. As reported to you in my last reported I visited Dausa on ~~Sunday~~ Saturday the 14th th when I learnt that our Union had arranged a workers meeting on the mines on Sunday 15th inst, in which the iron ore mine workers are especially called to attend. So again on 25th I went there. There are more than 300 workers on iron ore mines here. It belongs to Murlidhar Jhunjhunu-wala (P) Ltd. In the meeting I found soap stone workers were not present but only iron mine workers were present. It was a successful meeting. On 4th inst. these workers had gone on a lightening strike because some of their workers were summarily dismissed. After one hour's strike the dismissed workers were reinstated. Hence in the meeting of 15th the attendance was about 200. I have already informed you that due to specific nature, we have to handle Dausa leadership tactfully. So the iron ore workers have been organised under a separate Union, but in my present many of the workers paid their membership subscriptions to the Union Secretary. They have sent papers for Registration, and soon we will get their application for affiliation. That means we will have three Unions at Dausa affiliated to us totalling about more than 800 workers. A Bonus of 2 1/2 months had already been distributed in Soapstone Factory of Jaipur Mineral Development Industry on 9th inst but Mine workers did not receive it till then. However the company says this Bonus is for 9 months only from 1st April 59 to 31st Dec. 59. That means they have calculated 3 months bonus per year. Of course on the mines too it will be distributed shortly. But in the notices served on the company on behalf of the factory & mines, we have made demand for 6 months for each year, and any bonus the company may distribute without an agreement with the Unions will be treated as Interim bonus. As such the dispute is not over. Their Managing Director Mr. Harishchandra Golecha had promised the Unions' General Secretary to have further discussion in the matter on 24th or 25th of this month. Further developments will be reported to you in due course of time, After my return to Jaipur. I had asked the Union Secretary to inform me at Bhilwara if any serious developments take place there, but so far I have not received any communication here.

Ramganjmandi:- I am very sorry to inform you that In spite of giving a serious warning to the Stone Polish Factory Mazdoor Sabha Ramganjmandi, on 13th Dec. the Union Secretary neither came to Jaipur nor submitted the Statement of claims before the Industrial Tribunal. At first instance 12th Dec was fixed as the last date for submission of the statement, but as on that days no one came from Ramganjmandi, I had moved an application for extension of time. Though it was agreed to extend the time it was not fixed immediately. I was told the Union will be informed about it. Thereafter I had left for Bhilwara tour, and later on I got information that 29th Dec was fixed as last & final date for submission of the statement of claims. The Tribunal had sent registered notice to the Union to this effect and as no statement was filed by the Union by that date, The Tribunal declared an Award of No dispute. As none of the RSTUC officer bears were authorised by the Union to represent on the Tribunal, no notice was sent to RSTUC office. However on learning about this I presented myself before the Tribunal. The judge expressed regrets that as he has already signed the Award he cannot do any thing. I told him that no notice was received by the Union, thereupon I was shown a receipt of the post office. However I was told that if the Union gives an affidavit to the effect that the recipient has no connection with the Union, He may on the basis of the affidavit may request the Government to return back the award for reopening of the case. So on 19th I went to Ramganjmandi, and acquainted the Secretary and workers about the situation. I am enclosing herewith a letter addressed to the Union for your information. They are very careless and

1961 MAR 06

the AITUC should warn them seriously. From the enclosed letter the matter will be clear to you. I went to Kumbhkote mines also belong to Associated Stone Industries who had given stiff fight in May-June last year. There at present Dhulilal the worker who had gone on hunger strike for 13 days in June last year has become local mine leader, and tries to get problems solved on local scale but because he is uneducated and Com. Amarial Sharma the previous secretary is not looking after the work, it is difficult to make permanent arrangements for enrollment of membership and carry out day to day work. The Factory Union Secretary too has expressed his inability to handle mine workers work. ~~Thus~~ I had sent a telegram to Com. R. Tanlal at Jhalawar requesting him to come to Ranganjmandi, so that some or the other permanent arrangements could be made there but he too did not come. Therefore I will have to sit there for about 2 or 3 weeks in continuity then only permanent arrangements can be made. But before doing so, certain policy matters will have to be decided upon so when I next meet Com. Punmia we will consider over the whole matter and then only I will be able to take positive steps there. But at present I may inform you that the moral of workers is high. In the factory as well as on mines. But on mines we will have to work persistently and consistently. As my present in Bhilwara was urgently needed I did not stay at Ranganjmandi for longer time.

