



AITUC DIGITAL ARCHIVE - 2021

Folder Code: 2 File No. A1-255 S. No. _____

Digital File Code: _____

File Title: Coimbatore Congress - Resolutions & Delegates

Year: 1960-61 / _____ / _____

Metadata: Scanned:

Note: B



EXTRA THICK

File No. _____

Name RESOLUTIONS

Address 26th Session Coimbatore

Subject _____

Serial Nos _____ to _____

From _____ to _____

Year 1960-1961

Folder No. ~~X3~~ 2
File No. X4

File

Amendment
Steps received
in Coimbatore
Session to Report,
before Replying

SAS

1. Delete the following
sentence in page seven:

"The remedy is to
change its composition;
that is, win it for the
democratic masses".

The above formulation
is unnecessary in the
context the subject is
dealt with.

2. Delete the following
sentence in Page
Thirty two of the Report:

"From the experience
of several years
- - - - - Gajendragada
and a few others."

- Proposed by
T. N. Siddhanta

(West Bengal)

Please delete the name of
Jeejeebhoy from page 32
para 4 (line 11) who is
notorious for his anti-
labour attitude. It is because
of this and other personnel of
LAT we, trade unionists,
have been demanded the
abolition of LAT and have
won.

~~V. S. Rao~~
8/1/1961
Delegat-

Gmava Cotton & Allied Cos.
Employees' Union, Bombay

Amendments

(1) Page - 22. In para beginning, "In basis of this . . . group."

Add the following: - In this assessment, the fact the index figure is discussed by several if not all the All India industrial organisations is not to be forgotten. Nor is it implied that these index figures, their basis or their compilation is without dispute.

(2) Page 27. In para beginning, "The G.O.I. . . . minimum wages"

Add: "With the formulation of the minimum wage formula, the comparison with the 1939 index becomes irrelevant, and the fixation of minimum wages would be ~~be~~ contained by the local conditions."

K. K. MUNDUL

EAST ASIATIC & DUMEX EMPLOYEES UNION
BOMBAY

(Maharashtra Unit)

From: K.S. Janakiram,
Madras.

To: The General Secretary,
AITUC.

Dear Sir,
The following are a few observations which I personally wish to submit, and it may be the views are shared by other delegates also I had occasion to discuss these with some of them.

Chap. I.
I. Com. Dange's analysis of the people's victory over Fascism and the ultimate weakening of imperialism after the II World War - the present current liberation movement etc is a correct review of the international situation. A reference what might have been made as to what should be, and what has been the role of working class organisation in the context of the national liberation from British imperialism.

II. Regarding the political tasks of trade unions, I agree that workers must be mobilised on political issues because politics cannot be left as monopoly of any political party. That is to say the broad and stable political issues of the working class cannot be left dependent on the vicissitudes and fortunes of a political party. It has not been made clear as to what is meant by "political action". If the implication is as may be inferred by many of the delegates "Communist" "political action" then it is going to divide the ranks of the working class helping neither such a party nor the class. Does it specifically imply that the trade unions by their political action must be a lever in unifying the class as a whole irrespective of their political affiliations? In other words the "politics of the class" should be the politics of the whole class and not of any part or section of it.

mean monolithic concept at the expense of T. U. Unity and T. U. Democracy. There should be clarification

IV. On the question of T. U. Unity there is no review — nor any formulations for the achievement of T. U. unity which is very necessary and essential both in the interests of the class and the Nation. Does the omission indicate abandonment of this direction of the movement? Or does it indicate accepting the STATUS QUO and developing the politicalisation of the class within the fold — in other words, is the role of T. U. only that of a "front"?

K. Anakeram

8/1/61.

To
Comrade chairman,
of the conference.

Dear Comrade,

I request the
Gen. Secretary to take into
account the proposal of
Sri Sanjiva Reddy about
indirect elections and
its sinister implications
against our infant
democracy.

Nityamandanda
(Orissa)

970)

TRIFED.

3687

General Secretary:
S. C. Krishnan, B.A.,

5, Arumuga Naicken St.,
Madras-2.

Date: 25th Dec. 50

B.E.,
T.N.T.U.C. c/o Rec. Committee,
of the A.I.T.U.C.
Mar Road, Coimbatore-1.

Observers to the Conference-- intimation.

I acknowledge with thanks your kind invitation for our
to send either fraternal delegates or observers for the
of the A.I.T.U.C.

The State Executive meeting of our Federation, your kind
and was read and after discussion we have decided to send the
following Officers-bearers of the Federation and the affiliated Unions
observers to the Conference. We hope and trust that you will
and your co-operation in enabling our ~~representatives~~ representatives to
the benefit of the valuable deliberations of the Conference.

Thanking you.

Yours fraternally,

S. C. Krishnan

General Secretary.

List of representatives:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Sri K. Subramaniam, B.A.B.Sc. | Vice-president. (Pykara) |
| 2. ,, C.A. Ganapathy | (Vellore) |
| 3. ,, R. Sowrirajan | Joint Secretary (Mettur) |
| 4. ,, T.R. Ranganathan | Member, State Exec. (Trichy) |
| 5. ,, S. Anantaraman | (Papanasam) |
| 6. ,, S.R. Neelakantan | Joint Secretary (Madras) |
| 7. ,, P. Dhanaraj | (Papanasam) |
| 8. ,, D. Janakiram | Member, State Ex. (Madras) |
| 9. ,, K. Ramasamy | (Papanasam) |
| 10. ,, S. Ramasamy | (Kundah.) |

Copy to:

- ✓ The General Secretary, A.I.T.U.C.
- The Chairman, Reception Committee, CBE.

*I kindly hand over the copies to
G.S., AITUC & CMTREY please.*

S.C.

Tamilnad Electricity Workers Federation

President:

V. G. Row, Bar-at-Law

(Reg. No. 2970)

T'grams: ELECTRIFIED.

PHONE: 83687

General Secretary:

S. C. Krishnan, B.A.,

5. Arumuga Naicken St.,
Madras-2.

Ref:

Date: 29th Dec. 60

Sri T.R.Ganesan, B.E.,
General Secretary, T.N.T.U.C. c/o Rec. Committee,
26th Conference of the A.I.T.U.C.
10/21 Renga Konar Road, Coimbatore-1.

Dear Comrade,

Observers to the Conference-- intimation.

We acknowledge with thanks your kind invitation for our Federation to send either fraternal delegates or observers for the 26th conference of the A.I.T.U.C.

At the State Executive meeting of our Federation, your kind invitation was read and after discussion we have decided to send the following Office-bearers of the Federation and the affiliated Unions as observers to the Conference. We hope and trust that you will extend your co-operation in enabling our ~~xxxxxx~~ representatives to get the benefit of the valuable deliberations of the Conference.

Thanking you.

Yours fraternally,

S. C. Krishnan

General Secretary.

List of representatives:

1. Sri K.Subramaniam, B.A.B.Sc. Vice-president. (Pykara)
2. ,, C.A.Ganapathy (Vellore)
3. ,, R.Sowrirajan Joint Secretary (Mettur)
4. ,, T.R.hanganathan Member, State Exec. (Trichy)
5. ,, S.Anantaraman (Papanasam)
6. ,, S.R. Neelakantan Joint Secretary (Madras)
7. ,, P.Dhanaraj (Papanasam)
8. ,, D.Janakiram Member, State Ex. (Madras)
9. ,, K. Ramasamy (Papanasam)
10. ,, S.Ramasamy (Kundah.)

Copy to:

The General Secretary, A.I.T.U.C.
The Chairman, Reception Committee, CBE.

Tamilnad Electricity Workers Federation

President:
W. G. Row, Bar-at-Law

(Reg. No. 2970)

T'grams: ELECTRIFED.

PHONE: 83687

General Secretary:
S. C. Krishnan, B.A.,

5. Annaga Naicken St.,
Madras-2.

Ref:

Date: 29th Dec. 60

Sri T.R.Ganesan, B.E.,
General Secretary, T.N.T.U.C. c/o Rec. Committee,
26th Conference of the A.I.T.U.C.
10/21 Renga Konar Road, Coimbatore-1.

Dear Comrade,

Observers to the Conference-- intimation.

We acknowledge with thanks your kind invitation for our Federation to send either fraternal delegates or observers for the 26th conference of the A.I.T.U.C.

At the State Executive meeting of our Federation, your kind invitation was read and after discussion we have decided to send the following Office-bearers of the Federation and the affiliated Unions as observers to the Conference. We hope and trust that you will extend your co-operation in enabling our ~~MEMBER~~ representatives to get the benefit of the valuable deliberations of the Conference.

Thanking you.

Yours fraternally,

S. C. Krishnan

List of representatives:

General Secretary.

1. Sri K. Subramaniam, B.A.B.Sc. Vice-president. (Pykara)
2. ,, C.A. Ganapathy (Vellore)
3. ,, R. Sowrirajan Joint Secretary (Mettur)
4. ,, T.R. Ranganathan Member, State Exec. (Trichy)
5. ,, S. Anantaraman (Papanasam)
6. ,, S.R. Neelakantan Joint Secretary (Madras)
7. ,, P. Dhanaraj (Papanasam)
8. ,, D. Janakiram Member, State Ex. (Madras)
9. ,, K. Ramasamy (Papanasam)
10. ,, S. Ramasamy (Kundah.)

Copy to: ✓

The General Secretary, A.I.T.U.C.
The Chairman, Reception Committee, CBE.

The Kolar Gold Fields Beedi Workers' Union

Champion Reefs, K.G.F.

Date 3rd. Jan. 1951

The Secretary,
A.I.T.U.C.
26th Conference Reception Committee,
10/21, Ranga Konar Road,
COIMBATORE.

Dear Comrade,

We are sending Com. N.Sinduraj as fraternal delegate for the 26th Session of the A.I.T.U.C. , which is being held at Coimbatore from 5th to 12th inst: We request you kindly accept him as fraternal delegate for the Session and accord him the necessary facilities.

With fraternal greetings,

Yours fraternally,

S. Saravidos .
Secretary.

F. A. C. T. Navika Thozhilali Union,

Reg: No. 21/53.

OFFICE ELOOR,

Ref: No.

2-1-1961

The Secretary
A. I. T. U. C.

Dear Comrade,

Two of the following
persons will attend the
Annual Conference as delegates
on behalf of our union.

1. Com. E. Balaraman
2. " M. R. Ramachandran
3. " P. K. Sadanandan

Thanking you
yours comrades
K. S. S. S.
Secretary

KOZHIKODE DISTRICT MOTOR TRANSPORT WORKERS' UNION

(Regd. No. 215/57)

Affiliated to A.I.T.U.C., W.F.T.U. & National Federation of Road Transport Workers of India

Office: ~~NEAR TELEPHONE EXCHANGE, KOZHIKODE-I.~~
Attarwala Buildings, Kozhikode-I.

President :

KALLAT KRISHNAN

Gl. Secretary :

E. V. VELAYUDHAN

Date 3 - 1 - 1961.

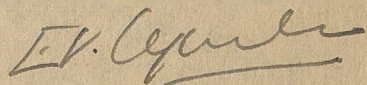
To

The Secretary,
AITUC,
C/O Reception Committee,
10/20, Ranga Kour Road,
Coimbatore.

Dear Comrade,

Our union has elected Com. Kallat Krishnan and Com. T.K.Chandrasekharan as our delegate for the 26th session of the AITUC. Our union is having a membership of 331 at 31st March, 1960. The balance of the affiliation fee will be paying at Coimbatore.

Yours fraternally,


Secretary.

THE COMMERCIAL EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION

(REG. No. 908 UNDER TRADE UNION ACT OF INDIA 1926)

AFFILIATED TO A. I. T. U. C. & W. F. T. U.

Pootheri Buildings, CALICUT-4.

PRESIDENT : E. C. BHARATHAN
GEN. SECRETARY : E. V. VELAYUDHAN

Date 4. 1. 1961.

Yo,

The Secretary

A. I. T. U. C

do. Reception Committee
10/26, Ranga Koman Road,
Coimbatore.

Dear, Comrade,

Our union has elected Com. E. V. Velayudhan as our delegate for the 26th Session of the A. I. T. U. C. Our union is having a membership of 831 at 31st March, 1960. The Balance of the affiliation fee will be paying at Coimbatore.

Yours Fraternaly
E. V. Velayudhan
Secretary

OIL PRODUCTION WORKERS UNION JAMNAGAR
C/O. KANTILAL.P.THAKORE
MOHMEDBHUKHA'SHOUSE, NAGNATHGATE
JAMNAGAR; Dated, 30th January'1960

✓ TO:-
The Chairman,
All India Trade Union Congress
26th Conference Reception Committee,
10/21, Ranga Konor Road,
COIMBATORE

SUBJECT:- DELEGATES

DEAR SIR,

The General Body Meeting of the union has decided to send one delegate to attend the Conference and Shri. P.Ramrao, Vice-President of the Union is nominated for the same.

Due to Non-Sanctioning of leave asked for delegate is coming late at Coimbatore i.e. he will start from Jamnagar on 3rd instant reaching there at about on seventh.

Will you kindly make available the Volunteers at station if possible.

Thanking you,

Yours Faithfully,
for Oil Production Workers Union Jamnagar

(K.P.Thakore)
General - Secretary

NB
Copies of this letter is
given to delegate.
Shri. P.Ramrao

Copy to:-

Shri. K.G.Shrivastav,
Secretary,
A.I.T.U.C.

New-Delhi.----- Please herewith a resolution and the details of our activities;

RESOLUTION:

Connected Trade Unions and its officers should be debarred to form a RIVAL trade unions in the District.

Reasons:-

Trade Union Council Jamnagar had formed a two RIVAL Trade Unions viz; Tiles Kamdar Union Jamnagar and Halar J, Salt Kamdar Union in which Shri. R.Dave is General-Secretary Shri. S.Vasha is President.

The all details of these two RIVAL trade unions be obtained from Secretary Maha-Gujrat Trade Union Congress Baroda who twice intervene to settle the issue.

If this case is not finally decided by the annual conference the strength of the trade union may be weakened and numbers of RIVAL trade unions will come out at Jamnagar.

Details note of Trade Unions:-

1. Union Having the Negotiation Machinery Agreement with the following management under section 109 of I.D.Act'47 i.e. Joint-Reference

1. Jaylaxmi Salt Works Pri.Ltd, Jamnagar
2. K.C.A.Pri.Ltd, Jamnagar
3. Mehta Saw Mill Jamnagar
4. Mahavir Transport Co. Jamnagar
5. Modern Furniture works Jamnagar.

2. Unions Having Five years agreement for Recognition:-

1. The Indian Hume Pipe Co.Ltd, Jamnagar
2. K.C.A.Pri.Ltd, Jamnagar
3. Mehta Saw Mill Jamnagar
4. Mahavir Transport Co, Jamnagar

3. The trade union have conducted a STRIKE in the Industry; The Indian ~~Fraxex~~ Extractions Pri.Ltd, Jamnagar wef. 9-4-1960 to 26-7-1960 and none was attending the work. Total workman were in strike is 265


The strike was called for Pay scales, DA and Bonus etc, The cases were taken-up in conciliation in the Feb'59 and were declared as failed in the month of ~~Feb'59~~ November 1959, but again conciliation were opened in Feb'60 and No result. Thereupon the all cases were withdrawn and strike was called.

After over the strike i.e. on the offer of the coy. strike was called back and Bonus were paid to workers at the rate of 4½ months wages including D.A. and pay scales and DA were referred to Commissioner of Labour Ahmedabad under joint-Reference which is not with Industrial Tribunal as adjudication No, I.T.(G) 32/1960.

While strike in industry No one trade unions in which Shri. S.Vasha is General-Secretary helped the workers but they had acted to back the strike.

4. The representative of our union is holding majority in Mahagujrat and Government had appointed us in the Tripartite advisory committee for mahagujarat for the purpose of Factories Act 1948.
5. After formation of our trade unions the INTUC had gobe back from the Industrial Area of Bedeshver and dissolved its five trade unions viz. 1. Hume Pipe Kamdar Mandal 2. Steel and Metal Workers Mandal, 3. Oil Mill Kamdar Mandal 4. Dyeing and Printing Kamdar Mandal, 5. Transport workers and owners association.

INTUC have no membership in bedeshver area since from 1959.


(K.P.Thakore.)

OIL PRODUCTION WORKERS UNION JAMNAGAR
C/O. KANTILAL.P.THAKORE
MOHMEDEBHUKHA'SHOUSE, NAGNATHGATE
JAMNAGAR; Dated, 30th January'1960

TO:-
The Chairman,
All India Trade Union Congress
26th Conference Reception Committee,
10/21, Ranga Konor Road,
COIMBATORE

SUBJECT:- DELEGATES

DEAR SIR,

The General Body Meeting of the union has decided to send one delegate to attend the Conference and Shri. P.Ramrao, Vice-President of the Union is nominated for the same.

Due to Non-Sanctioning of leave asked for delagate is coming late at Coimbatore h.e. he will start from Jamnagar on 3rd instant reaching there at about on seventh.

Will you kindly make available the Volunteers at station if possible.

Thanking you,

Yours Faithfully,
for Oil Production Workers Union Jamnagar

(K.P.Thakore)
General - Secretary

Copy to:- ✓

Shri. K.G.Shrivastav,
Secretary,
A.I.T.U.C.

New-Delhi.----- Please herewith a resolution and the details of our activities;

RESOLUTION:

Connected Trade Unions and its officers should be debarred to form a RIVAL trade unions in the District.

Reasons:-

Trade Union Council Jamnagar had formed a two RIVAL Trade Unions viz; Tiles Kamdar Union Jamnagar and Halar Jalla Salt Kamdar Union in which shri. R.Dave is General-Secretary and Shri. S.Vasha is President.

The all details of these two RIVAL trade unions be obtained from Secretary Maha-Gujrat Trade Union Congress Baroda who trice intervene to settle the issue.

If this case is not finally decided by the annual conference the strength of the trade union may be weakened and numbers of RIVAL trade unions will come out at Jamnagar.

Details note of Trade Unions:-

1. Union Having the Negotiation Machinery Agreement with the following management under section 109 of I.D.Act'47 i.e. Joint-Reference

1. Jaylaxmi Salt Works Pri.Ltd, Jamnagar
2. K.C.A.Pri.Ltd, Jamnagar
3. Mehta Saw Mill Jamnagar
4. Mahavir Transport Co. Jamnagar
5. Modern Furniture works Jamnagar.

2. Unions Having Five years agreement for Recognition:-

1. The Indian Hume Pipe Co.Ltd, Jamnagar
2. K.C.A.Pri.Ltd, Jamnagar
3. Mehta Saw Mill Jamnagar
4. Mahavir Transport Co, Jamnagar

3. The trade union have conducted a STRIKE in the Industry; The Indian ~~xxxx~~ Extractions Pri.Ltd, Jamnagar wef. 9-4-1960 to 26-7-1960 and none was attending the work. Total workman were in strike is 265


The strike was called for Pay scales, DA and Bonus etc, The cases were taken-up in conciliation in the Feb'59 and were declared as failed in the month of ~~xxxx~~ November 1959, but again conciliation were opened in Feb'60 and No result. Thereupon the all cases were withdrawn and strike was called.