Mandalgarh-Bijolia. From Ranganjmandi I came to Bijolia as there are stone quarries employing more than 2500 workers near about here. I went to the mines along with local comrades, and found there are quite a good number of contacts over here. Preliminary discussions were held, and I have left 300 membership forms there. Before 31st March I hope they will enroll 4 to 5 hundred membership of our provincial Union there. After some time I will again be visiting that place. Mandalgarh Tehsil is in Bhilwara district and some Panchayats have been captured by our comrades. This has enhanced the prestige of our comrades which fact certainly will go a long way to organise mine workers here.

Mandal: Today I am proceeding to Mandal next station to Bhilwara for a day. As per my last report we are very active here and nearby area. In the Panchayat elections also we had won with thumping success. Since my last visit our people have captured Judicial Panchayats also here. More over yesterday some workers had met me at Bhilwara who reported that the result of my last visit gave good fruits. Now we will start our provincial union membership in this area. Uptill now old local union's membership was being continued. This is our stronghold so we need not worry.

Udaipur Mineral Development Syndicate (P) Ltd, Bhilwara: They have got soap stone mines at Ghevria, & Chainpura in Bhilwara district, having a yearly production of about 25 thousand tons. This is a sister concern of Jaipur Mineral Development Syndicate of Jaipur, a part of Golecha's soapstone empire. I think next one week will be required for these mines, there are good chances, and tomorrow I am proceeding there with other comrades. Certain plans have been worked out and I hope we will be in a position to give a very good report in my next. Therefore next 10 days I will be in Bhilwara District. Then only for a day or two I will go to Jaipur, ~~xxxxxxxx~~.

Udaipur:- I am awaiting programme from Udaipur Comrades, so 2nd week of February will be Udaipur programme, about which you will hear in due course of time.

Now my wife has gone to Bombay, and am quite free to move for organisational work, which I will fully utilise.

With Greetings.

Yours fraternally,

*(Handwritten signature)*

Copy to Com. Punmia & Swamiji at Beawar: (D.R. Shirali)

225-A

RAJASTHAN STATE COMMITTEE

# ALL INDIA TRADE UNION CONGRESS

( राजस्थान राज्य ट्रेड यूनियन कांग्रेस )

<b>A. I. T. U. C.</b>
Received..7/9/27.2.61
Replied.....

Ref. No.

Somani Bhawan, Station Road,  
JAIPUR CITY.

Dated 25th Feb. 61/96

Dear Comrade Srivastava,

I am writing this letter from Jaipur Office. I have come here daybefore yesterday to see Chief Minister Sukhadia on Beawar T.U. affair.

You must have heard about the Beawar municipal results. Most of our Comrades have been defeated. We over estimated the matters. I already wrote to you that I was held up by Comrades on account of this election hence could not attend Coimbatore Session. None could be so sorry for not attending the Conference, as myself. I do not know the full results of the conference Except what has appeared in T.U. Record.

Today I am approaching you, with another matter, as the matter is very serious.

Comrade Govind Gupta is on Hunger strike since 19th February 61, on Koodi Stone quarries. I am enclosing herewith a copy of communication addressed to the Chief Minister of Rajasthan, which will speak for itself. We are attending the matter at our end, but it would be very helpful if you will contact Shri Guljarilal Nanda, and somehow or the other persuade him to move the Chief Minister, Rajasthan, in the matter.

With Greetings,

Yours Fraternally,

(Kumarand)

*Send up materials  
to be sent to Swaraj  
at Jaipur + Beawar, Day  
1/10  
29/2/61*

Rajasthan Mineral & Stone Quarries  
Mazdoor Union,  
Semani Buildings, Station Road,  
Jaipur.

25th February. 1961.

To, The Chief Minister,  
Rajasthan,  
Jaipur.

Sub: Strike of 4000 workers of Kotdi, Jagar, Jharna,  
Stone quarries in Hindaun Circle, from 1st Feb.  
1961.

HUNGER STRIKE OF COM. GOVIND PRASAD GUPTA FROM  
19.2.1961.

Sir,

I have to draw your serious attention towards the strike of 4000 workers which is proceeding since 1st Feb. 61. on above stone quarries in Hindaun Circle.

In this respect on 6th January 61 & 6th February 61 applications were submitted before Mr. A.K. by the Secretary, concerned. The latter asked the Director of Mines & Geology to continue the Hammer Systems on the above mines, as was hitherto being done, till the end of June, IF the Director has no objection for the same. But it seems the Director does have certain objection, because so far no steps have been taken in the matter.

Therefore the Secretary of Mine Workers Action Committee, addressed a communication to you on 16th February 61, pointing out all their grievances and a short history of development of crisis. Their demands in essence were (1) for continuing hammer systems upto the June end, (2) for giving an opportunity to the workers to form their own cooperative society so as to enable them to get the contracts on their own names, (3) In the mean time to reduce the rate of Royalty if no other alternative is possible.

On 15th February 61, a big demonstration was held in Hindaun City, in which it was announced that if the Government fails to redress the grievances of the workers before 18th February, the workers will start Hunger Strike. According to this decision Com. Gupta is on Hunger Strike on Kotdi Mines since 19th February 61. Today is 7th day of Hunger Strike, and report is that he has reduced more than 10 lbs. Production, Sale, Transport and all kind of work is completely stopped. The workers are too much agitated, and they held second demonstration in Hindaun City on 23rd February 61, in which about 3000 workers participated.

Just now I have received a wire from Hindaun intimating the condition of the Hunger Striker is serious. All over economic repercussions are felt of this strike through out the area, and at this juncture I think the Government can no longer remain indifferent towards what is taking place there.

THEFORE AN IMMEDIATE ACTION BY THE GOVERNMENT IN THE DIRECTION OF SOLVING THE PROBLEM IN A MOST POSSIBLE SATISFACTORY WAY TO ALL CONCERNED, IS URGENTLY SOLICITED. This would necessitate an early calling of a conference of High level Government Officers, Contractors Concerned, and Mine workers Action Committee Representatives, in Hindaun City. I am sure that would pave a long way towards the solution of the problem.

I very seriously hope this will receive the attention it merits.

Mazdoor Union (Sign)  
*(Signature)*  
(Durgadas Shirali)

General Secretary.

Camp. Rangay mand.

10,

The Secy.

21-1-61

Stone Polish Factory, Haydoor Saha  
Rangay mand.

Dear Comrade,

The Tribunal had fixed 10th Dec 60 as the last date for submission of statement of claimers. But you had neither sent any wire nor letter to the Tribunal before the said date, nor you attended the Tribunal.

However I had moved an application asking for the extension of the time, on the basis of that the Tribunal fixed 29th Dec 60 as the final date. The Tribunal had sent a Registered Notice to the Union in form of this date. The Notice was received by one Prabhulal. But no one came to Jaipur on that date nor the statement of claimers was filed. As the Union had not authorised any officer or any of RSTUC to represent the working case in the Tribunal no notice was issued to the RSTUC. Only through our enquiry we came to know about this. If you had attended the Tribunal had <sup>already</sup> given an Award of No Dispute. Therefore cancelling other programs I had to come to Rangay mand. to acquaint the Union the position. The Union Working Committee should pass a resolution that Prabhulal has ceased to be a member of your Working Committee & he had submitted his resignation from your Union.