After over the strike i.e. on the offer of the coy. strike was called back and Bonus were paid to workers at the rate of 4½ months wages including D.A. and pay scales and DA were referred to Commissioner of Labour Ahmedabad under joint-Reference which is not with Industrial Tribunal as adjudication No, I.T.(G) 32/1960.

While strike in industry No. one trade unions in which Shri. S.Vasha is General-Secretary helped the workers but they had acted to back the strike.

4. The representative of our union is holding majority in Mahagujrat and Government had appointed us in the Tripartite advisory committee for mahagujarat for the purpose of Factories Act 1948.
5. After formation of our trade unions the INTUC had gobe back from the Industrial Area of Bedeshver and dissolved its five trade unions viz. 1. Hume Pipe Kamdar Mandal 2. Steel and Metal Workers Mandal, 3. Oil Mill Kamdar Mandal 4. Dyeing and Printing Kamdar Mandal, 5. Transport workers and owners association.

INTUC have no membership in bedeshver area since from 1959.


(K.P.Thakore.)

The K. G. F. Sanitary Board Workers' Union

(Reg. No: 31)

- Affiliations : 1. All India Trade Union Congress.
2. Karnataka Provincial Trade Union Congress.

Andersonpet, K. G. F.

2nd: Jan: 1960¹

The Secretary,
A.I.T.U.C.
26th conference Reception committee,
10/21, Ranga Konar Road,
COIMBATORE.

Dear Comrade,

We are sending com: S. Saveridoss Secretary of our union as delegate for the 26th session of the A.I.T.U.C., which is being held at Coimbatore from 5th to 12th inst.: He has been elected as a delegate by our Executive Committee. We request you to accept our delegate for the Session and accord him the necessary facilities.

With fraternal greetings,

Yours fraternally,

V. Vijayaraman
President.

The K. G. F. Sanitary Board Workers' Union
Andersonpet, K. G. F.

The Kolar Gold Field Hospital Workers' Union

Andersonpet, K.G.F.

Ref No.

2nd : Jan: 1961

The Secretary,
A.I.T.U.C.
26th conference Reception Committee,
10/21, Ranga Konar Road,
COIMBATORE.

Dear Comrade,

We are sending com: V; Krishnan member of our Executive Committee as a delegate for the 26th Session of the A.I.T.U.C., which is being held at Coimbatore from 5th to 12th inst: . He has been elected as a delegate by our Union Executive Committee. We request you to accept our delegate for the Session and accord him the necessary facilities.

With fraternal greetings,

Yours fraternally,

S. Saravidos.

Secretary.

The K. G. F. Hospital Workers' Union
CHAMPION REEFS, KOLAR GOLD FIELDS

TILE WORKERS' UNION, FEROKE,

P. O. CHERUVANNURE

Regd. No. 36 (Amalgamated) Under Indian Trade Union Act

President:-Mr. P. KORU

Asst. Secretaries:-Mr. K. SAMI

Vice Presidents:-Mr. K. SANKARAN NAIR

Mr. C. KUMARAN

Mr. T. P. HASSAN

Mr. M. SHANMUGHAN

Mr. K. ANDYKUTTY

Treasurer:-Mr. C. CHAYICHAN

G. Secretary:- Mr. K. PADMANABHAN

Ref. No.

Date 2 - 1 - 1961 .

To

The General Secretary,
A.I.T.U.C.,
c/o Coimbatore Dt. Mill Workers' Union,
10/21 Ranga Conar Road, Kattoor,
Coimbatore.

Dear Comrade,

Our Union has elected the following delegates for the meeting of the A.I.T.U.C. to be held on the 26th instant.

1. Sri P. Koru
2. ,, K. Padmanabhan
3. ,, C. Chayichan
4. ,, M. Shanmughan
5. ,, C. Kumaran
6. ,, T.P.Hassan
7. ,, N. Gopalan
8. ,, P.V. Balan Nair,
9. ,, C. Raru
10. ,, T. Bhaskaran

We request that the above comrades may be accepted as the delegates for the conference. Our Union membership No. is 2693.

Yours faithfully,

Padmanabhan

Copy to
The Reception Committee.

General Secretary.

TILE WORKERS' UNION, FEROKK, P. O. CHERUVANNURE

Regd. No. 36 (Amalgamated) Under Indian Trade Union Act

President:-Mr. P. KORU

Asst. Secretaries:-Mr. K. SAMI

Vice Presidents:-Mr. K. SANKARAN NAIR

Mr. C. KUMARAN

Mr. T. P. HASSAN

Mr. M. SHANMUGHAN

Mr. K. ANDYKUTTY

Treasurer:-Mr. C. CHAYICHAN

G. Secretary:- Mr. K. PADMANABHAN

Ref. No.

Date 2 - 1 - 1961 .

To

The General Secretary,
A.I.T.U.C.,
c/o Coimbatore Dt. Mill Workers' Union,
10/21 Ranga Conar Road, Kattoor,
Coimbatore.

Dear Comrade,

Our Union has elected the following delegates for the meeting of the A.I.T.U.C. to be held on the 26th instant.

1. Sri P. Koru
2. ,, K. Padmanabhan
3. ,, C. Chayichan
4. ,, M. Shanmughan
5. ,, C. Kumaran
6. ,, T.P.Hassan
7. ,, N. Gopalan
8. ,, P.V. Balan Nair,
9. ,, C. Baru
10. ,, T. Bhaskaran

We request that the above comrades may be accepted as the delegates for the conference. Our Union membership No. is 2693.

Yours faithfully,

Copy to
The Reception Committee.

Padmanabhan
General Secretary.

वाणिज्य कर्मचारी संघ

मोकामा (पटना)

पता न० -- १७

दिनांक ११/११/५९ १६

श्री मंत्री

लगातार समिति

आबुल आलीय ट्रेड युनियन कांग्रेस का २६वां (सम्मेलन)

१०/२१, रंगी कोनार रोड

कोयम्बतूर

महाराज,

आपका पत्र मिला। धन्यवाद। विशेष परिस्थिति वश हमारे प्रतिनिधि सम्मेलन में भाग नहीं ले सकेंगे, तथापि हमारी शुभ कामनाएं, सम्मेलन की सफलता के साथ हैं।

आशा है, बाद में सम्मेलन के विवरण से हमें अवगत अवगत आयेगा।

प्रातृत्व भावना के साथ

विशेषकर

पता

वाणिज्य कर्मचारी संघ

मोकामा

Calcutta Port & Dock Workers' Union

REGD NO. 5020

Affiliated to A. I. T. U. C. & W. F. T. U.

27-B, CIRCULAR GARDEN REACH ROAD, CALCUTTA-23

President : SRI INDRAJIT GUPTA, M. P.

Ref.

Dated 8. 1. 1967.

Com. K.G.

Delegates connected with the Port & Dock Unions (Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cochin, Kandla, Chandernagore, Tuticorin & Mangalore) assembled in a short meeting this afternoon at the A.I.T.U.C. Conference Hall. The meeting discussed the following:-

- 1) Draft Resolution on Port & Dock for the A.I.T.U.C. Conference prepared by A.S.K. & D.K.S.
- 2) The question of formation of separate federations in the Port & Dock including minor ports.

Representatives from different Ports took part in the discussion. The draft resolution has been ratified with addition of two points raised by Com. T. M. Aboo of Cochin.

It has also been agreed upon that the time is not matured to form the separate federations right now and we should wait

Calcutta Port & Dock Workers' Union

REGD NO. 5020

Affiliated to A. I. T. U. C. & W. F. T. U.

27-B, CIRCULAR GARDEN REACH ROAD, CALCUTTA-23

President : SRI INDRAJIT GUPTA, M. P.

Ref.

2

Dated 196 .

tille the newly formed Calcutta Union can consolidate their position till from today. The Coordinating Committee which was formed under the leadership of Com. S.A. Deyal before two years should keep such necessary and possibilities in view and act accordingly so that we can prepare ground for such a federation as soon as possible.

Constant touch with the minor Posts should be maintained by the Coordinating Committee. If necessary one or two representatives from these minor Posts may also be co-opted in the Coordinating Committee by ACTIVE Centre.

Each & Every speaker expressed their view that regular and constant touch and guidance from the Centre to the ACTIVE units including minor Posts is essential.

This is for your information please.

Yours truly
Debkun Kundu 8/1/60

Robin Press, Cal. - P. 1475/53 - 54. P. 1475 (H) - 11. 2. 53. O. 7. 11/P - 176. P. 1. 56-50,000 No.



INDIAN POSTS AND



TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT

"Free Registration of your Phone Number ensures quick delivery of telegrams. Details at Telegraph Office"



Class } 0
Prefix } Code Mo

No.

Recd. from } By U8

Sent at _____ H. _____ M.
To _____
By _____

Office _____

Headed in at (Office of Origin) 4 yantrapur 5

Date _____ Hour _____ Minute _____

Service Instructions

Words 23

TO Secretary a i

Recd. time as 15 H. 12 M.

T u c conference chidambaram
garden combatore
with the conference every
Success

Secretary
The Mysore Kirloka
= an employees

E. E.—The name of the sender, if telegraphed, should be written after the message

Amount paid

258



INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT



100-33 (Post) 100-34, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200

No. _____ C.

Recd. Here at _____		Sent at _____ H. _____ M.	Office Stamp.
By _____		To _____	
		By _____	

Handed in at (Office of Origin.)	Date.	Hour.	Minute.	Series Instructions.	Words.

TO Recd. here at _____ H. _____ M.

O LE A-4 MADRAS E VIA MSO 5-14 AITUCOMG COIMBATORE =

ARRIVING JANUARY 6 BY PLANE FROM MADRAS = SUGIRI

The name of the sender if acknowledged should be written after but enclosed leave the last.

DRAFT RESOLUTION.

"This 26th Session of the A.I.T.U.C. resolves that the Trade Union Record should be issued in State Languages of the concerned State where there is a strength of one hundred or more affiliated unions to the A.I.T.U.C, so that ordinary workers could easily understand the contents of the TUR and the purpose of the publication will be served to a considerable greater extent".

E.C.Bharathan,
Calicut.

Engineering Workers' Union, Manipur.

Regd. No. 6 of 59-60.

Thangal Bazar, Imphal.

No 22/w.u/61.

Date 3rd Jan. 1961.

To

The Chairman,
All India Trade Union Congress,
26th Conference Reception Committee,
10/21, Ranga Konar Road,
Kattoor Coimbatore.

Dear Comrade,

Your letter of 9-12-60 was duly received and our Union has been unfortunate not to be able to send our delegates to the ensuing conference. The Engineering Workers' Union has now a membership of 300. We are sending the affiliation fee, for the year 1960-61, the sum of Rs. 21.50 N.P. In this connection we regret none for Manipur will be attending the conference. Our Comrade Th. Meghachandra Singh a council member too, is in jail in connection with the recent movement for responsible government. We regret our inability to attend this 26th Annual conference. We wish the conference all success.

With greetings.

Yours comradely,

Ch. Bohal Singh
3.1.61.

Secretary,

Engineering Workers Union.

BELGIAN ~~CONF~~FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS
BRUSSELS

TWENTY SIXTH SESSION ALL INDIA TRADE
UNION CONGRESS NOW MEETING AT

COIMBATORE SENDS FRATERNAL GREETINGS
OF SOLIDARITY
L TO BELGIAN TRADE UNIONS AND WORKERS
FOR GREAT UNITED GENERAL STRIKE
ACTION AGAINST AUSTERITY BUDGET OF
BELGIAN COLONIALISTS AND NATO PARTNERS
IMPOSING NEW BURDENS ON WORKERS STOP
WISH ALL SUCCESS YOUR HISTORIC
STRUGGLE DESPITE VIOLENT POLICE
MILITARY REPRESSION CONSTITUTES POWERFUL
ACTION FOR PEACE.

DANCE
SECRETARY GENERAL
AITUC.

SPEECH BY Z. DAGWA, VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE
CENTRAL COUNCIL OF THE MONGOLIAN TRADE
UNIONS AT THE 26TH SESSION OF THE AITUC,
COIMBATORE, JANUARY, 1961.

Dear friends,

It is indeed ^a great pleasure for me ^{to} extend the brotherly and warm greetings of the working people and the ~~the~~ trade unions of the Mongolian People's Republic to the 26th Session of the All-India Trade Union Congress and through this Session to the Indian glorious working class and also to express our heartfelt thanks to Comrade S.A. Dange, ~~the~~ General-Secretary of the AITUC, for the kind invitation extended to the representatives from Mongolia enabling ~~xxx~~ ^{us} to participate in this great gathering today.

I am equally happy to convey our deep thanks and appreciation to the working people of Coimbatore and the Chairman of the Reception Committee as well as to all those who have made this ~~wonderful~~ wonderful preparation for this conference and welcomed us to your glorious city.

The Mongolian trade unions ^{always} have/had fraternal feelings towards the AITUC and have watched ~~and followed~~ ^{with admiration} the heroic struggles ^{Waged by} ~~of~~ ^{mighty} ~~this~~ ^{militant} ~~workers'~~ ^{organisation} for the good of the toiling workers in this country and rejoiced at its success ~~and~~ and achievements. Today we feel ^{happier still} ~~still happy~~ to attend this conference ~~for~~ for the first time, as representatives of the Mongolian trade unions and be in ^{your} ~~the~~ ^{the militant trade unions} ~~of yours,~~ the leaders and members of thousands of the AITUC. It is, ~~no doubt~~ ^I ~~we~~ believe, no doubt that this will ~~much~~ ^{immensely} help in the further strengthening of the brotherly relations between the working peoples of our ^{respective} ~~two~~ countries.

We have gone through and heard ~~the~~ with ~~great~~ ~~int~~ attention the reports, including that of Comrade S.A. Dange, on the activities of

the AITUC, ~~and hope that your deliberations here will be help in~~

For 40 years since its inception in 1920, at the largest industrial city of Bombay the ~~xxx~~ All-India Trade Union Congress has made great ~~deal~~ ^{advance} in uniting and organising the forces of the working class in ~~India to insure and protect~~ ^{This sub-continent to defend} the interests and rights of the toiling workers and fought for the national independence of India.

India Thanks to the heroic struggles ~~of the~~ for the liberation of ~~its country~~ from the ~~foreign~~ ^{yoke of} colonisers and for ~~securing~~ ^{improving} better ~~of living standards~~ ^{of living standards} to the working class, the AITUC has become a popular and mighty and militant organisation fighting for the interests of the toiling masses.

The AITUC, we know well, is playing an important part ~~not only~~ ~~at home, but also~~ in the ~~international~~ ^{national and} trade union movements. It is ~~and~~ an active member of the ~~World Federation of Trade Unions~~ ^{One-hundred-one million strong} which ~~represents today over 100 million working people~~ ^{and organised} in its membership and ~~the AITUC~~ firmly supports the progressive activities of the WFTU.

The Mongolian Trade Unions, being a member of this lofty world ~~international~~ ^{the} organisation - the WFTU - the centre of ~~coordination~~ ^{of} the international trade union movements, are in full support of the ~~AITUC~~ ^{of the AITUC} noble activities and hope that the AITUC will achieve greater success ^{to} in the struggle for strengthening the unity ~~and solidarity~~ of the workers ^{people} in this country and for the defence of their interests, ~~the~~

Today under the circumstances of the increasing aggressive activities of the imperialists threatening the fate of humanity, the Mongolian Trade Unions actively favour for the further co-operation among our sister trade unions. The Mongolian working people and their trade unions together with all the progressive forces throughout the world ~~xxx~~ strongly condemn the shameful acts of the ~~colonisers and~~ ^{imperialists} interfering in the internal ~~affairs~~ ^{in Algeria and in} of ~~Algeria,~~ the Congo, Laos and other countries and their ~~attempts~~ ^{attempts} to bring their freedom and independence to naught.

Dear friends, may I take this pleasant opportunity of being

present

~~associated myself~~ with you at your Session here, to say a few words of my country ~~or~~ ^{and} of ~~our~~ ^{class} working and its trade unions ~~organisations~~ at large ? I think it would help at least to some extent in knowing something of each other's activities in this particular field.

40 years back in ~~1920~~ 1921, there was a people's revolution which put in Mongolia ~~bringing~~ an end to the internal oppressive forces and ~~driving~~ ^{drove} out the foreign ~~colonies~~ ^{alists} and, thus, the freedom and ~~independence~~ independence were brought to ~~our~~ our country.

As a result of this Revolution, drastic changes took place in Mongolia. New branches of socialist industry and agriculture equipped with modern techniques have come into existence and a new young working class ^{was born. took birth.} was born accordingly. Trade ^{union} organisations were ~~organised.~~ ^{organised.} ~~naturally, formed~~ ~~in our country.~~ ~~It is natural and understandable that the~~ ~~conditions in which trade unions~~ ~~in your~~ ~~or our~~ ~~countries~~ ~~were~~ ~~organised~~ ~~and~~ ~~grew~~ ~~in~~ ~~your~~ ~~or~~ ~~our~~ ~~countries~~ ~~were~~ ~~different~~ and we ~~are~~ work and labour in different conditions too.

As you know, the

At present over 90 % of the ^{industrial} workers and office ^{workers} ~~employees~~ ^{are} ~~organised in~~ ~~belongs to~~ the trade unions ~~in our country.~~ The trade union ~~organisations~~ ^{the} ~~organisations~~ are a mighty factor in the life and ~~development~~ ^{the} programme of the ~~country.~~ ^{whole} ~~country.~~ ^{nation.}

Trade Unions in our country are always in support of the ~~government~~ ^{government} policy and stand for carrying out every steps taken by it because ~~the~~ ^{our} government policy ~~in our country~~ is aimed at ~~securing~~ ^{raising} living and working conditions as ~~better~~ ^{best} as possible.

Owing to the joint efforts of the working class and the people of Mongolia, the feudalistic backwardness which we ~~lived~~ ^{lived} 40 years ago was abolished ~~during the~~ ^{within a} short historic ~~period.~~ ^{al} Today we are building socialism, having escaped the capitalistic stage of development. We can say that socialism is ~~in good~~ ^{making} good progress in every field of life of the country.

national

Various branches of national industry, modern means of transport and communications are advancing today in our country. Now 50 % of gross ~~output of~~ ^{industry and} ~~agriculture~~ ^{from} is ~~due to~~ industry alone.