long local that present he is a member  
 Committee member of Justice Union so  
 he had no authority to the Rights notice  
 of the 1st signed addressed to you  
 Union that after receipt of the notice  
 he did not hand over it to your Union  
 therefore the Union was not aware  
 that the first date was fixed for 29.11.60.  
 It was only when Sir Srinivas of Rayachoti  
 State Committee of ATTU in form of your  
 Union, about 29.11.60 coming  
 been fixed on 29.11.60 + on that  
 as no element of statement of claims was  
 submitted, the 1st signed by ~~disputed and~~  
 answered the Disputes, that you come to know  
 about your notice which was received  
 by P. Srinivas. It is under your Commission  
 when there was no fault on the part  
 of your Union, the 1st signed should  
 refer to the case ix.  
 Justly you should also be aware  
 a 1st signed of the letter sent by you  
 to the 1st signed dated 16-12-60 in  
 which you had informed the 1st signed  
 that as there was discrepancy in the  
 name of Professor the Union had brought it  
 to the notice of the Govt + a no reply  
 had received from Government, you  
 had been awaiting it + in the mean  
 time had informed the 1st signed about  
 it by your letter dated 16.12.60.

clear sent a copy of the letter  
 as mentioned above addressed to the 1st signed  
 to RSTU + also to ATTU.  
 P.T.O.

(2) The Working Committee <sup>of your Union</sup> should pass a Resolution authorising Com. Mohan Punamia Com. Durgade, Shivali + Com. Vidyasagar to represent the workers before the Tribunal. One copy of the resolution should be sent by Registered Post to the Tribunal ~~and~~ ~~one~~ ~~to~~ 3 copies to RSTUC. <sup>Addressed to the Tribunal</sup>

(3) In future all the letters concerning the workers' case, should be sent to the Tribunal only through Registered Post.

(4) You must give immediate reply by Registered Post to the Registrar of Representatives Trade Unions, raising objections to the application made by Intec Union in the following manner:

1. That Intec Union is an employer supported & created Union which has no membership which can be considered majority membership in the factory of A.S.
2. That in the same factory the majority Union is your Union.
3. That the Registrar should ~~arrange~~ <sup>secret</sup> arrange a ~~secret~~ Ballot in the factory to ascertain which Union has the majority support of the workers.

(5) Having sent above reply your Union should make an application to the Registrar of Representative Unions on the enclosed form. I am enclosing here <sup>with</sup> 3 forms of Resolution + 2 application forms for this purpose.

P.T.O.

you should fill up one application form + one resolution duly signed by Secy + Pres + forward it to the Registrar with 5 Registration fees for the purpose.

one appl + Resmt to RSTVE for one information. + one appl + Resmt will remain in your Union Office Record. With the above view 3 forms of Pact I am enclosing here with.

Dear Comrade you know what difficulties the workers + the Union had to face in order to get the referendum + now in spite of RSTVE's so much help your Union has failed utterly to fulfil its obligation to the workers. This is a serious matter + at least now no time should be lost to take some action.

Please see that the above documents are posted on 23-61 or 24-61 at the latest, + sending which the RSTVE will have to consider the question of your Union very serious. As a representative deputed by the RSTVE it becomes my duty to submit my full report to RSTVE.

I had explained all above things to you + to the workers personally but all the same I am giving this letter so that it may remain in the Union Record.

Copy to RSTVE + ATVE for information.

Yours truly  
M. S. R.  
Treasurer  
RSTVE.

16.50 to ATVE.

10 up for members for year RSTVE.

fulfill - of demands proposed by your Union has not sent ATVE + STVE.

Application fee + stamp your workers had to send to collect money on 5th + need to collect money on 5th + send to ATVE + STVE in record without fail.