It may be mentioned that the active participation of the trade unions in these fields is ~~important by running the workers in production~~ ^{essential an important factor in}

As far ~~xx~~ as agriculture is concerned, veterinary science, ~~mechanised machinery~~ ^{modern} farming and ~~agricultural~~ ^{now in} techniques are ~~common use in~~ the nomadic animal husbandary, ~~land tilling~~ ^{as against} or other forms of farming

~~are in progress. The rural population has started~~ settlement of the

rural population has started. The herdsmen are entirely different today. Until recently in our agriculture private ownership ~~was~~ ^{dominant but} has

been turned into ~~a~~ big collective farming ^s or co-operatives on ~~the~~

voluntary basis. In view of this change in the ~~animal husbandry~~ ^{pattern of}, the ~~number of animals~~ ^{wealth of the country} has ~~been~~ ^{there are} increased. Now ~~27.9~~ heads of animal per

capita ~~is estimated~~ in our country. Also the area under grain crops ~~are~~ ^{have been} greatly expanded.

~~For~~ ^{Thanks to} 40 years of ~~the~~ ^{the} tireless labour and efforts of the people, Mongolia has become an ~~agricultural~~ agrarian and industrial country.

There was a cultural revolution too and illiteracy among the adult population ~~was accordingly abolished~~ ^{eliminated} in the country. Elementary

and middle schools, specialised colleges and higher educational ~~establishments~~ ^{institutions} were set up everywhere. ~~Free education system is~~

~~provided for the people~~ Seven-year education and four-year ~~schooling system~~ ^{schooling system} has been introduced in towns and in villages

respectively. Free education is provided to all. The higher educational establishments ^{in our country} turn out specialists for ~~various~~ various branches of

the national economy and culture. At present 137.6 people out of every 1,000 are able to study at one or another educational

~~establishment~~ ^{institutions} in Mongolia.

National arts, literature and science ~~are~~ ^{have advanced rapidly} in progress too for the good of the people.

Every ^{year} witnesses an increase and advance in the well-being of the people. And public health service is organised well and medical

science is ~~advancing~~ ^{in progress}. There is hardly any corner or part in the country where no hospital or dispensary ^{is functioning} in Mongolia today. Medical

service is free to all and at present there is one doctor for every

which predominated formerly.

1,000 people of the population.

I must say that the disinterested and sincere assistance from the Soviet Union and other socialist countries was and is an important factor ^{in the realization of} these achievements attained by our country. ~~Resting~~ Having ^{with} ~~rested upon~~ ^{further} the increased assistance from our friends, the Mongolian people are ~~now~~ determined to ~~develop~~ ^{development and} advance their country ^{in the direction of} for its further prosperity. In ~~in~~ ^{the next} ~~five~~ years, it is stipulated to ~~develop~~ agriculture and industry at ^{the} tempo of ~~fast~~ ^{rapid} development and to rise ~~the~~ ^a industrial output by ~~2~~ ^{twice,} times, the area of under grain crops ^{to} by ~~3~~ ^{by three times.} times. As a result, Mongolia will be, ~~no doubt~~, an industrial and agrarian country.

The Mongolian Trade Unions organise the working people for the progress and ~~adv~~ advance of the nation and educate them in the spirit of high productivity ^{and} are responsible for further ^a rising the living standars and the ~~work~~ ^{ant} cultural level of the people in the defence of their interests.

The Trade Unions in our country take an active part in the economic planning ~~scheme~~ and in introducing new production methods in industry ^{and} elsewhere. They participate in everything that might affect ~~the~~ ^{of the workers} interests/either directly or indirectly, ^{Such as fixation of} like fixing the working ^{hours,} ~~time~~, wage level or securing better living and working conditions, ^{facilities,} ~~as~~ leave for ^{the} workers, etc. Without consent ^{of} by the Trade ~~xx~~ union, no over-time work or work during holidays is allowed. In our country the duration of working hours in light or food industries ~~is~~ ^{and short working day of} limited ~~to~~ is limited to 8 hrs. Special food and cloth facilities are provided for the workers ^{engaged in} ~~of~~ hard labour, ^{the} ~~and~~ ^{the duration of day} ~~working~~ ~~is~~ ~~limited~~ ~~to~~ ~~7~~ ~~hrs.~~ ^{to} Duration of working time on the days before public holidays is ^{limited to} 6 hrs. And social insurance is run by the Trade Unions in the country. ^{Industrial} office workers and ^{employees} are granted ~~from~~ 14 to 26 days ^{leave} of leave a year, with keeping their ^{normal} salary or wage. There is ~~and~~ ~~discount~~ of 80 % of discount in the cost of having rest at ~~state~~ state sanatorium or rest homes which is allowed to the ^{of industrial} workers and ^{office workers} employees. In case of ~~pregnancy~~ pregnancy three month of leave before and after the delivery is granted, with keeping the wage ~~or~~ salary.

paid

~~temp~~ -6- disarmament

Also in case of old age or ~~loss of labour capacity~~ 100 % of the ~~last~~ ^{wages} ~~amount of salary~~ he or she received at the time of ~~lossing~~ labour capacity is ~~granted~~. *given to industrial and office workers.*

The Mongolian Trade Unions in co-operation with the All India Trade Union Congress and other sister organisations affiliated to the World ~~F~~ Federation of Trade ~~Unions~~ Unions have tirelessly fought for international unity of workers, for peace throughout the world and against imperialism and the colonial yoke.

Our Trade Unions ~~under the leadership of the~~ ^{Considers} ~~Central Committee of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party~~ fully support what is contained in the Appeal of the meeting of representatives of the Communist and Workers parties held in last ~~November 1960~~ at Moscow, ~~urging the necessity of restoring the unity and solidarity of international workers and trade union movements in the present context when the new and new strata of society are joining the class struggle. The struggle for stopping the reactionary attempts to undermine the unity and solidarity of national and international trade union movements for the restoration of fraternal solidarity and unity for trade unions will inevitably strengthen consolidate the position of the working class in regard to the political life and be of an immediate importance for the defence of the workers' interests. It is, therefore, necessary to restore the unity and solidarity of trade unions in the name of achieving universal disarmament, leading to a lasting peace and for peaceful co-existence or for the five principles initiated at the Bandung Conference and in support of the national independence, movements, for the sake of protecting the interests of the working people and their trade unions.~~

Dear friends and Comrades, in conclusion, I take the liberty on behalf of the Mongolian Trade Unions to wish the All India Trade Union Congress every success for work in the defence of the interests of the glorious working people of your country and for peace throughout the world and for the activities aimed at insuring the solidarity of international trade union movements.

Long live the friendship between the peoples of Mongolia and India !

Long live the ~~brotherly~~ brotherly co-operation between the Trade Unions of India and Mongolia !

~~What about the workers?~~
needs the world over for

Strengthen

Dear Comrades,

Allow me, on behalf of and entrusted by the Central Council of the Trade Unions in the Rumanian People's Republic to extend to your Congress and to all Indian working people warm fraternal greetings.

The trade unions and the working people in our country inspired by the proletarian internationalism entertain warm feelings of friendship and solidarity towards the Indian working people, towards their struggle for better working and living conditions. Having attended your Congress we have had the opportunity to better get acquainted with the important role that the All India Trade Union Congress - which not long ago has completed 40 years of activity - has played and is playing in this struggle.

The working people in our country support the struggle of the Indian working people for liquidating the economic and social backwardness left behind by the British colonialists. During the bourgeois-landlord regime, inspite of her great natural and spiritual resources, Rumania also was held in a state of ^{com. file} ~~heavy~~ backwardness as a source of raw-materials, cheap labour ~~and~~ and as market for British, American, French and other monopolies.

"Our mountains are full of gold, but we beg from door to door" - said a folk song in those times expressing the misery, hunger and unemployment endured by the working people, while the foreign monopolies in compact with ~~the~~ ^{native} capitalists and landlords were squeezing fabulous profits out of them.

But on the 23rd of August 1944, the broad popular masses under the leadership of the party of our working class, the Communist Party, have won the freedom with arms in their hands, thus breaking the military-fascist dictatorship and the Hitlerite yoke. Rumania broke off for good from the chains of capitalist countries, confidently and courageously started on the path of liquidating the exploitation of man by man, on the path of building socialism.

During the bourgeois-landlord regime, Rumania ~~was~~^{had} to import 95 % of the industrial equipment, while today the output of our socialist industry not only covers the greatest part of the domestic needs, but also creates reserves for export. We are glad that among the countries which import the products of our socialist industry is also your country, towards which the government of the Rumanian People's Republic, within ~~the~~^{existing} agreements promotes a policy of continuous development of trade and cultural exchanges in the interest of both our peoples.

Striking the balance of the achievements of the working class in alliance with the working peasantry, in June 1960, the IIIrd Congress of the Rumanian Workers' Party, an event of historical significance in the life of our country, appreciated that in the Rumanian People's Republic, the basis of socialism has been set up and that ~~we~~ are entering a new stage of development, which opens up to our people bright prospect for the complete victory of socialism and for the gradual transition to communism.

As a result of the multilateral development of our national economy, the wages and salaries and pensions have been increased and the taxes and prices have been reduced, which in 1959 resulted in an increase of 33 per cent in the real wages of the working people as ~~against~~^{compared to} 1955 .

The development of economy provided by the 6 years plan (1960-1965) will lead to a further new increase of the real wages by 40-50 per cent as ~~against~~^{compared to} 1959. The people's democratic State, which considers the permanent improvement of the living and cultural standards of the working people as a matter of prime importance, allocates ever greater funds for social, cultural expenditures. This ~~made~~^{is} possible to develop a large network of schools of all grades, numerous clubs, houses of culture, cinema-halls and other cultural institutions, polyclinics, hospitals and maternity-homes have been built throughout the country. In 1938 there was one physician for 1395 inhabitants, while today there is one physician for only 760 inhabitants.