दुनियाँ भर के मजदूरों एक हो

## नीमला लोहा खान के मजदूर दोस्तों ! शावाश !!

जिस हिम्मत, बहादुरी और पात्म विश्वास के साथ आपने अपनी मजदूर सभा के लाल झण्डे के तले जो बहादुरी का संकेत किया है, वापस दे गिरा करके वालों की विक्रम बाजियों और पुलिस की धोस घपट के, इसो का नतीजा है कि आज आपके संघर्ष के दरम्यान का तोसस कामयाब समझोता जितने जिला जा रहा है।

यूनियन के अध्यक्ष श्री भगवानसहाय जी वेंच व मैनेजमेंट के श्री पुरुषोत्तम जी कोडिया के मध्य निम्न लिखित आश्वास पर समझौता हुआ है।

(१) समस्त मजदूर काम पर चले जावेंगे। इनके काम का टंके भी प्रति टन के हिसाब से तीन आदमियों की कमेटी जो दिनांक २०-६१ को श्री नन्दा जी बेनफेयर एडवाइजर, चीफ कमिश्नर मेवरा भारत सरकार के सामने जो बनी थी और निम्नलिखित उम्रके सदस्य हैं वह करेगी।

(१) श्री पुरुषोत्तम कोडिया : मैनेजमेंट की तरफ से

(२) श्री त्रिवेणीश्याम जी वकील : निस्पक्ष

(३) श्री दुर्गादासजी शिराली : मजदूर प्रतिनिधि

जिस दिन से मजदूर काम पर जावेंगे उस दिन से ही वह रोजे मान्य होंगी, जो कमेटी तय करेगी।

(२) उपरोक्त कमेटी इस बात का भी भरसक प्रयत्न करेगी कि इन मजदूरों को जो आर्थिक हानि हुई हो उसे किस प्रकार निपटाया जा सके। मैनेजमेंट इस पर पूर्ण ध्यान दे जिससे उनको आर्थिक लाभ पहुंचे।

(३) उपरोक्त कमेटी अपना निर्णय २० दिन के भीतर करेगी।

(४) उपरोक्त कमेटी के संयोजक श्री कोडियाजी रहेंगे और कमेटी आदि को बुलाने आदि का कार्य भी वही करेगे।

(५) दोनों तरफ से जो भी मुकदमों में चल रहे हों वह दोनों ही तरफ से वापिस लिए जावेंगे और मुकदमों में सम्बन्धित तमाम व्यक्तियों पर के तमाम आरोप समाप्त कर दिए जावेंगे और मुकदमों से सम्बन्धित किसी भी पक्ष के कोई भी व्यक्ति एक दूसरे के प्रति कोई कार्यवाही नहीं करेगी, जिससे कि दूसरे पक्ष को नुकसान हो।

राजों हीकर दोनों प्रतिनिधियों ने अपने हस्ताक्षर कर इसे स्वीकार किया।

श्री भगवानसहाय भावा

पुरुषोत्तम कोडिया

अध्यक्ष

प्रबन्धक

नीमला खान मजदूर यूनियन नीमला

मुरलीधर मुन्मुन्वाला प्राइवेट लि०

उपयुक्त समझौते के अनुसार ता० २०-१-६१ को मजदूर काम पर लग जावेंगे।

डुंगली खान, दोसा सोव स्टोन मिन्, पी० डब्ल्यू० डी मजदूर सबको ने

गिरि हादिक प्रेम धीर प्रान्त मजदूर तथाक नेत्रविशारदाता मजदूर बर्गीय भाईचारे को निभाने हुए नीमला लोहा खान मजदूरों के इस संघर्ष में हर तरह से जो सहयोग प्रदान किया है इसके लिए तमाम नीमला लोहा मजदूरों की तरफ से हादिक धन्यवाद !

दोसा में नीमला लोहा खान, डगोता सोपे स्टोन मिल, पी० इबल्यू० डी० के मजदूरों का संयुक्त विराट प्रदर्शन इतवार तारीख १६-२-६१ को हो रहा है ।

प्रोग्राम:—

(१) दोपहर ११ बजे से स्टेशन फाटक जुलूस की शुरुआत ।

(२) दोपहर १ बजे गांधी चौक में आम सभा ।

आम सभा में राजस्थान राज्य कमेटी, प्रखिल भारतीय ट्रेड यूनियन कांग्रेस के दुस्रामन्दे श्री दुर्गादास शिराली राजस्थान के खान मजदूर भान्दोलन धीर सभ-स्याओं पर प्रकाश डालेंगे ।

खाल भाषा जिन्दाबाद !

प्रखिल भारतीय ट्रेड यूनियन कांग्रेस जिन्दाबाद !

लोहा खान मजदूर यूनियन जिन्दाबाद !

वेद्य भगवानसहाय भाला

प्रध्यक्ष

सत्यद निगामुद्दीन

जनरल सैक्रेट्री

**लोहा खान मजदूर यूनियन, नीमला**

**मजदूर दास्ता ! भूलो मत !!**

भाया है तूफान कदम से कदम मिलाना है ।

भागे बढ़कर जुल्मा का इतिहास जलाना है ॥

पेट एकसा धीर पेट की भाग एक ही है ।

बरती पर जीने बालों की मांग एकसा है ॥

जन-जीवन पर गिरने वाली गाज एकसी है ।

धर धर से भागे वाली आवाज एकसी है ॥

आज खुटेरों की सत्ता का तख्त हिलाना है ।

भाया है तूफान कदम से कदम मिलाना है ॥

जीवन के चौराहे पर फरियाव एकसी है ।

अरमानों की नई फसल बर्बाद एकसी है ॥

पिसी हुई मानवता की तस्वीर एकसी है ।

दुनिया के इन्सानों की तकदीर एकसी है ॥

इसीलिए उजड़ा उपवन सरसब्ज बनाना है ।

भाया है तूफान कदम से कदम मिलाना है ॥

— पथिक

सर्मा प्रेस, दीसा ।

## खान-मजदूर अपनी एकता से आन्दोलन को सफल बनाये भूख हड़ताल की तैयारी

भाइयो,

ऐसी सूरत में जबकि गत दो हफ्ते से खानों में हड़ताल है, माल लादना और निकालना बन्द है, खानों पर माल भरा पड़ा और जब मजदूरों को अपनी रोजी कमाने के दिन आये हैं तब सरकार ने ता० १ फरवरी से रायल्टी टैक्स लगाकर चन्द्र मुनाफाखोर पूँजीपतियों के खातिर हजारों मजदूरों के पेट में लात मार दी है। बार-बार मीटिंगों व प्रस्तावों के द्वारा माँग पेश करने व बार-बार डेपू-टेशन में कोटा व जयपुर जाने आने में पैसे की बरबादी के बावजूद कोई नतीजा निकलता न देखकर खान मजदूरों को मजबूरन सरकार के लिए भूख हड़ताल का नोटिस देना लाजमी हो गया है।

अतः ता० १५ फरवरी को हिण्डौन में हजारों खान मजदूरों ने संगठित होकर अपनी माँगों को मन्वाने के लिए भारी जुलूस व प्रदर्शन निकाल कर ऐलान कर दिया है कि ३ दिन में माँग मंजूर नहीं की जाती है तो भूख हड़ताल शुरू होगी।

भाइयो, ता० १८ फरवरी को नोटिस की मियाद खतम होने के बाद भूख हड़ताल-सत्याग्रह शुरू कर दिया जावेगा।

खान मजदूरों की उचित माँगों और अधिकारों की हिफाजत के लिए तमाम मजदूरों, किसानों, मध्यमवर्गीय और आम जनता व श्रमिक संगठनों से पुरजोर हार्दिक अपील है कि अपना उचित सहयोग और सहानुभूति खान मजदूरों के इस न्यायोचित और शान्तिपूर्ण संघर्ष की सफलता के लिये देकर अपने कर्तव्य को पूरा करेंगे।

मजदूर एकता जिन्दाबाद !

हथौड़ा सिस्टम जिन्दाबाद !