(ix) In 1933 over 1 million children had no possibility to attend schools; thus adding to the number of illiterates which in 1944 was over 4 million. In the years of our regime, the illiteracy was wiped out and the primary education is now compulsory and free of charge. Beginning with this school-year, all the pupils from 1 to 7 form are receiving the text books completely free of charge.

Pellagra, pulmonary tuberculosis, malaria and other diseases caused by misery and undernourishment which in the past played havoc among the workers and peasants, today have disappeared or are extremely limited; the average longevity has increased from 42, ~~xxxx~~ as it was in the past, to 63 years today.

Considerable funds from the State budget are allocated to social insurance ~~for~~ for sickness allowances, for maternity, ~~and~~ for old age and invalidity pensions, for sending working people to health-resorts and spas for medical treatment. The working people do not pay any contribution for social insurance ~~for~~. Since 1949 the social insurance is run ~~by~~ by the Trade Unions. For housing construction ~~the~~ the State also allocates considerable funds. ~~By~~ In 1960 ~~alone~~ 31,000 flats have been built and given and ~~by~~ 1965 approximately 300,000 flats would be built with State funds. The rent which in the past was heavy burden for the working people amounting to over one third of their wages, today is only 3-5 per cent of an average wage. The distribution of the new flats for the working people is made with the active participation of the trade unions.

The IVth Congress of the Trade Unions of the Rumanian People's Republic held at the end of October 1960, underlined the role ~~of the trade unions~~ the trade unions play in solving the problems connected with ever increasing satisfaction of the economic, social and cultural interests of the working people in elaborating and putting into practice the measures concerning the ~~improvement~~ ^{improvement} of the ~~living conditions~~ ^{standard of living}. They are ensuring the participation of the working masses in the planning, organizing and running the production and are watching over the improvement of the working and living conditions.

Not a single law or a decision of the government of the Rumanian People's Republic concerning the continuous improvement of working and living conditions of the working people is worked ~~out~~ ^{out} without the contribution of the Trade Unions.

The broad ~~responsibilities~~ ^{responsibilities} of our trade unions are the eloquent expression of the leading role played by the working class, under a peoples democratic regime, in the work of socialist construction; they are reflecting the deep democratic ~~of~~ ^{nature} of the socialist system, the wide rights and liberties enjoyed by the working class of our country.

Dear comrades,

The main characteristic feature in our time of the development of the human society is determined by the world socialist system, by the fact that nowadays ~~imperialist~~ social forces as never known by ~~the~~ history ^{before} have ~~been~~ ^{created} and are acting - forces which are making possible the prevention of a ~~war~~ ^{missile} and nuclear war.

Comprising over one third of mankind, socialism and its main force - the Soviet Union - is using its ever growing economic, technical and scientific power, in order to paralyze the war-like actions of the aggressive militarist circles, ~~in~~ in order to promote a policy of peaceful co-existence and to create a climate of understanding between States. ^{But} The international ~~the~~ imperialist circles headed by ^{those in} the United States ^{at} are acting ^{against} against this policy.

The American imperialism which today has become the international gendarme of world reaction, forced upon several countries aggressive military pacts, such as: NATO, SEATO, CENTO are fomenting plots against peace-loving countries, ~~and~~ ~~are~~ ~~backing~~ the portuguese imperialists in Goa, those of Netherland in West Irian, those of Belgium in Congo ^{and} are interfering in the internal affairs of Laos and of other countries in Asia.

But ^{no} ~~any~~ efforts of imperialists can stop the advance of history or prevent the complete national liberation of peoples.

The total bankruptcy of colonialism is inevitable. We are witnessing today to the collapse of the hateful ^{and} ~~slavering~~ colonial system, under the pressure of the national liberation movement. The struggle for freedom and independence waged by peoples is weakening the war-worshipping forces and adds to the ranks of the peace-loving forces.

The unity of action of the international working class, has a particular importance for ^{maintaining} ~~the~~ peace. The basic interests of working ~~classes~~ ^{man} the world over and first and foremost the need for ~~common~~ struggle against the danger of a new war,

demand the restoration and the development of trade-union unity at national as well as international level.

The struggle of the trade-unions affiliated to the World Federation of Trade Unions for continuous development of friendly ties between trade-unions and working people of all countries, is a notable contribution to the strengthening of unity of action of the working people in their struggle for a better life, for the achievement of general and complete disarmament and for peaceful co-existence, for maintaining a lasting peace the world over.

The trade unions in our country will untireably ⁱⁿ ~~struggle~~ ^{struggle} for further strengthening of the fraternal relations which have been set up between the Rumanian People's Republic trade-unions and the trade unions of India, in the interest of the cause of the unity of the working people all over the world, for a better future, peace and social progress.

✓ *The Receipt* Thanking wholeheartedly the All India Trade Union Congress *Courtesy of AITUC and all the delegates* for the warm reception and the fraternal love showed to our delegation, we wish you full success in the proceedings of the Congress. We wish that its decisions should lead the AITUC to new successes in the fight for unity of action of the working people in your country, for a better life, for peace in Asia and the world over.

LONG LIVE THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE WORKING
PEOPLE IN THE RUMANIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC
AND INDIA !

LONG LIVE THE INTERNATIONAL SOLIDARITY OF THE
WORKING PEOPLE IN THE FIGHT FOR PEACE AND
SOCIAL PROGRESS !

26th Session

GREETINGS

FROM

CEYLON TRADE UNION FEDERATION

Dear Comrades,

It gives me great pleasure to convey to you and through you to the entire working class of India, fraternal greetings of the working class of Ceylon, in particular the Ceylon Trade Union Federation.

It is with great pleasure that our delegation has attended your sessions because you are our closest neighbours with whom we have had historical connections for over 2500 years. We look forward to closer relations and friendly ties with your great country and its working class movement. The working class of our two respective countries face almost similar problems. We are faced with the problems of eliminating the imperialist stranglehold over our respective economies and to build up our national economy in our respective countries within a shortest possible time, so that we can solve the common problems of hunger and unemployment and low standard of living.

Since the reactionary forces in our country were dealt a serious blow by the victory of the progressive forces in the 1956 elections, the working class and the trade union movement of our country have been able to take many strides forward because of the greater democratic and political rights available to them.

During the last four years, the trade union movement of our country has won several important wage demands for many sections of our workers.

Alarmed at the advance of the progressive forces, the forces of reaction banded themselves to attempt to turn the clock back. They did not even hesitate to

assassinate the Late Prime Minister, Mr.S.W.R.D. Bandaranaiyake, who was a symbol of the progressive movement. But the calculations of the reactionaries misfired. The progressive forces rallied and in the elections of July 1960, brought about a united front in which were represented the Sri Lanka Freedom Party (the Party of Late Mr.S.W.R.D.Bandaranaike), the Lanka Sama Samaja Party and the Ceylon Communist Party. This inspiring unity which had the backing of the entire working class and trade union movement was able to achieve victory in the elections which enabled Mrs Bandaranaike to head the new progressive government which has the backing of the left and trade union movements.

Thus the workers of Ceylon are today carrying on their fight under favourable conditions and with greater democratic rights than in other capitalist countries. We realise today that in order to make any further advance, the unity of ~~the~~ working class is essential.

Recently while celebrating our 20th Anniversary, the General Council of our Federation made specific appeals for unity and that all existing trade unions in the country must come together inside a single Joint Council while retaining their separate identity and autonomy. Such unity was for the purpose of fighting for economic demands. We have also appealed for a joint May Day celebration in 1961. The Ceylon Trade Union Federation has decided that the realisation of trade union unity is the most essential demand before the working class today and it has decided to exert all its energy in the coming year towards this end.

Our joy at attending your sessions is all the more greater because of our consciousness that along with us, you are members of the great international family of trade unions, the one-hundred million

strong World Federation of Trade Unions. It is our hope that the coming year will see the further strengthening of the world organisation and thereby strengthen the working class fight for peace.

The working class of Ceylon has always watched with admiration the progress of the trade union movement in your sub-continent. The militant struggles that you have waged for the cause of the working people and the preservation of democratic rights have always been a source of inspiration to us.

We are aware of some problems that exist between our two countries and that they have to be settled in the near future. The organised working class is the most progressive and patriotic section of any country and it is therefore our bounden duty to see that our movements help to find a solution to these problems in the mutual interest of both countries, without allowing the vested interests to set one country against the other.

We take this opportunity of thanking your organisation for having extended an invitation to attend this historic session which was both very instructive and inspiring to us. We have also to thank you from the bottom of our hearts for the lavish hospitality that was showered on us from the moment we stepped in Coimbatore.

We greet your Congress once again and express the hope that your deliberations will lead towards the solutions of the problems that beset your country.

LONG LIVE THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE WORKING CLASS OF CEYLON AND INDIA!

LONG LIVE THE ALL INDIA TRADE UNION CONGRESS!

LONG LIVE THE WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS!

LONG LIVE INTERNATIONAL WORKING CLASS SOLIDARITY!

CEYLON TRADE UNION FEDERATION

[Handwritten signature]
P. Amarathilake
H. P. ...

draft

Dear Brothers and Sisters,

I am very happy to have the opportunity to be with you ^{at} ~~in~~ this 26th Session of the All-India Trade Union Congress. On behalf of the Secretariat of the World Federation of Trade Unions, I would like to express our deepest gratitude and convey to you our warmest fraternal greetings, and through you, to the working people all over India.