विनीत—

कामरेड प्रसादीलाल

मंत्री-एक्शन कमेटी खान मजदूर यूनियन

कृष्णा प्रिंटिंग प्रेस, हिण्डौन।

## भूख हड़ताली साथी गोविन्द गुप्ता का वक्तव्य

राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन के नेतृत्व में करीब तीन माह से मजदूर शान्तपूर्ण ढंग से अपनी माँगों को सरकार के सम्मुख रख रहे हैं।

उन्होंने मोर्चा करके, प्रस्ताव पास करके, और जुलूस निकाल करके अपनी माँगों को रखा ! यही नहीं हिण्डौन कोटा जयपुर आदि दफ्तरो के कई चक्कर काटे किन्तु इस सबका नतीजा कुछ नहीं निकला तो मजदूरों को मजबूर होकर सरकार को भूख हड़ताल करने को तीन दिन का नोटिस देना पड़ा। नोटिस की अवधि समाप्त होने के बाद खान मजदूरों की घोषणा के अनुसार मैं आज से भूख हड़ताल प्रारम्भ कर रहा हूँ, मेरी यह भूख हड़ताल तबतक चलती रहेगी जबतक कि खान मजदूरों की माँगें स्वीकृत नहीं हो जाती हैं।

मैं सभी मजदूरों से अपील करता हूँ कि वह मजबूती से अपने आन्दोलन पर डटे रहें और ठेकेदार एवं सरकार की हर भड़काऊ कार्रवाई का शान्तपूर्ण ढंग से मुकाबला करें।

मैं सरकार से भी अपील करता हूँ कि वह मजदूरों की माँग पर सहानुभूति पूर्ण ढंग से विचार कर उन्हें स्वीकार करेगी। यदि पत्थर उद्योग एवम् राष्ट्र को कोई नुकसान नहीं पहुँचे।

राजस्थान खनिज व पत्थर खान मजदूर यूनियन जिन्दाबाद !

अखिल भारतीय ट्रेड यूनियन कांग्रेस जिन्दाबाद !

लाल भण्डा जिन्दाबाद !

१६-२-६१

विनीत—

गोविन्द

कृपया

# खान मजदूरों की माँगें उचित

## कम्युनिस्ट पार्टी का जनता को आवाहन

भाइयो,

पिछले दो माह से जगर, भरना, कोटरी खानों के मजदूर अपनी वाजिब माँग—“जून सन् १९६१ तक हथौड़ासिस्टम चालू रखने” को मनवाने के लिए सरकार से माँग कर रहे थे, मजदूरों ने जयपुर कोटा जा जा कर सरकार से प्रार्थना की—सरकार के सेक्रेटरी श्री राय ने जून तक की माँग को उचित बताते हुए कोटा इन्जीनियर को आदेश दिया लेकिन ठेका दे देना तथा चौथान वसूल कर लेने का बहाना बनाकर मजदूरों का माँग का ठुकरा दिया, इस बात को लेकर मजदूर नेता का० गोविन्द गुप्ता ने ता० १६ फरवरी १९६१ से भूख हड़ताल शुरू कर दी। आज चार दिन हो गये हैं मगर सरकार ने अभी कोई कदम नहीं उठाया है।

हिण्डौन की कम्युनिस्ट पार्टी खान मजदूरों की इस वाजिब माँग का समर्थन करती है, और सरकार से अनुरोध करती हैं कि वह खान मजदूरों की माँग का मंजूर करे। कम्युनिस्ट पार्टी हिण्डौन इलाके की समस्त जनता, प्रगतिशील पार्टियाँ, जनवादी संगठनों एवम् सभी मजदूरों से अपील करती है कि वह मजदूरों की माँगें मनवाने में खान मजदूर यूनियन की सहायता करे और मजदूरों के इस आन्दोलन को चलाने के लिए आर्थिक मदद करे।

आपका साथी

पीरमोहम्मद

मंत्री

कम्युनिस्ट पार्टी हिण्डौन

कृष्णा प्रिंटिंग प्रेस, हिण्डौन।