The present AITUC Session has a very important significance, ^{in so} ~~as~~ far as it takes place in a situation of ~~an~~ increasing struggle of the workers and ^{or} the trade union movement in India, for improving the living and working conditions, ^{and} for democratic rights, ^{a situation is} ~~and also~~ ^{marked by a} ~~of~~ ^{more} vigorous battle of the people against the growing foreign monopoly capitalist exploitation.

In such a situation, the AITUC ^{makes} ~~pays~~ a very important contribution. We know the AITUC, since its foundation more than 40 years ago, as a militant trade union organisation which fights continuously in the defence of the interests of the Indian working people, for democracy, for national independence, for social progress and for peace.

Especially in the ^{later phase,} last periods, the AITUC has shown more clearly its very important contribution in the struggle for unity in the working class and trade union movement in India.

Based on the ^{more rich and varied} numerous experiences in the international trade union movement, the question of unity ^{has become} ~~is~~ a burning question of ^{the day,} today. Mostly, every aspect of the workers' and trade unions' struggle for economic and social demands in various countries, for wage increases,

for defending and improving social security, for trade union rights, ^{- these are in most cases, ~~are~~ wages} ~~also~~, are carried out on the basis of unity.

As regards the question of unity, there are many forms. By unity, ^{is meant} it means unity of action as well as unity of organisation, realised on ^{at different levels - a unit,} an unit, local, regional, national as well as international level. The exact form of unity depends on the ^{issue} subject-matter and on the concrete conditions existing in the ranks of the trade union organisations on international, ~~or~~ national, ~~or~~ local, ^a regional as well as on unit level. This kind of unity is very important for the achievement of greater successes in defending the workers' interests and ^{heightening} increasing the role of the working class in political life.

^{is taking place,} There ~~is now~~ a tremendous development ⁱⁿ day by day, as regards unity of action. A giant strike of 500,000 workers is going on in Belgium ^{for} since more than two weeks, supported both by the Communist as well as the Socialist Party. The WFTU recently issued a statement expressing support and calling for solidarity ^{for his struggle upon} of all workers and trade unions throughout the world. Such a kind of unity of action is a general character developing now day by day, ^{becoming a common feature} in many countries throughout the world. This unity of action is mainly based on the common interests of the workers ^{in meeting} to ~~meet~~ their daily needs, ^{and} followed by rank-and-file workers of various trends and trade unions of different affiliations.

According to the numerous experiences, ^{which} ~~the~~ show that the achievement of unity on this basis ^{brings} ~~is an~~ important success ^{to} in the trade union movement, no matter how small the result may be ^{comes of} in the benefit of the workers. But every success in the actions for unity, big or small,

creates the conditions ^{for} of consolidating and widening
the scope of ^{that} unity.

In the further development of unity of action, the question does not only remain ~~in~~ as how to consolidate and to widen the scope of unity, but also how to promote unity so as to increase the role of the
working class in political life. So should the common programmes not only be always based on the defence and improvement of the workers' living and working conditions, but also ^{on} the struggles for national independence, democracy, freedom, social progress and peace.

The problem of promoting unity ~~xxxxx~~ is interlinked with the problem of increasing the political consciousness and the role of the working class in political life in general. In this connection, it is of very great importance as to how to ^{be} always be in close relations ^{contact} with the masses and not being lost from them. For this purpose, what is important to be done is, how to correctly handle the problems of putting reasonable economic and social demands of the rank-and-file workers so as to be able to mobilise them in as large a ^{scale} scale as possible, how to make organisational preparations so that the action to be taken will not ^{end in} come to failure ~~xxxx~~ because of the activities of reactionary elements, how to make use of every success, big or small, for increasing the workers' political consciousness, and how to cope with the situation correctly when the rank-and-file workers are in a ~~ready~~ mood to take action ~~to~~
~~to~~

I think that ^{with} ~~due to~~ your rich experiences of long years of struggle, it may be nothing new in what I have just told you. But it seems ~~to be~~ necessary to speak on this problem, no matter ^{if} it is a repetition for you or not, because of certain reasons, especially ^{to make} ~~in making~~ clearer the WFTU principles and that of its affiliated national centres. It is because that based on the experiences drawn from the international trade union movement, ~~which movement is~~ developing unevenly according to the particular conditions of each country, one finds ^{an} aspects of activities of trade union organisations, ^{which shows, on the one hand,} ~~showing on the one hand,~~ some confusion ^{about} ~~in~~ the difference between a working class political party and a trade union organisation, as a mass organisation, of course, based on working class principles, ^(On the other hand there is also another aspect which also betrays) ~~and, on the other hand,~~ showing tendencies of avoiding political activities and, proclaim themselves their character as reformist trade union organisations or trade union organisations ^{based on} ~~on the basis of~~ class collaboration.

The WFTU, since its foundation, is an international federation of trade unions of a mass character, based on working class principles but a non-party organisation. Such is also the case with the AITUC, and other WFTU-affiliated national centres.

This principal character of our organisation ^{forms} ~~is~~ an important basis in realising the line of unity of the working class and the trade union movement. It is very important to make clear the difference between the trade union organisations and the working class political parties. The mass of workers organised as members of trade unions have not the same level of political consciousness as the members of the working class political parties. They are more backward and in

many cases, ^{are} following different political trends. We ^{are} ~~have~~ not to go far beyond the capacity of the rank and file in following our trade union activities, ^{not and we are also} ~~but also~~ to hamper their progress of struggle and keep them to the level of reformism and ^{to} surrender to class collaboration, which is against ~~the~~ working class principles, ~~which~~ ^{which} ~~strives~~ strives for freedom from any form of class exploitation.

There are still many obstacles in realising unity. On ^{the} international level, ^{the} organisational unity between the WFTU and the ICFTU is for the moment unrealisable, even on lower degrees, as the unity of actions. The ICFTU still refuses to do this and nullifies the approach of the WFTU. And just in opposition to the call of the WFTU for cooperation, it increasingly takes to splitting activities, particularly in Asia, due to its tremendous decrease in influence recently.

Because India is the centre of the ICFTU regional activities, I call your special attention in this regard so as to provide us, the WFTU and the other national centres particularly in Asia, better ^{material/information} ~~opportunities~~ opportunities for the necessary steps to be taken in the future. Of course, there may be some splitting activities of a more important character in front of you, but your attention to the ICFTU activities will ^{form} ~~give~~ also an important contribution, particularly ^{of an} ~~that~~ of international character.

Though we have made an approach for an action of unity with the ICFTU, it does not mean that we keep silent with regard to its splitting actions, with its activities undermining the WFTU, and demoralising the fighting spirit of the rank-and-file workers. We should clearly and resolutely unmask this kind of activities of the ICFTU in front of the rank-and-file workers, as ~~is~~ ^{there} also the case of other trade union organisation having the same character of activities. It is therefore

very important to follow with full attention the activities of the ICFTU and its ITS and analysing such activities so as to be acquainted with its real nature.

There are still a lot of other obstacles confronting our struggle for the working class unity and the unity of the trade union movement. That is why we are fighting and not begging for unity. Our unity is based on the principle of unity of the working class the world over marching forward to the same destination of being freed from all forms of class exploitation and the complete abolition of exploitation of man by man, for the happy future of mankind.

There are still elements in the world who take position in opposite to our principles of proletarian unity. The bourgeoisie of the imperialist countries are the main enemies of the proletarian unity. They spread so-called nationalism which is completely reactionary as regards proletarian unity. But there are also bourgeoisie in colonial and newly independent countries. Their principles of nationalism is in certain cases different ^{from} that of the bourgeoisie of the imperialist countries. With regard to the anti-imperialist struggle, their nationalism is progressive and we can support them. At the same time, we should always resolutely fight against their attacks on our struggles defending the interests of the workers, without hampering our cooperation in our fight against imperialism. In this connection, it is clear to us that our principle of proletarian unity is not in opposition to the national interest but just meets the need of the national interest, as far as this national interest is not against the interest of the working people and is directed against imperialism. And also based on this principle was the resolution taken in the

IV World Trade Union Congress in Leipzig, supporting the claim of the Indian Government on Goa.

We are now living in a period showing the tremendous ^{growth} ~~growing~~ of the force and the international influence of the world socialist system, the active process of ^{the liquidation} ~~sinking~~ of the colonial system under the blows of the national liberation movement, the sharpening of the class struggle in the capitalist world, the ~~decadence~~ ^{complete collapse} ~~thoroughly~~ sinking and deterioration of the capitalist world system. In the world arena, the balance of forces is in favour of the forces of socialism as ~~against~~ ^{those} against ~~that~~ of imperialism, and in favour of the forces of peace as against ^{those} ~~that~~ of war.

In this period, our contribution to international activities attracts more attention. Under these conditions, the preservation and consolidation of peace remains a fundamental aim of struggle of the international trade union movement. I may recall that that is why the programme adopted in the last 11th Session of the WFTU General Council in Peking laid down the following general lines of our common action:

- For the relaxation of international tension and peaceful co-existence;
- For universal and complete disarmament;
- For the elimination of military bases on foreign soil;
- For cessation of nuclear tests and a ban on nuclear arms;
- For national liberation and independence of the peoples;
- For democracy;
- Against the rebirth of German militarism and for its liquidation by the signing of a peace treaty with the two German States; for the transformation of West Berlin into a free, demilitarised city;
- Against the rebirth of Japanese militarism, and for the abrogation of the Japanese-U.S. Military Treaty.

As is also stated in the resolution of the WFTU General Council, there is a close relation between the struggle for peace and the anti-colonial struggle for national independence. The success of anti-colonial struggle for national independence which roots out colonialism as a source of war, is of very great significance. We therefore support without reservation all the struggles of the peoples against colonialism, for national independence, as part and parcel of the struggle of the peoples for peace. In this connection, we should pay attention and be always vigilant to the manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialism playing the role of neo-colonialism. The situation in Congo gives ~~the~~ proof of how the U.S. imperialists step up their manoeuvres as neo-colonialists under the cloak of the UN^o, to gain power in this country, ~~and~~ putting aside the old Belgian colonialists. We should actively unmask this kind of manoeuvre ^{before} in-front of the people so as not to expel the old colonialists and ^{UN^o} let in new ones, especially America.

Another international task ⁶ which I draw your attention is, how to take initiative on your own in preparing for the forthcoming Vth World Trade Union Congress, taking place at the end of this year. That is, how to make it popular among the masses, how to take advantage of the preparatory work for strengthening and widening unity for the success of the Congress.

That is all what I would like to say here and I am concluding with the hope for every success of this AITUC Session. I am convinced that the time is with us, workers and all oppressed peoples. Unity within our reach, unity in the trade union movement and the working class movement as a whole, with the forces of the socialist

camp as its ^{- these} bulwark, give us the sure guarantee for
our victorious struggle in defence of the workers'
interests, for democracy, freedom, social progress and
peace.

Long live the AITUC and the Indian working class
unity!

Long Live the unity of the working class
throughout the world!

Long live democracy, freedom, social progress
and peace!

+

Besides, I would like also, on behalf of the
WFTU, to present here to the AITUC a simple and modest
gift as a living proof of international working class
solidarity.

Speech of Comrade Njono, President,
National Council of SOBSI

FOR AN UNBREAKABLE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN
THE INDIAN AND INDONESIAN WORKERS

Dear Comrades,

I consider it a great honour in getting this excellent opportunity to represent the SOBSI for attending this 26th Session of the ALTUC in Coimbatore. On behalf of the National Council of SOBSI and on behalf of the more than 2.7 million Indonesian workers affiliated to SOBSI, I anxiously hope that tremendous successes will be obtained by this Session.

Through you, dear comrades, I convey the most fraternal greetings of the Indonesian workers to the working people of India. Everything has been and will be done by us, in the past as well as in the future, to strengthen our international friendship. And it is only the imperialists and the reactionaries who wish to thwart the unbreakable solidarity between the Indian and Indonesian workers. But since our solidarity is based on a strong **BASIS** ~~document~~, i.e., the spirit of proletarian internationalism, it is not possible to smash it down. Besides, many factors are there also which give us the impetus and inspiration for further strengthening of our common battle.

During several ages, we had to face the same unbearable living as a result of colonial exploitation. The Indian people were exploited by the British imperialists while the Indonesians were pressed under the heel of Dutch imperialism. And now, since our respective countries have won their independence and sovereignty, we are now faced with the same problems, viz., the construction of a democratic national society, fully liberated from imperialism and from the remnants of feudalism, as a base for the construction of a socialist

society in the future.

In consolidating our respective national independence, we have to face our most dangerous common enemy, the U.S. imperialism, dragging the newly-independent countries into its military blocks and put under its economic domination.

But the world has already changed its face. We have not only the most dangerous enemies of mankind, but we have also the most reliable friends and comrades-in-arms of our own. These comrades-in-arms are the socialist countries, headed by the Soviet ~~Union~~ **UNION**.

Socialism has already outstripped imperialism and this fact strengthens ~~our~~ once more our conviction that the hour has struck to counter the forces of the die-hard imperialists.

Dear Comrades,

To maintain the colonial system, which is facing its absolute downfall, ~~several~~ **CHAOS** ~~destructions~~ **BROUGHT** ~~concretely~~ **ABOUT** ~~created~~ by the U.S. warmongers in Laos, Algeria, Congo and other countries. Further, by threatening the national independence of Cuba, and at the same time, by launching armed race, which is of great danger for our world peace.

under the banner of the World Federation of Trade Unions, we fulfil noble tasks, with the strengthening of international solidarity with the struggle of oppressed nations for national independence and the broadening of the international front against colonialism and for peace.

To maintain world peace, the workers in india and Indonesia, and together with us the workers and the peoples in the whole world, fully support the proposals of the Soviet Government for liquidating colonialism and for general and complete disarmament.

In this connection, I am of the opinion that AITUC and SOBSI are able to take common steps in this direction, ~~with~~, with the purpose that Prime Minister Pandit Nehru of the Republic of India and President Soekarno of the Republic of Indonesia - in conformity with the principles of the neutral foreign policy in our respective countries - to take an important role in obtaining an international agreement on disarmament, at least in prohibiting the use of nuclear weapons and in establishing Atom-Free Zones.

Dear Comrades,

The present struggle of the AITUC is, as seen from the General Report of this Session, to make, among others, the implementation of the Third Five Year Plan beneficial for the development of the national economy, and in ~~enlightening~~ ^{improving} the standard of living of the Indian working people. Just the same is done by the workers in Indonesia.

The Provisional People's Consultative Assembly, i.e., the highest Council in the Republic of Indonesia, in its first session on 10 November to 7 December 1960, ~~unanimously~~ unanimously adopted two most important decisions, which will have their great influence upon the political developments in Indonesia. The first of two decisions was the decision on the Political Manifesto of the Republic of Indonesia, adopting the Broad Lines of State Policy. The Second decision was the decision on the Eight Year Plan for national construction.

In the Political Manifesto of the Republic of Indonesia, as the Broad Lines of State Policy, is explained that the basic enemies of the Indonesian Revolution are imperialism and feudalism, that the main tasks of the Indonesian Revolution is not to establish the political power of one class, one group or one party, but to establish the political power of the entire people,

a "Gotong-Royong" (mutual help) power to oppose autocracy or dictatorship, both military ^{and} ~~or~~ personal dictatorship; that the moving force~~s~~ of the Indonesian Revolution is not one class, one group or one party, but the entire Indonesian people who are consistently anti-imperialist and anti-feudal, with the workers and peasants as the basic force; that the character of the Indonesian Revolution is national-democratic; and that the perspectives of the Indonesian Revolution is Socialism and not capitalism.

The Eight-Year Plan for national construction in Indonesia is based upon the above-mentioned Political Manifesto of the Republic of Indonesia, including the economic, political, social and cultural construction.

The SOBSI supports the National Construction Plan, due to the fact that this Plan is in keeping, within certain limits, with the features of the national and democratic, the anti-imperialist and anti-feudal features of the Indonesian Revolution. The above-mentioned Construction Plan does not pay attention to foreign capital investments; it pays attention to land reform and agriculture; it pays attention to industrialisation and heavy industry and it places the State Sector of the economy in a leading position in the country's economy.

The SOBSI fights with all its might, together with the other democratic forces, for the implementation of the broad lines of the Construction Plan, so as to develop the Indonesian economy. The SOBSI does not close its eyes for the facts that the living conditions of the Indonesian workers are worsening more and more, as a result of the increases in prices and the rates and the greater unemployment. Besides, the Indonesian workers are also confronted with several restrictions on the democratic rights. That is the reason why SOBSI's support to the implementation of the Construction Plan

is given ~~without~~ ^{WITHOUT} abandoning the actions for better living and for the implementation of democratic rights. Thus, to ensure successful implementation of the National Construction Plan, the SOBSI puts forward the following demands:

First: There must be a strong revolutionary national unity, with the unity of the nationalists, the religious sections and the Communists as its core.

Second: To bring the entire State apparatus in conformity with the decisions adopted by the Provisional People's Consultative Assembly, by wiping out reactionary elements.

Third: To promote the State Sector of the economy, to nationalise the Dutch enterprises that have already been taken over as well as those which have not yet been taken over, the implementation of the Land Reforms, with the objective of liberating the peasants from feudal production relationships and the participation of the representatives of the trade unions in the Enterprise Councils.

Fourth: By guaranteeing the democratic rights of the people and by raising the purchasing power of the workers, the peasants and the rest of the Indonesian working people, by means of preventing increases in prices and rates and by raising their earnings.

In the struggle for implementation of these demands, SOBSI educates the workers that their reasonable demands can only be won, if seriously based on the actions of the masses. Class actions are urgently needed, since it is known that the influence of imperialism and feudalism on the economic field is still there; since it is known that the State apparatus is not yet cleansed from corrupt and reactionary elements, while loyal representatives of the workers are not to be found in the government.

Comrades,

On behalf of the National Council of SOBSI, I hope for better cooperation and an improved mutual help between the peoples of India and Indonesia, in the struggle for the liberation of Goa and the struggle for liberation of West Irian. As is known, West Irian is an integral part of the Republic of Indonesia, up till now occupied by the Dutch colonialists. To preserve its occupation

of West Irian, the Dutch colonial government^{is} conspiring with the U.S. imperialism, by strengthening its armed forces, by carrying out persecutions, large-scale massacres and burning down villages. The aggressive steps taken by the Dutch colonial government are endangering not only the Indonesian national independence but also threatening world peace, especially in South East Asia.

In Conclusion, dear Comrades, I convey my heartfelt gratitude to the homage and warm welcome paid by all of you to the SOBSI delegation^{with} such a sincere and profound feelings of international solidarity.

Long live the unbreakable friendship between the workers of India and Indonesia!

Long live the^{mighty} struggle of the peoples in the world for national liberation, democracy, social progress and world peace!